

Idaho and Eastern Oregon Alfalfa & Clover Seed Growers Conference

2024 Winter Meeting Agenda

Tuesday January 9, 2024 Best Western – Caldwell, Idaho

2024 Water Year Outlook

**This talk & more
posted here**

**[https://snowweather
andflow.blog/](https://snowweatherandflow.blog/)**

**Ron Abramovich
Mostly Retired
but still watching
the weather....**

Topics:

- **Current ocean & atmosphere conditions
Super El Nino – lets hope so**
- **2024 analog years based on current conditions**
- **Fall / Winter streamflow & soil moisture**
- **Current snow conditions & chance for recover by Apr 1**
- **January 1 streamflow forecasts & amount needed for adequate supplies**

Hopefully, as we progress into the second half of winter, this information will provide some insight for your planning & water management decisions.

Background Information:

Three Primary Atmospheric Teleconnections or Drivers

ENSO – El Nino / La Nina – measure of Pacific sea surface temperatures

=> Cool temps - La Nina conditions – past 3 winters

=> Warmer temps - Strong El Nino conditions – this winter 2022-23

Southern Oscillation Index (SOI) - measure of the Pacific atmosphere

=> Positive - La Nina conditions – past 3 winters

=> Negative - El Nino conditions – this winter 2022-23

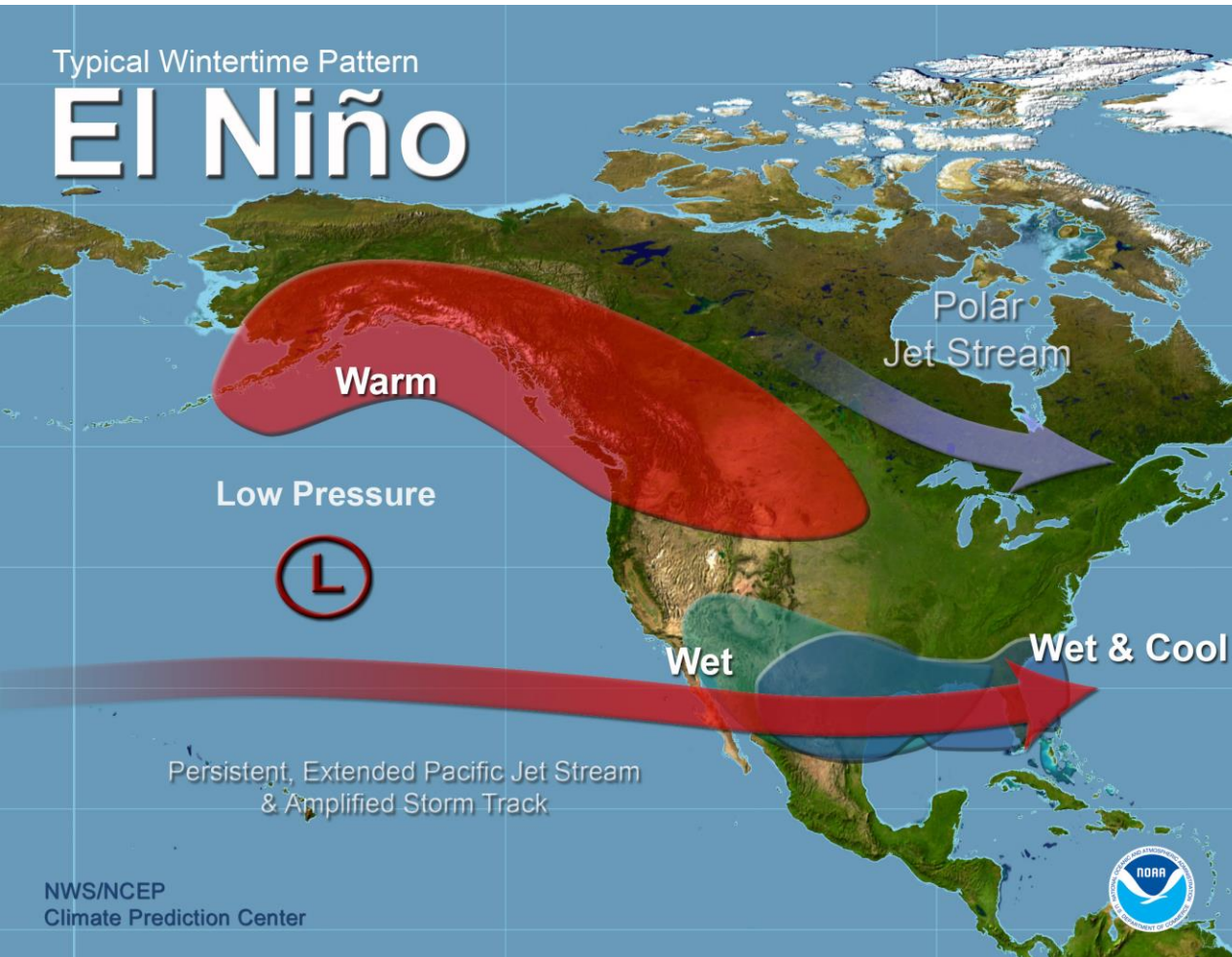
Pacific Decadal Oscillation (PDO) – measure of north Pacific sea surface temps

=> Cool Phase – cool the past few years

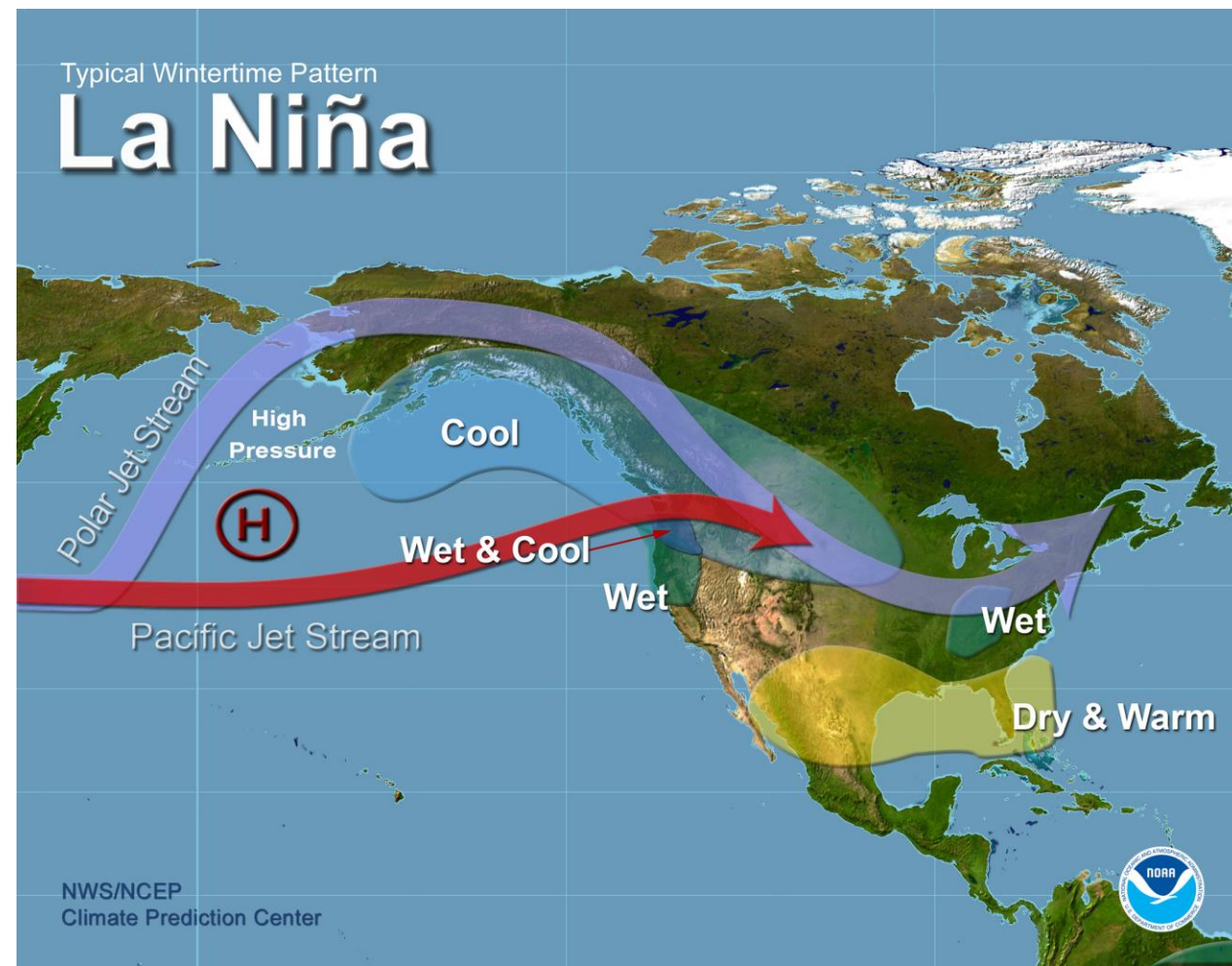
Many researchers, like Pete Parsons, look at these climate teleconnections that correlate with our wet season (winter) to better understand what the future may bring.

Quick Review

El Nino



La Nina



Southern Oscillation Index (SOI) measure of the Pacific Atmosphere

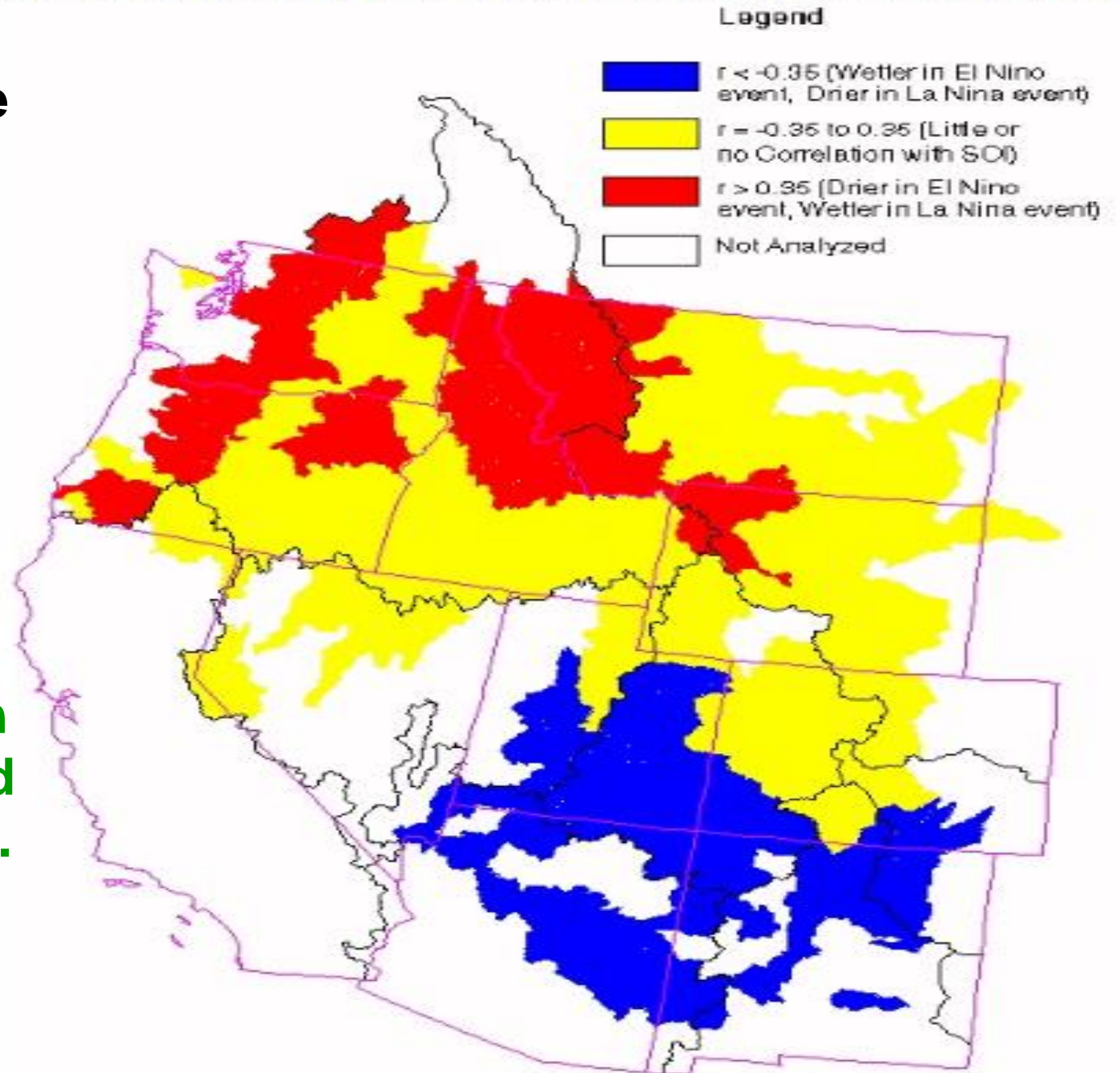
Correlation Map of SOI with Spring-Summer Streamflow

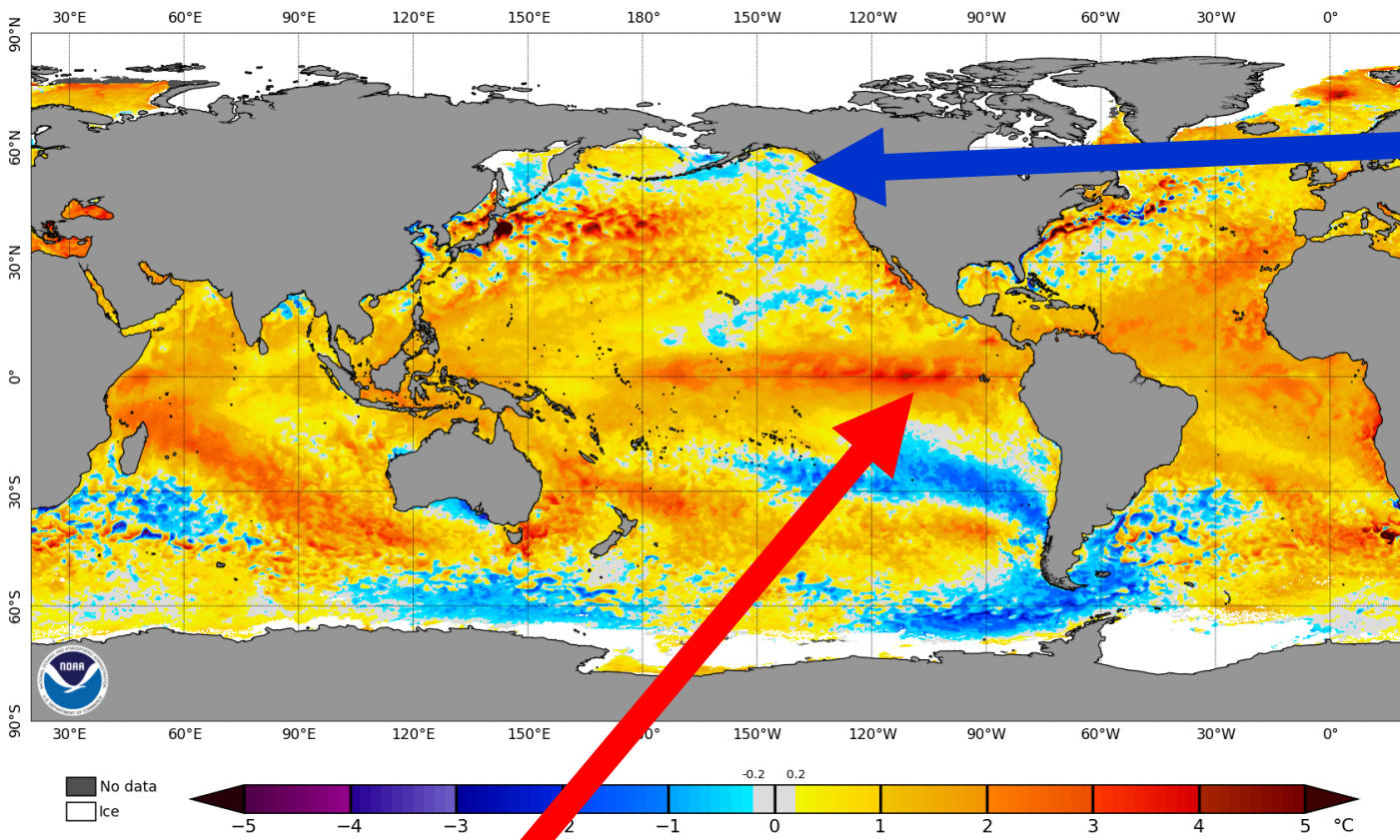
Red wetter in La Nina years.

Blue wetter in El Nino years.

Key is – what happens July-Nov in
Pacific correlates with snowfall and
summer streamflow in Western US.

Figure 1. Correlation Map of the Southern Oscillation Index (SOI) with spring and s



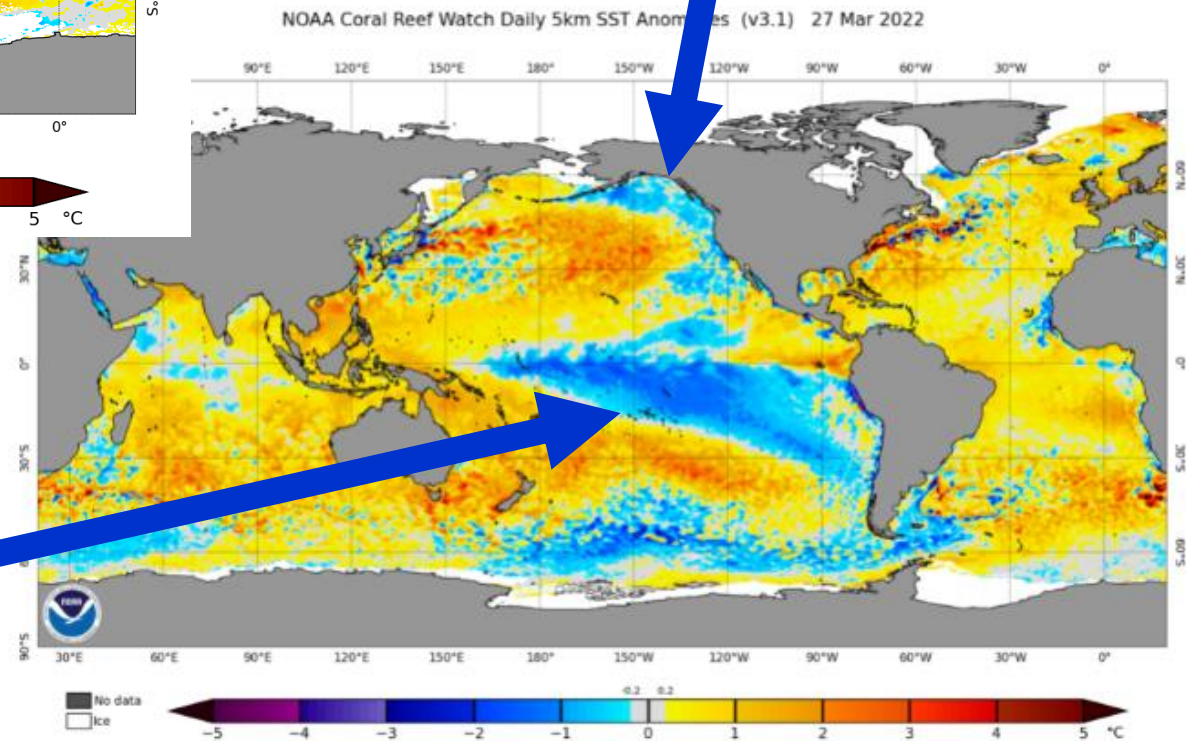


El Nino conditions
Jan 1, 2024

La Nina conditions
Mar 27, 2022

PDO Cool Phase
Winter 2024

Winters 2022 & 2023



**From Oregon Department of Forestry
Meteorologist**

Pete Parsons Dec 21, 2023

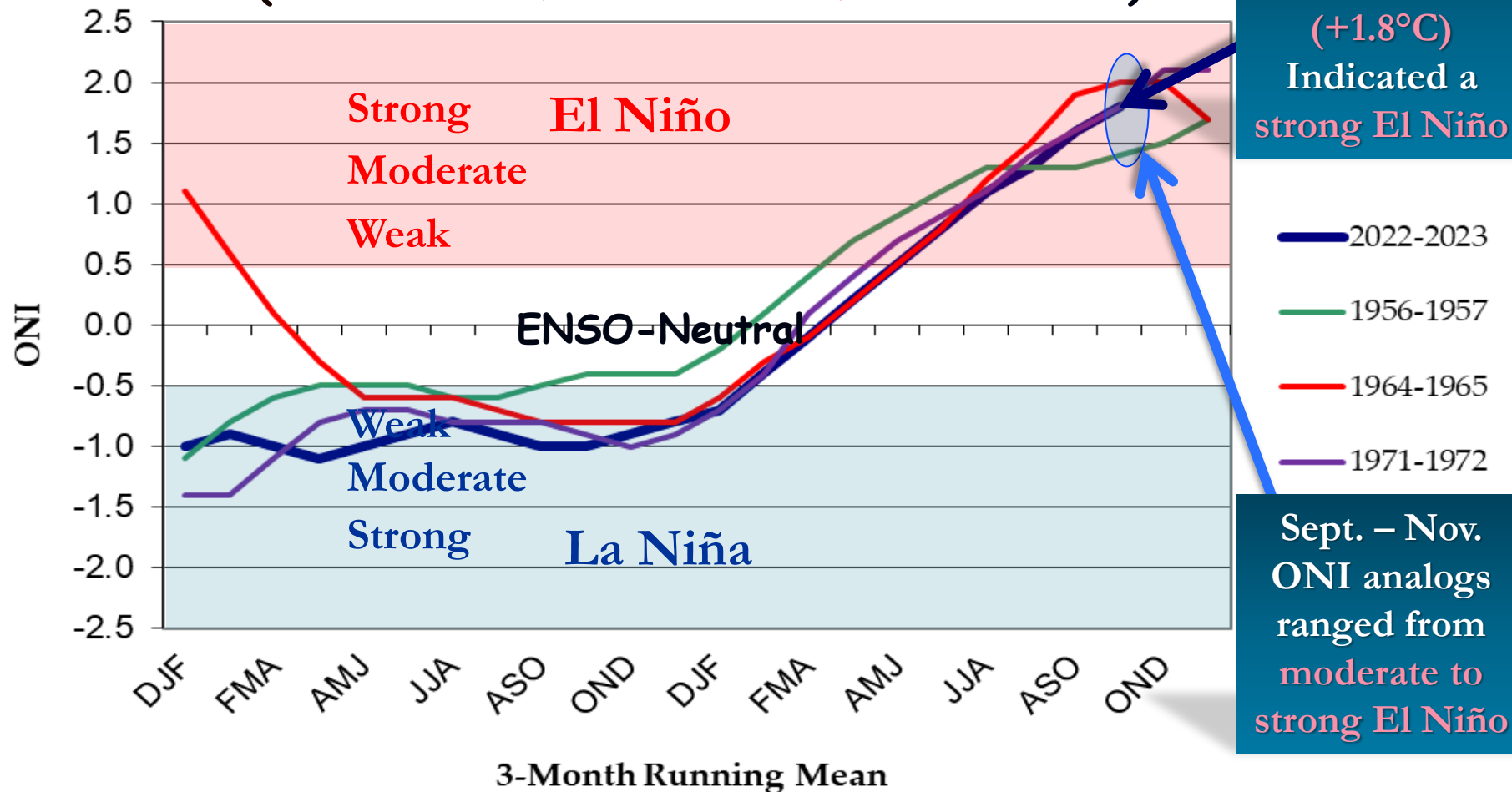
**Jan Curtis retired USDA
Climatologist provided
input for Pete's analysis**

Forecast Highlights

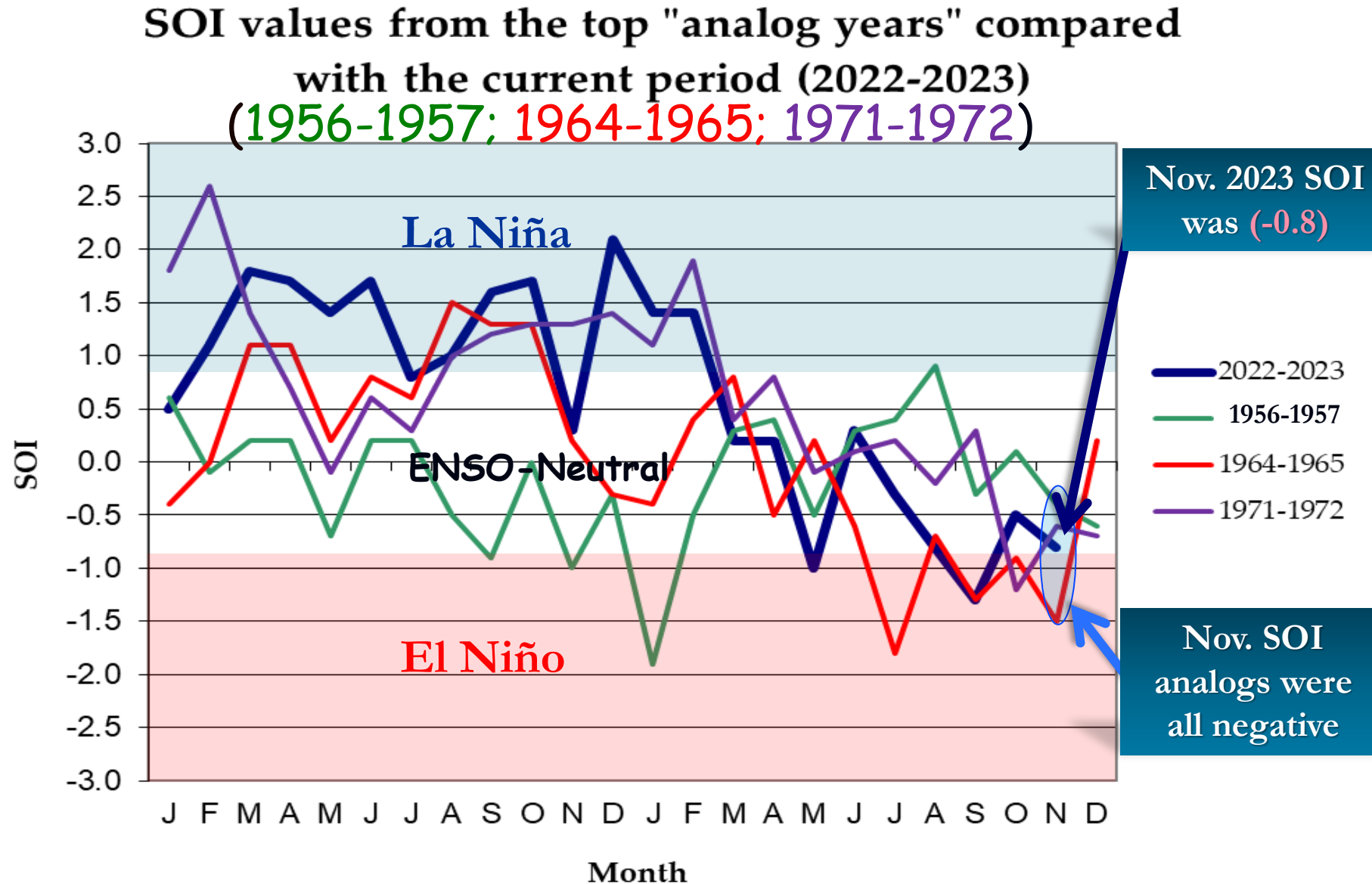
- **Analog years are water years 1958, 1966 & 1973**
- **Bottom line: Expect a relatively mild winter...below-average rain & mountain snow north with near-average rain and mountain snow south**

Oceanic Niño Index (ONI)

ONI values from the top "analog years"
compared with the current period (2022-2023)
(1956-1957; 1964-1965; 1971-1972)

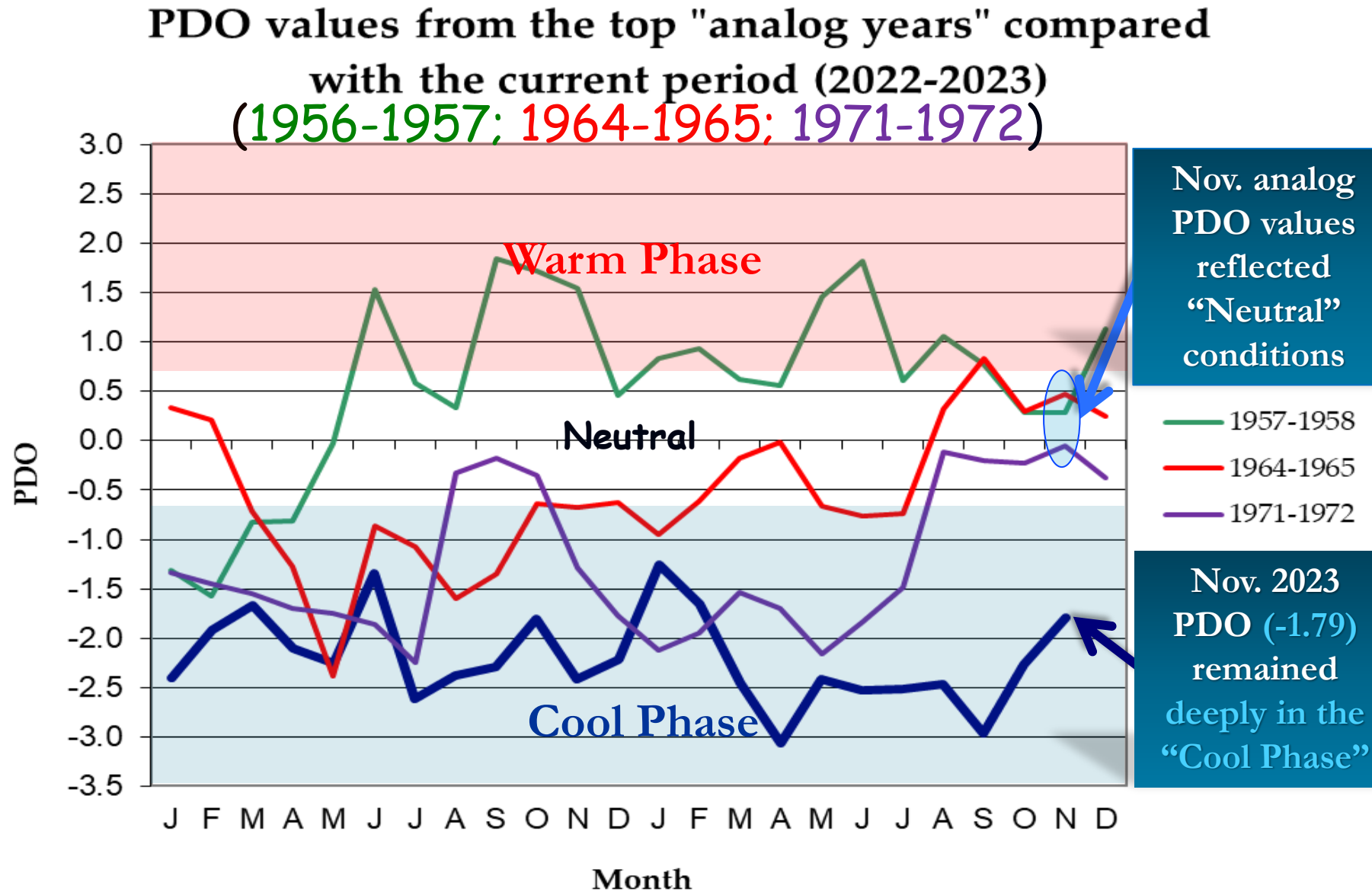


Southern Oscillation Index (SOI)



North Pacific Ocean

(Poleward of 20°N Latitude)

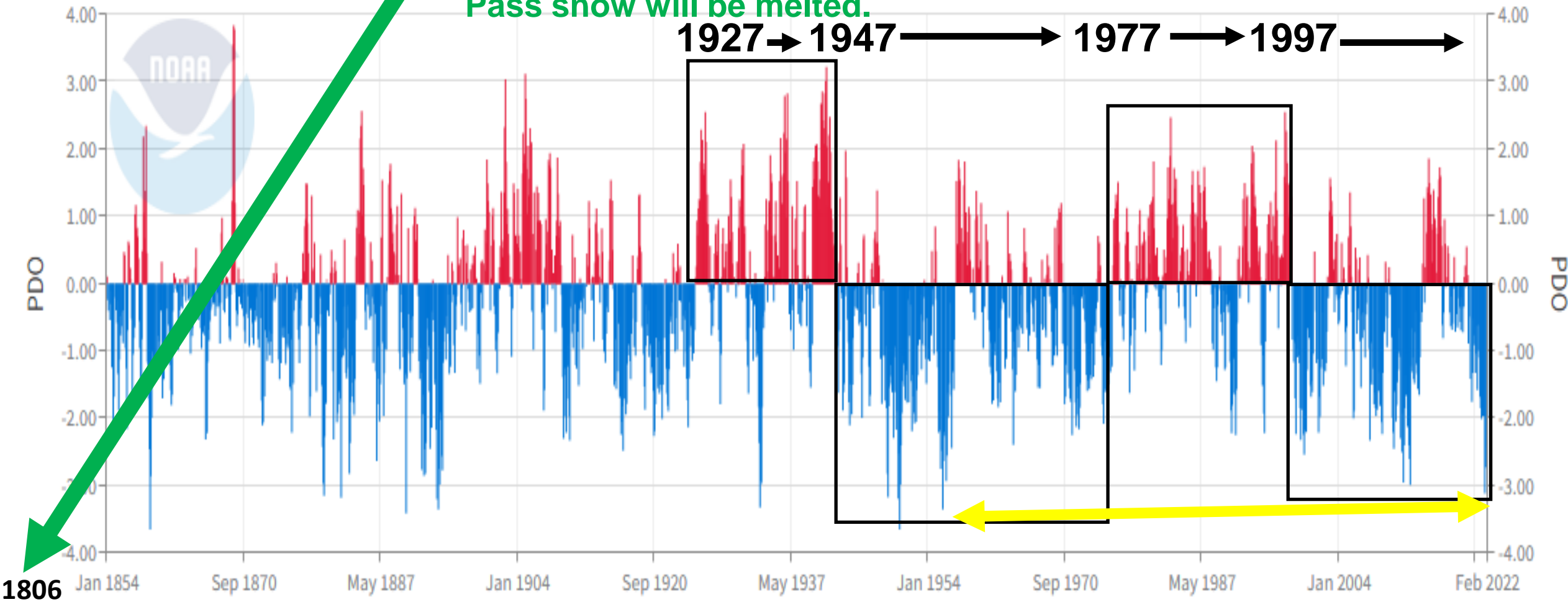


PDO data courtesy <https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/pub/data/cmb/ersst/v5/index/ersst.v5.pdo.dat>

The Pacific Decadal Oscillation (PDO) is often described as a long-lived El Niño-like pattern of Pacific climate variability (Zhang et al. 1997).

Relationships have been around a long time....
June 1806 - Lewis & Clark found snow 18 ft deep on Lolo Pass.
Deepest NRCS measured was 10.5 ft deep. Nez Perce said you can't get over Lolo Pass until the rivers come up for 2 weeks, then Lolo Pass snow will be melted.

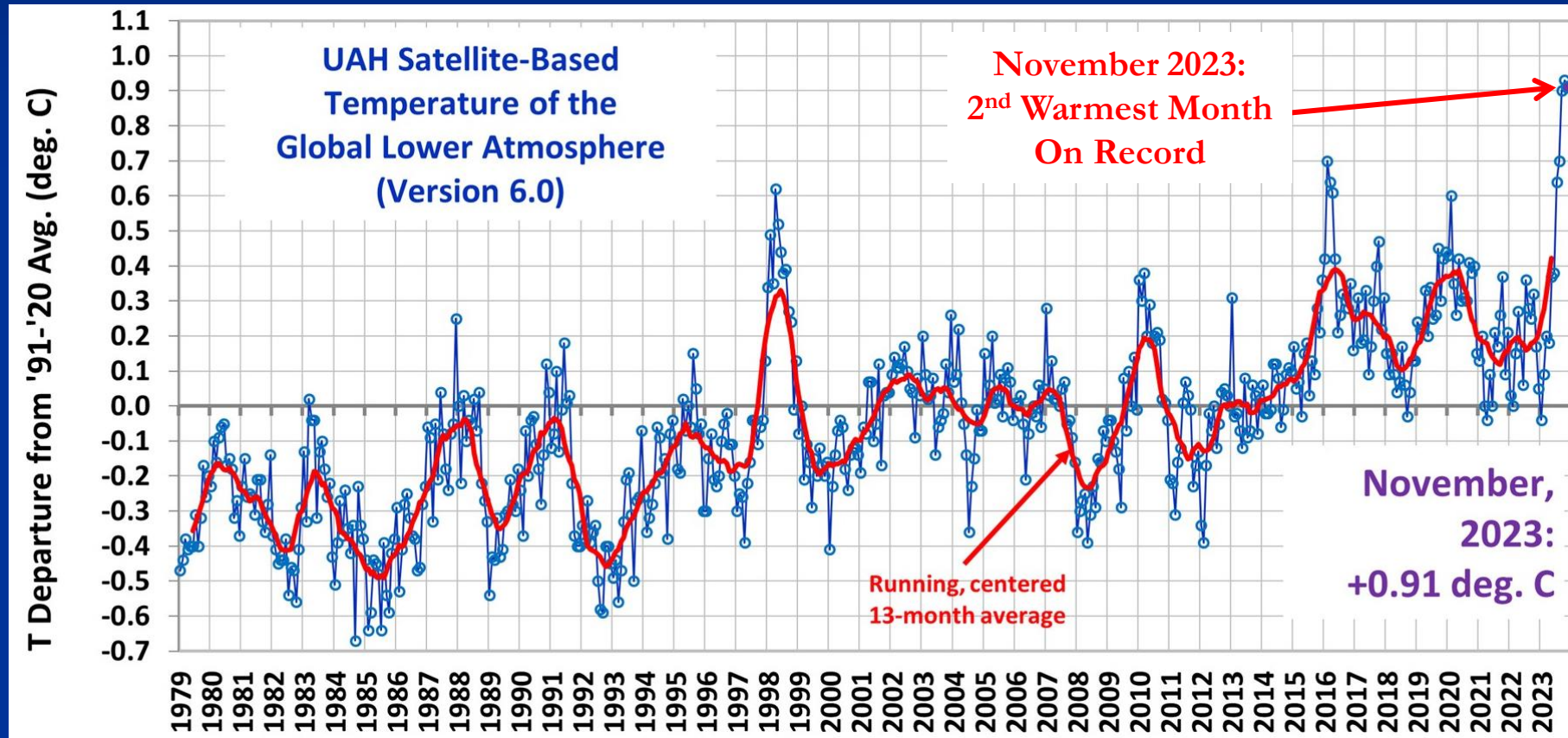
Pacific Decadal Oscillation (PDO)



COLDEST IN 60 YRS!

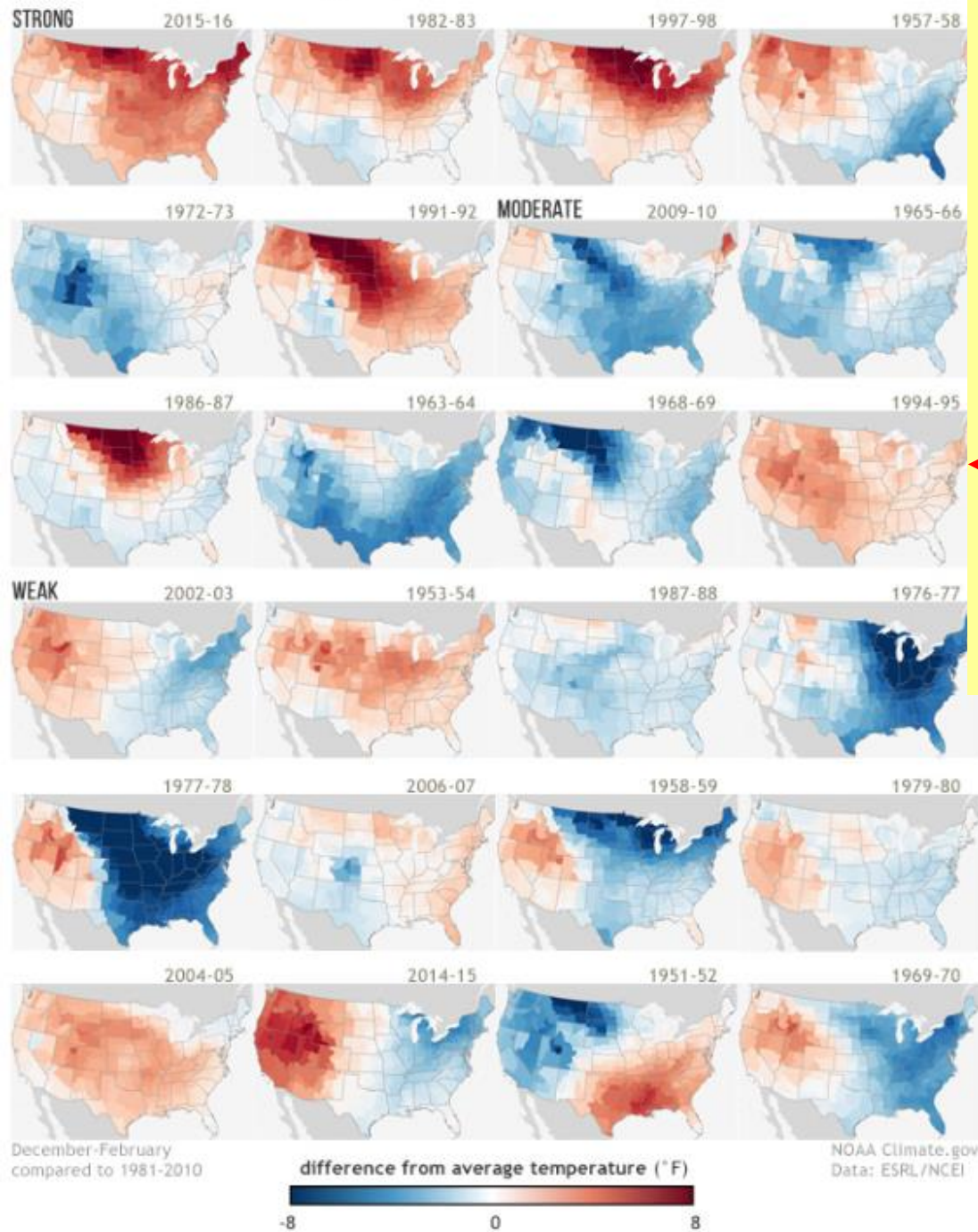
Global Temperature Changes

Increase Error in Analog Forecasts!



Courtesy: <http://www.drroyspencer.com/latest-global-temperatures/>

U.S. winter temperature during every El Niño since 1950

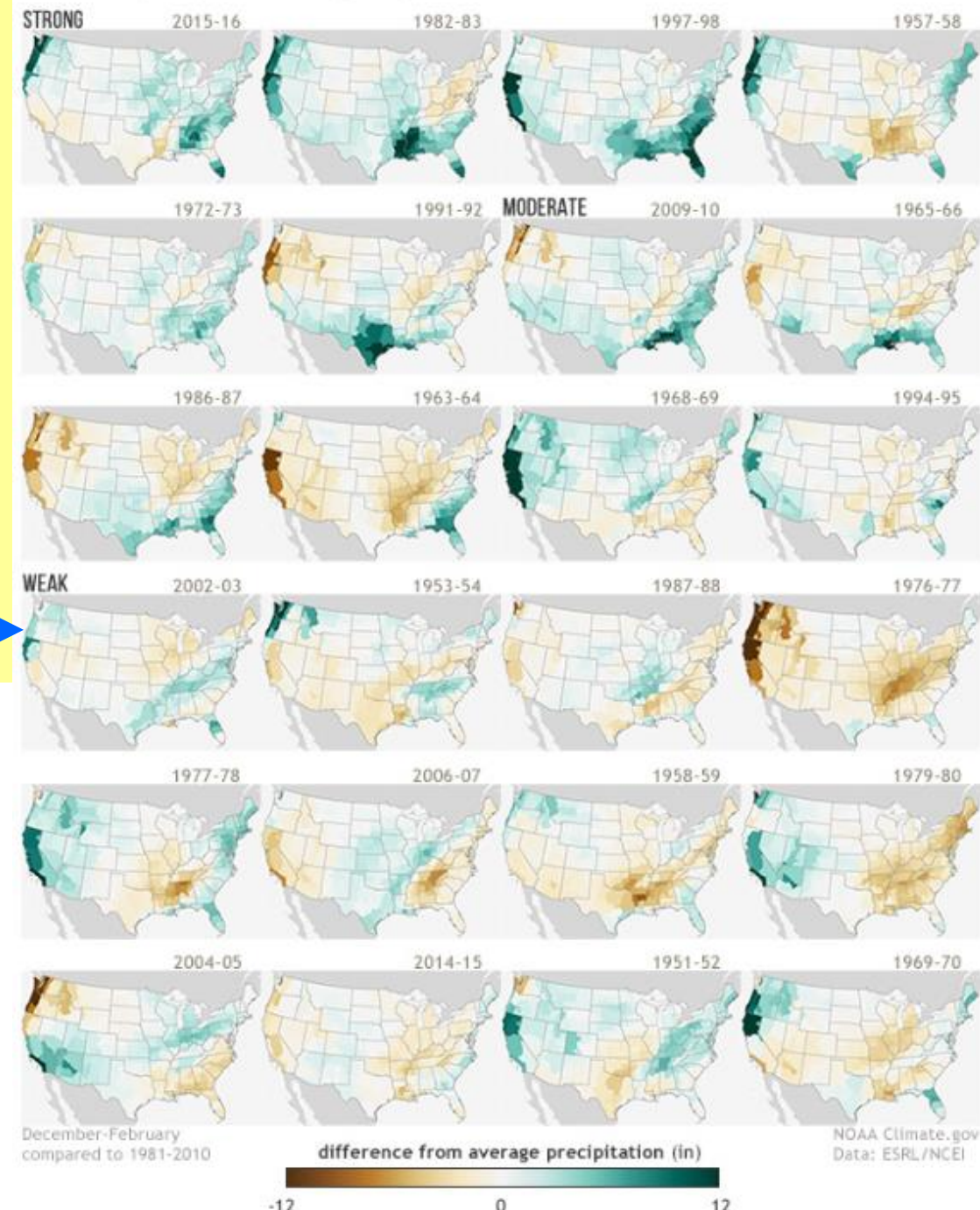


Every
El Niño
year
since
1950

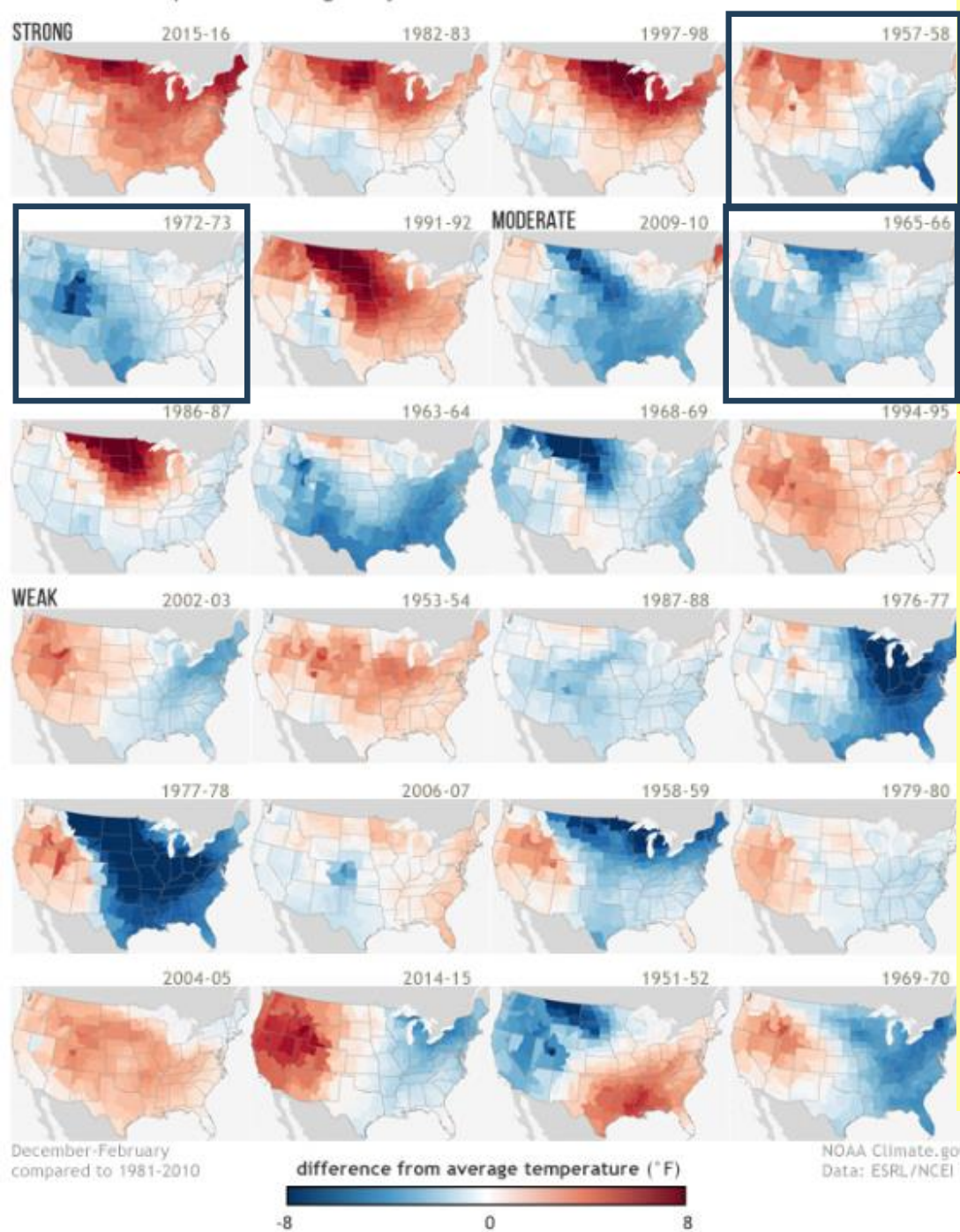
← Temperature

Precipitation →

U.S. winter precipitation during every El Niño since 1950



U.S. winter temperature during every El Niño since 1950



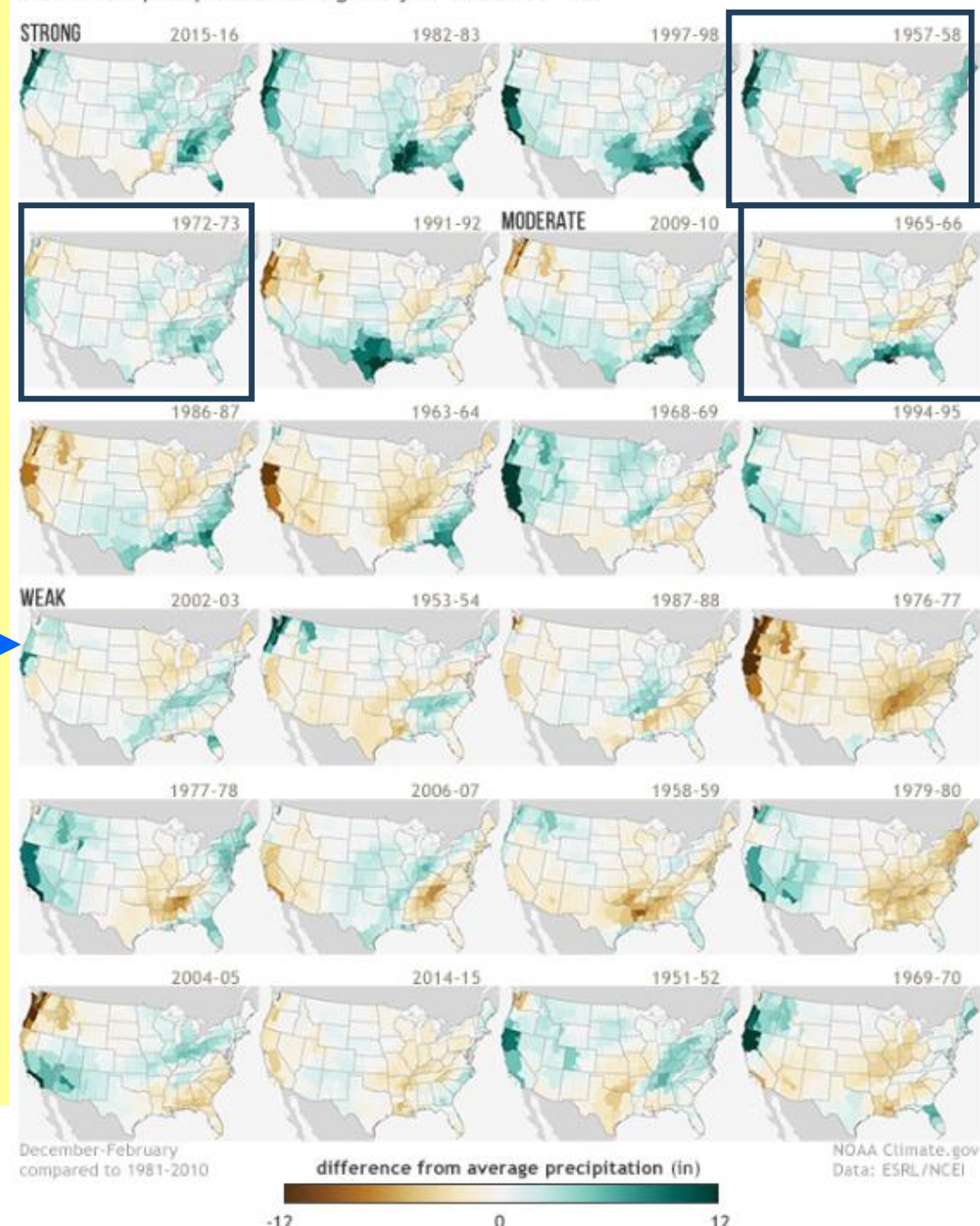
Every
El Niño
year
since
1950

Temperature

Precipitation

Added
Pete's
Analog years
for winter of:
1957-58
1965-66
1972-73

U.S. winter precipitation during every El Niño since 1950





Total Precipitation Anomaly: Sep 2023 - Dec 2023

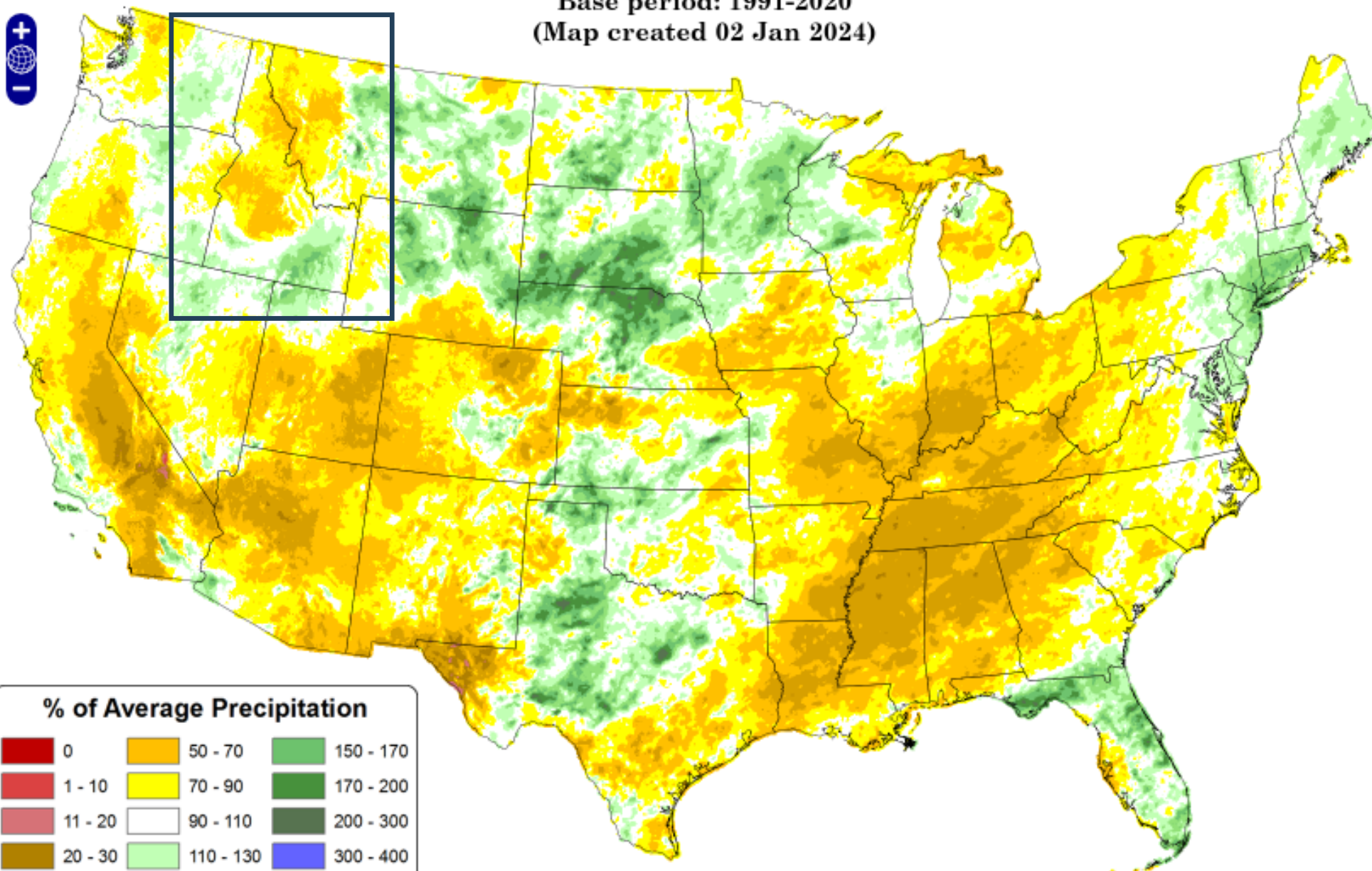
Period ending 7 AM EST 31 Dec 2023

Base period: 1991-2020

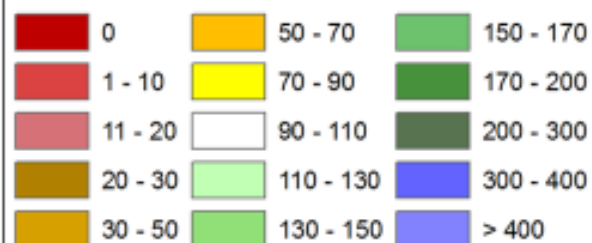
(Map created 02 Jan 2024)

Precipitation Idaho Sep – Dec 2023

50 to 110% of
normal

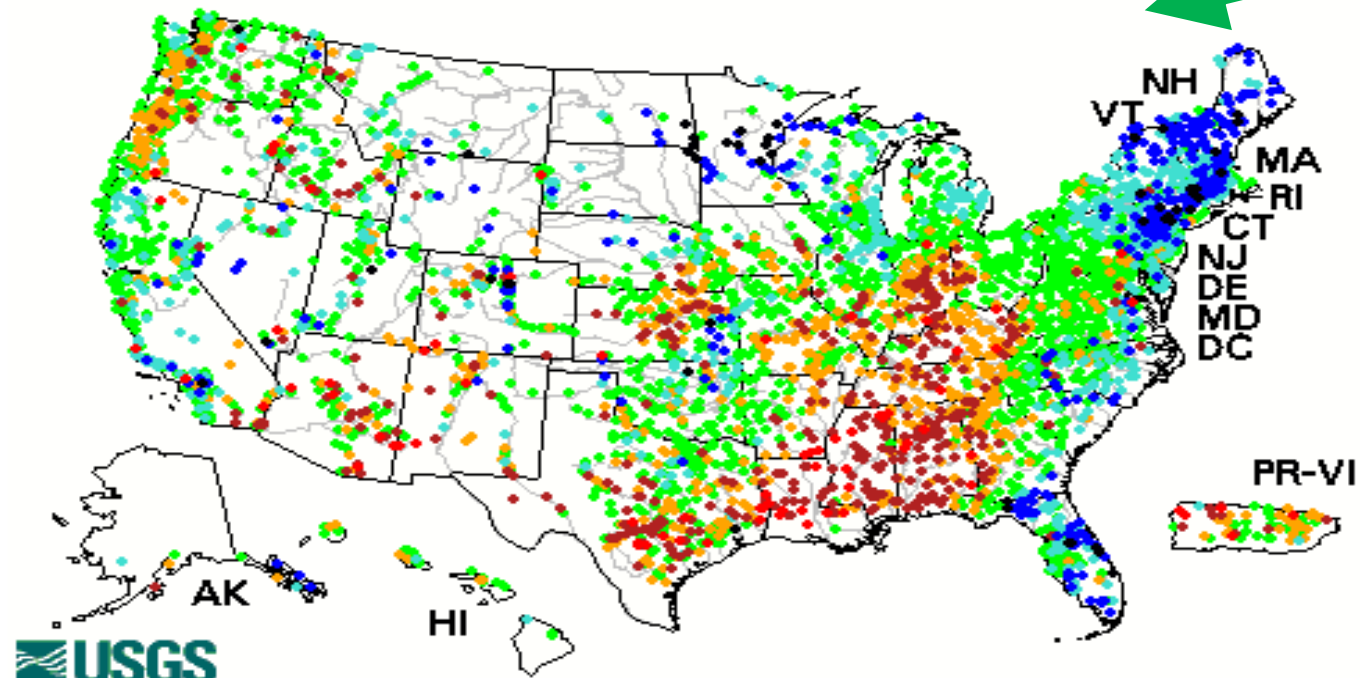


% of Average Precipitation



Daily Streamflow Conditions

Sunday, December 31, 2023 17:30ET



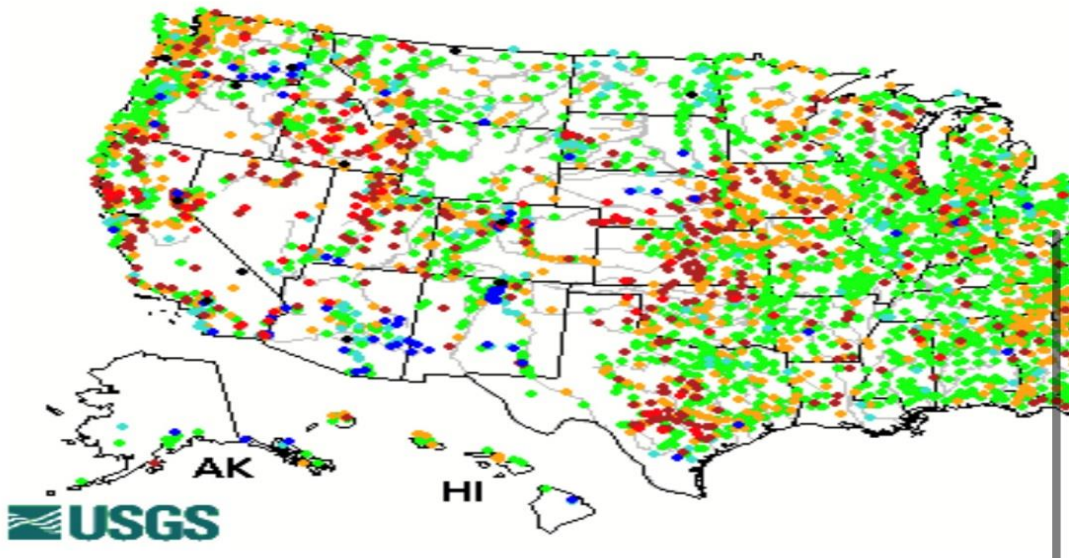
Dec 31, 2023 Fall Base Flows

Fall 2023 flows near to above normal while in **Fall 2022 were near record low** because of cold temps and early snowfall.

Nov 3, 2022 Fall Base Flows

Daily Streamflow Conditions

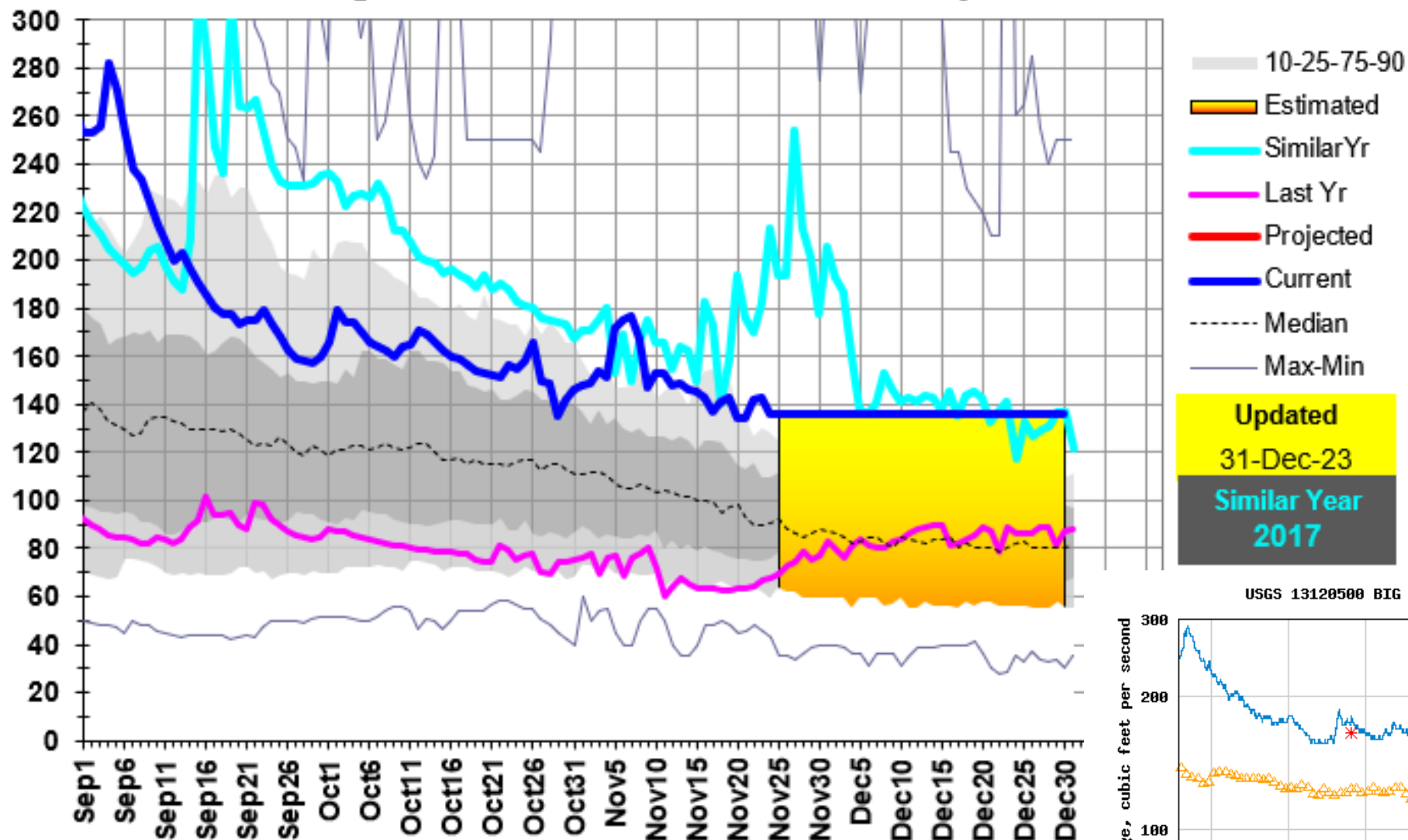
Thursday, November 03, 2022 10:30ET



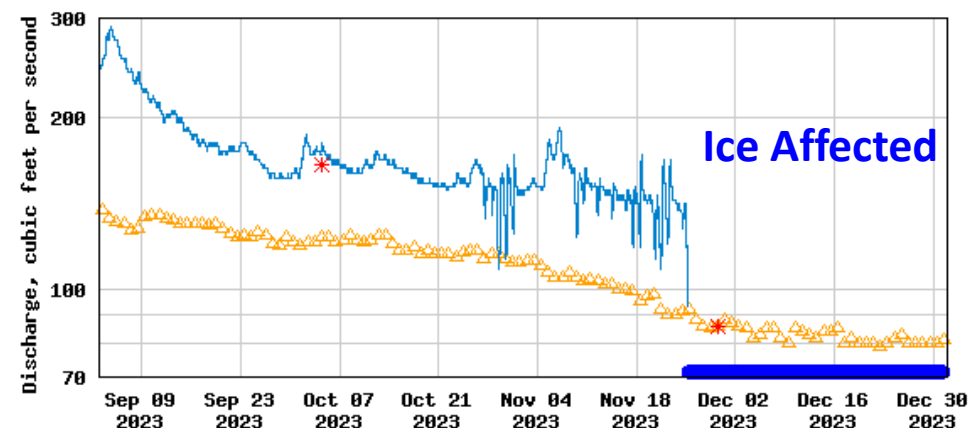
- USGS**
- Explanation**
- High
 - > 90th percentile
 - 76th - 90th percentile
 - 25th - 75th percentile
 - 10th - 24th percentile
 - < 10th percentile
 - Low
 - Not ranked

13120500: Big Lost R at Howell Ranch near Chilly, ID

Mean Daily CFS

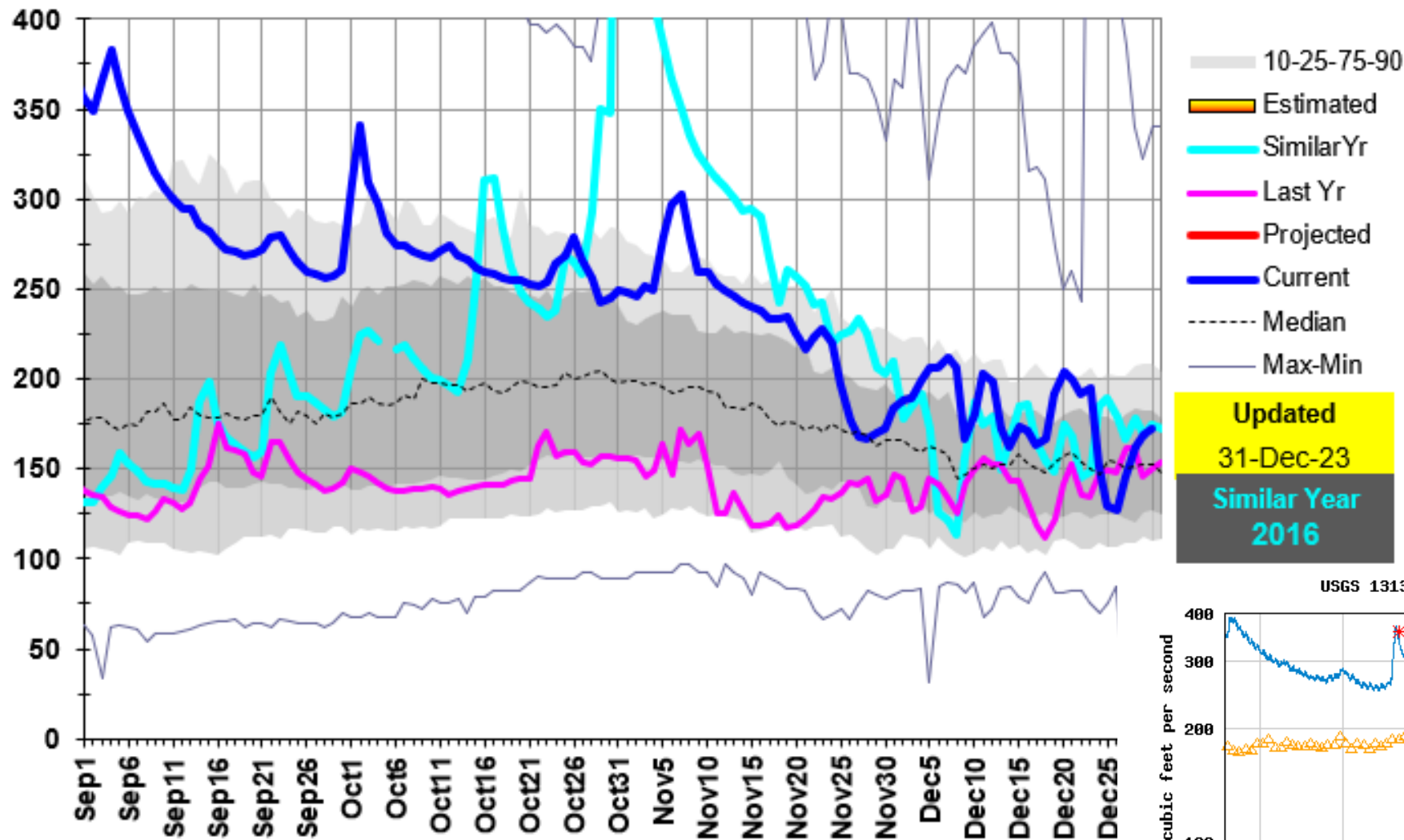


USGS 13120500 BIG LOST RIVER AT HOWELL RANCH NR CHILLY ID

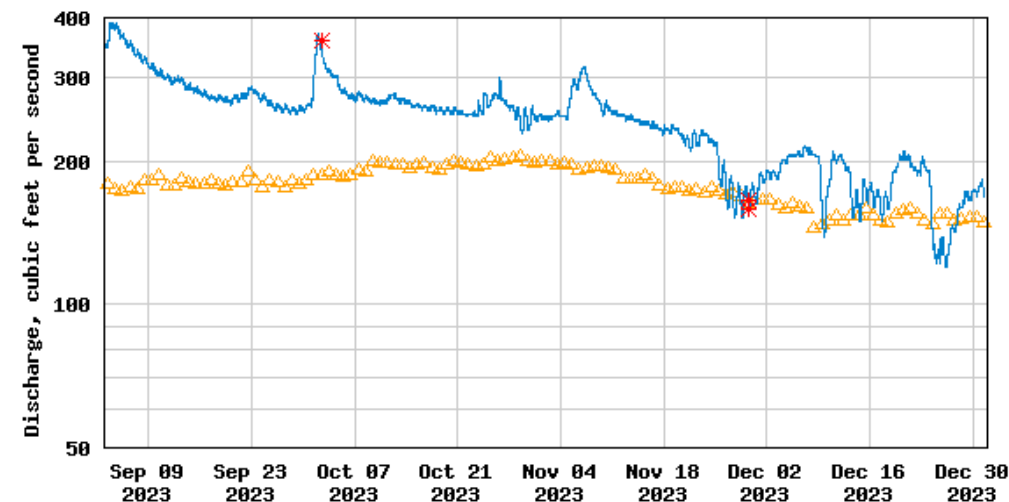


13139510: Big Wood R at Hailey, ID Total Flow

Mean Daily CFS



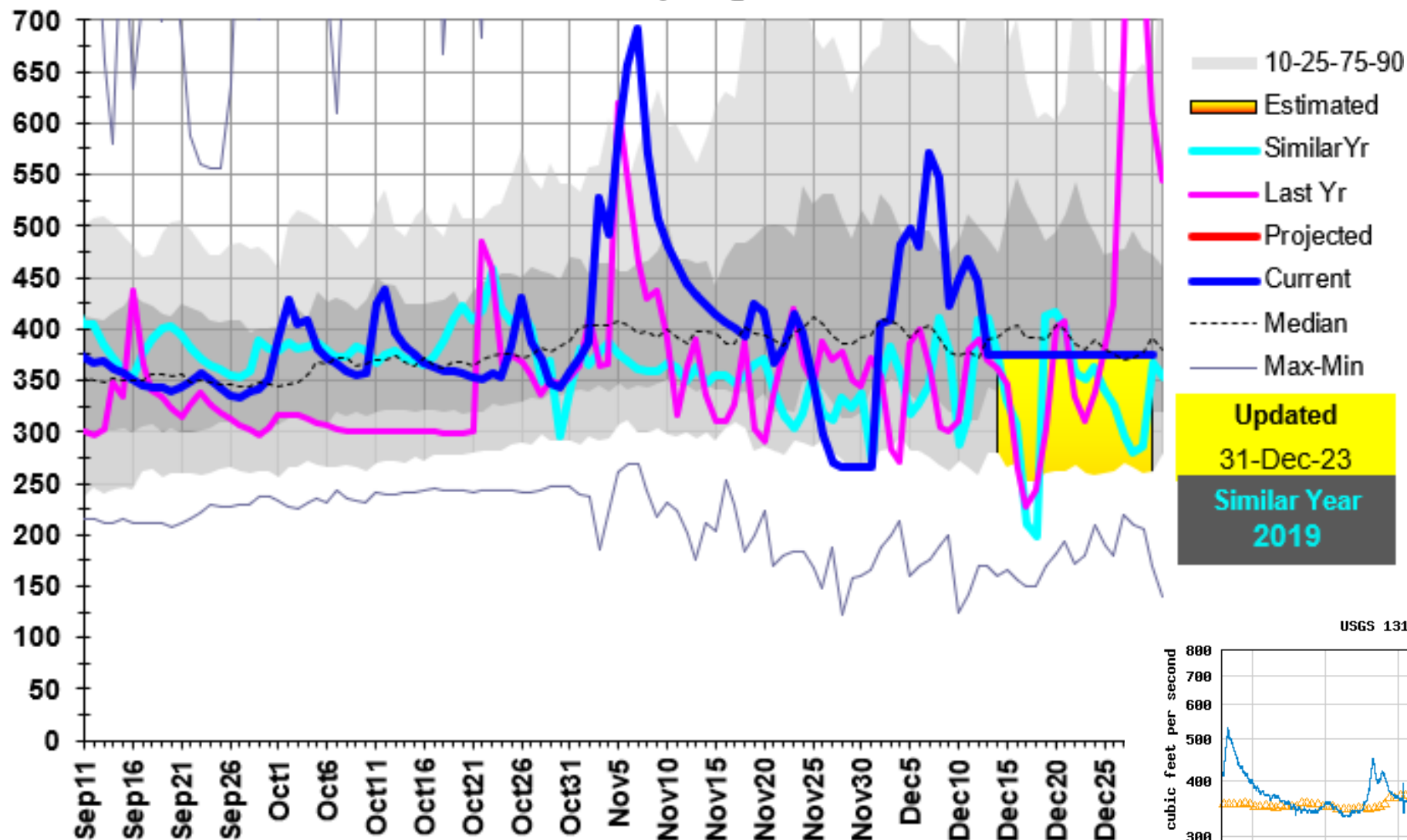
USGS 13139510 BIG WOOD RIVER AT HAILEY ID TOTAL FLOW



△ Median daily statistic (107 years) * Measured discharge
— Discharge

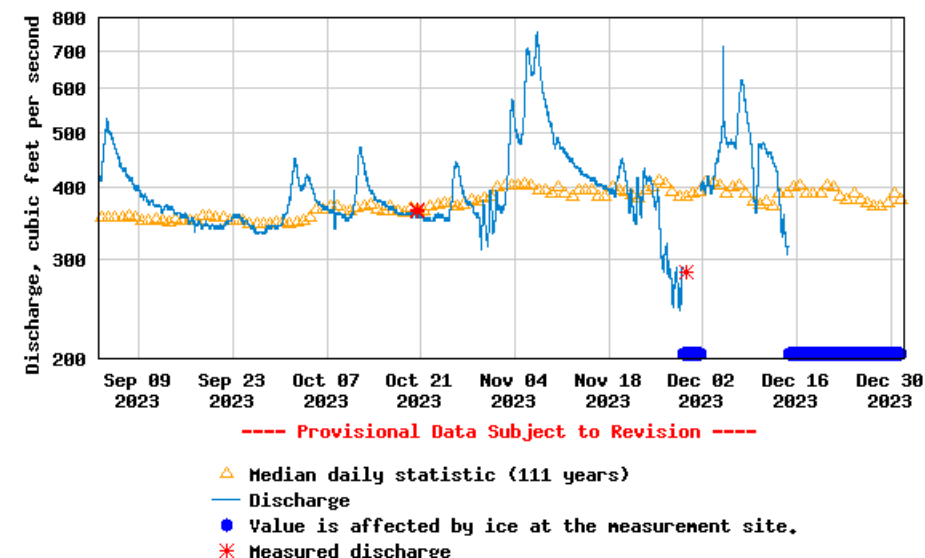
13185000: Boise R near Twin Springs, ID

Mean Daily CFS



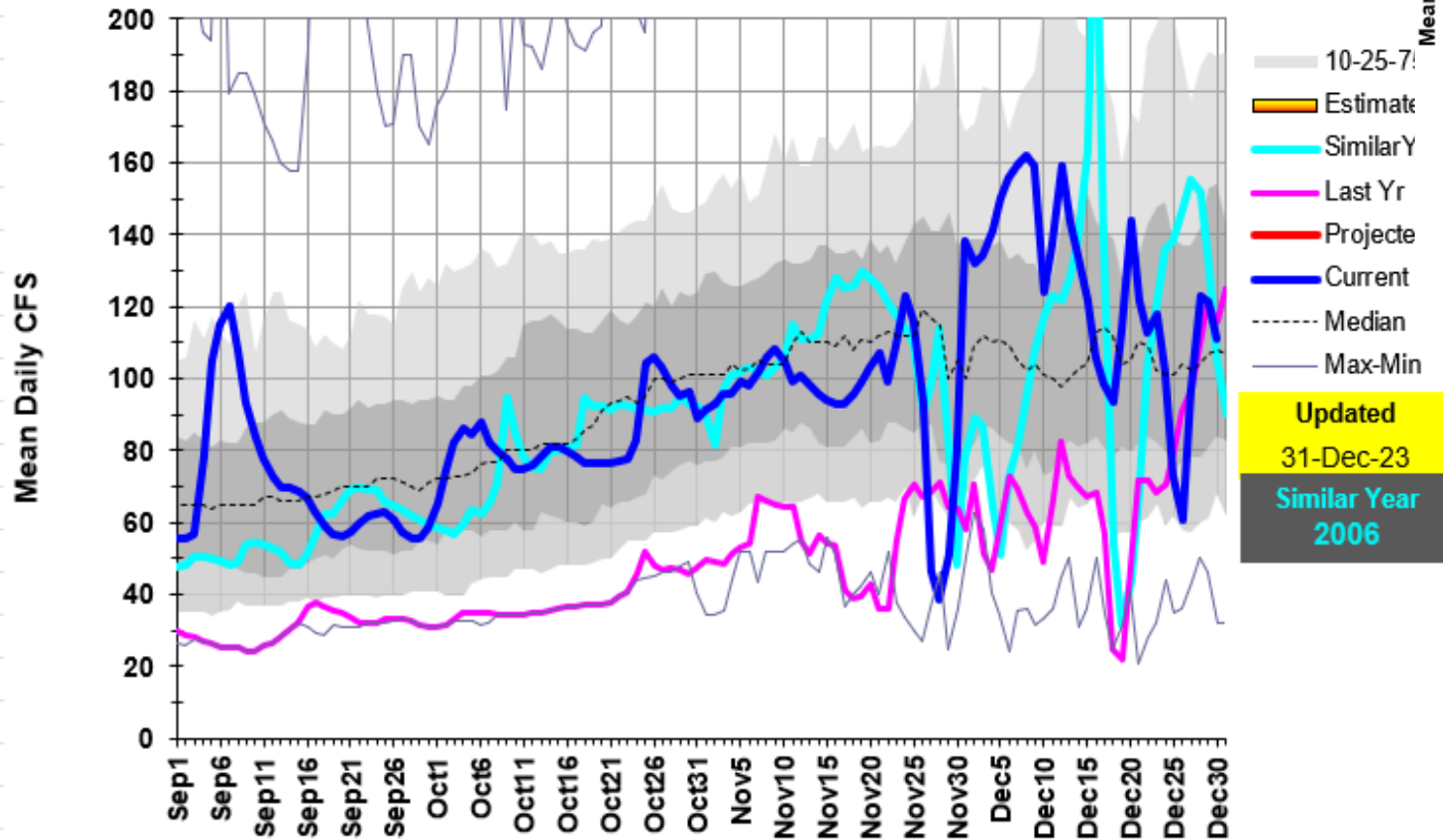
Ice Affected

USGS 13185000 BOISE RIVER NR TWIN SPRINGS ID



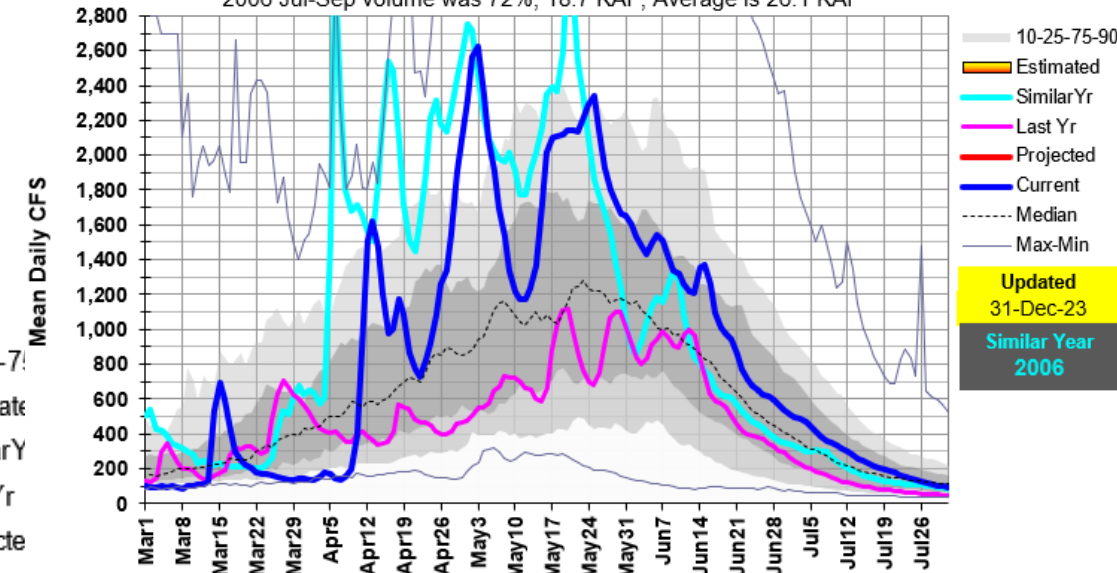
Similar Years selected by similar spring/summer peak/volume and recession flow along with the early winter level/pattern with ice present or not.
Oct & Nov & Dec 2023 were warm/record warm.

13168500: Bruneau R near Hot Spring, ID

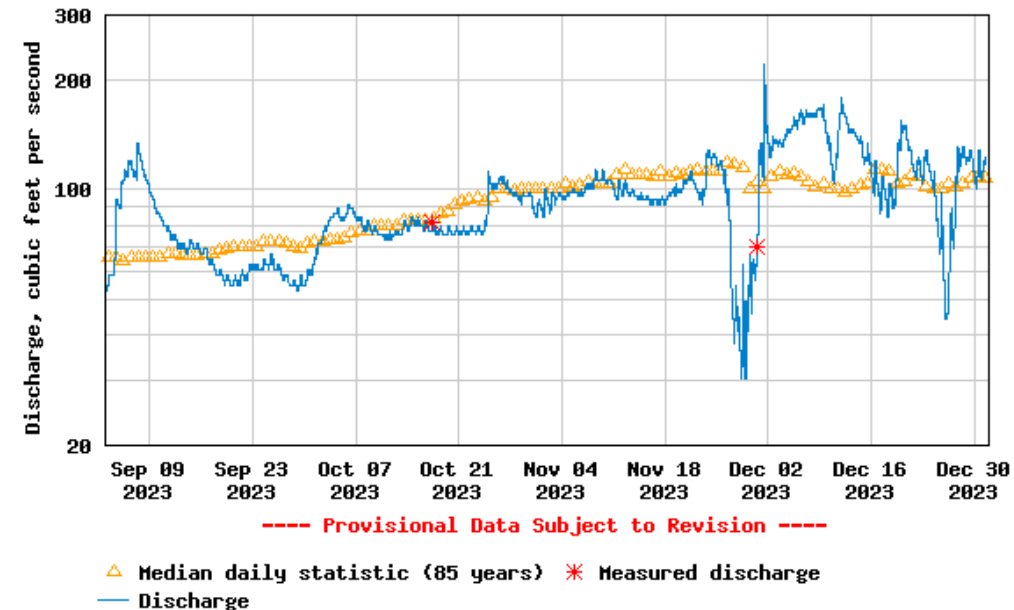


13168500: Bruneau R near Hot Spring, ID

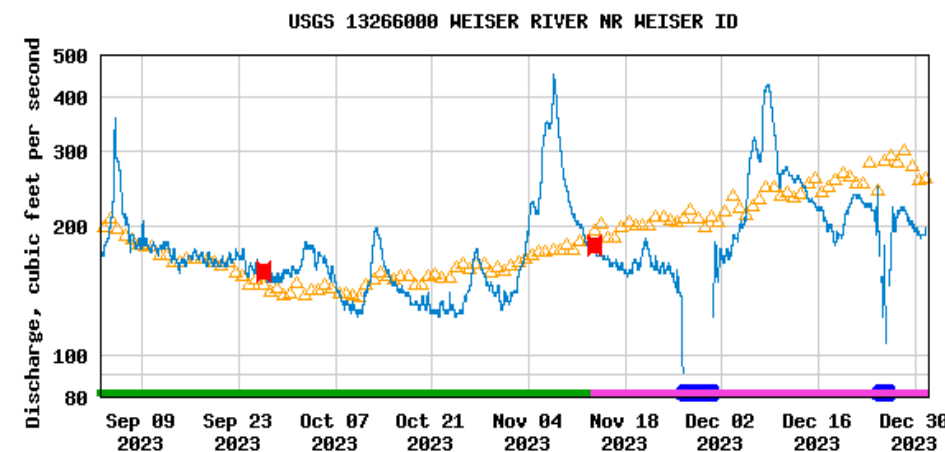
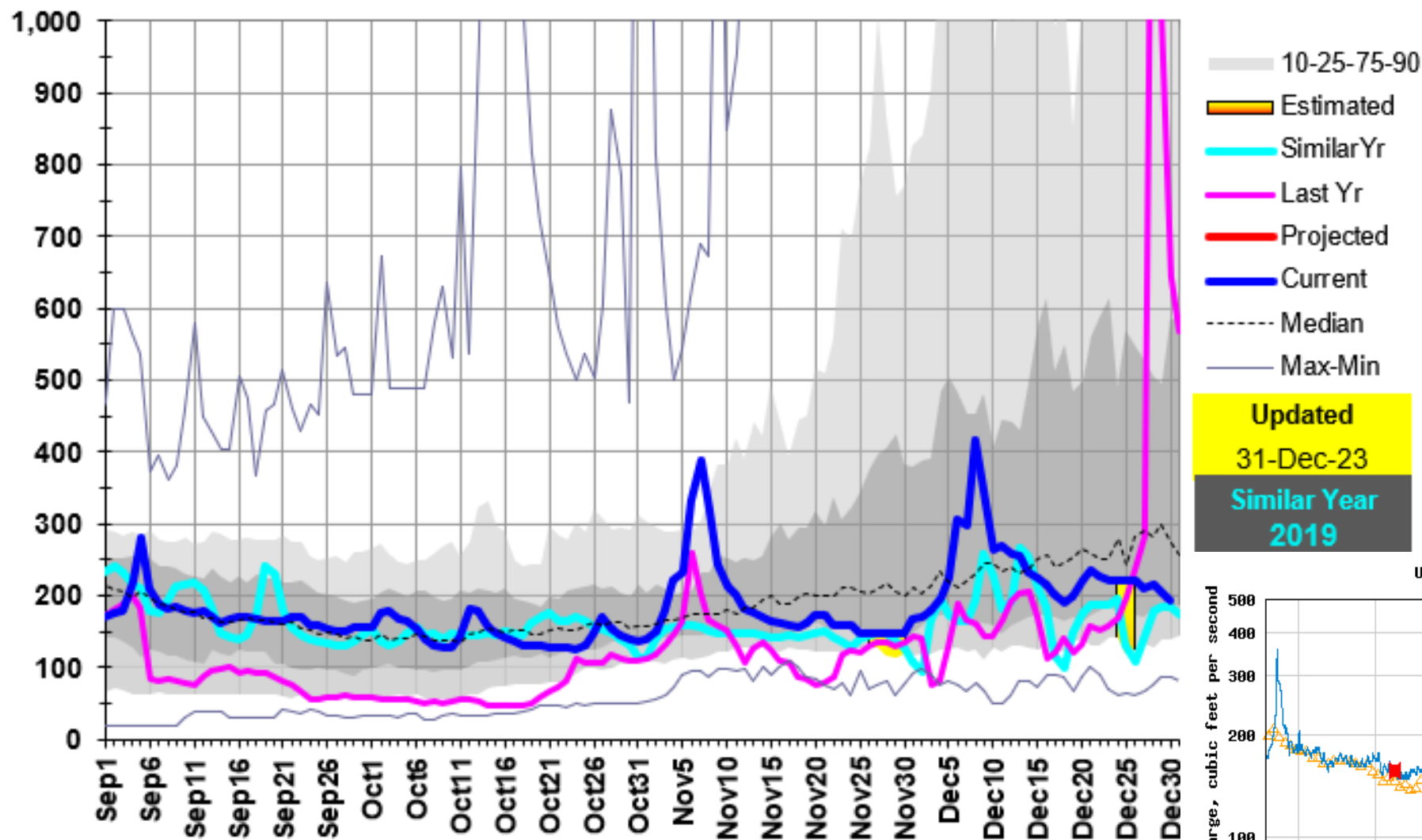
2006 Jul-Sep volume was 72%, 18.7 KAF, Average is 26.1 KAF



USGS 13168500 BRUNEAU RIVER NR HOT SPRING ID



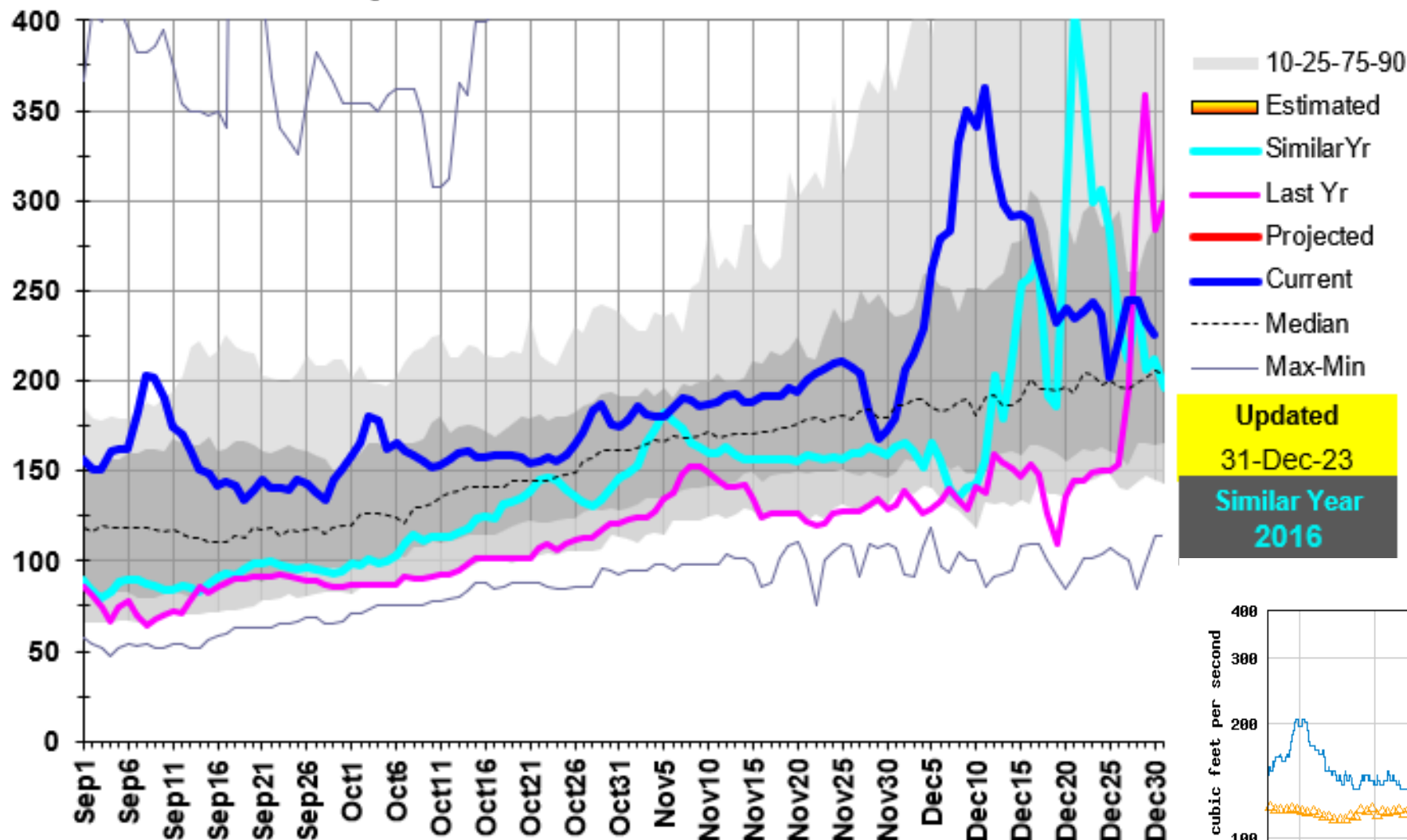
13266000: Weiser R near Weiser, ID



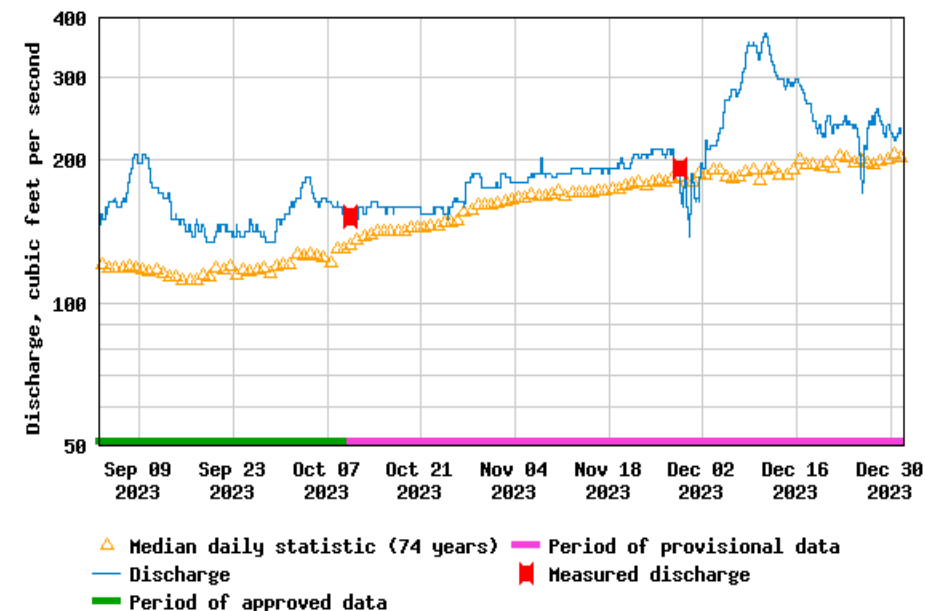
- △ Median daily statistic (83 years)
- Discharge
- Period of approved data
- Value is affected by ice at the measurement site.
- Period of provisional data
- ★ Measured discharge

13181000: Owyhee R near Rome, OR

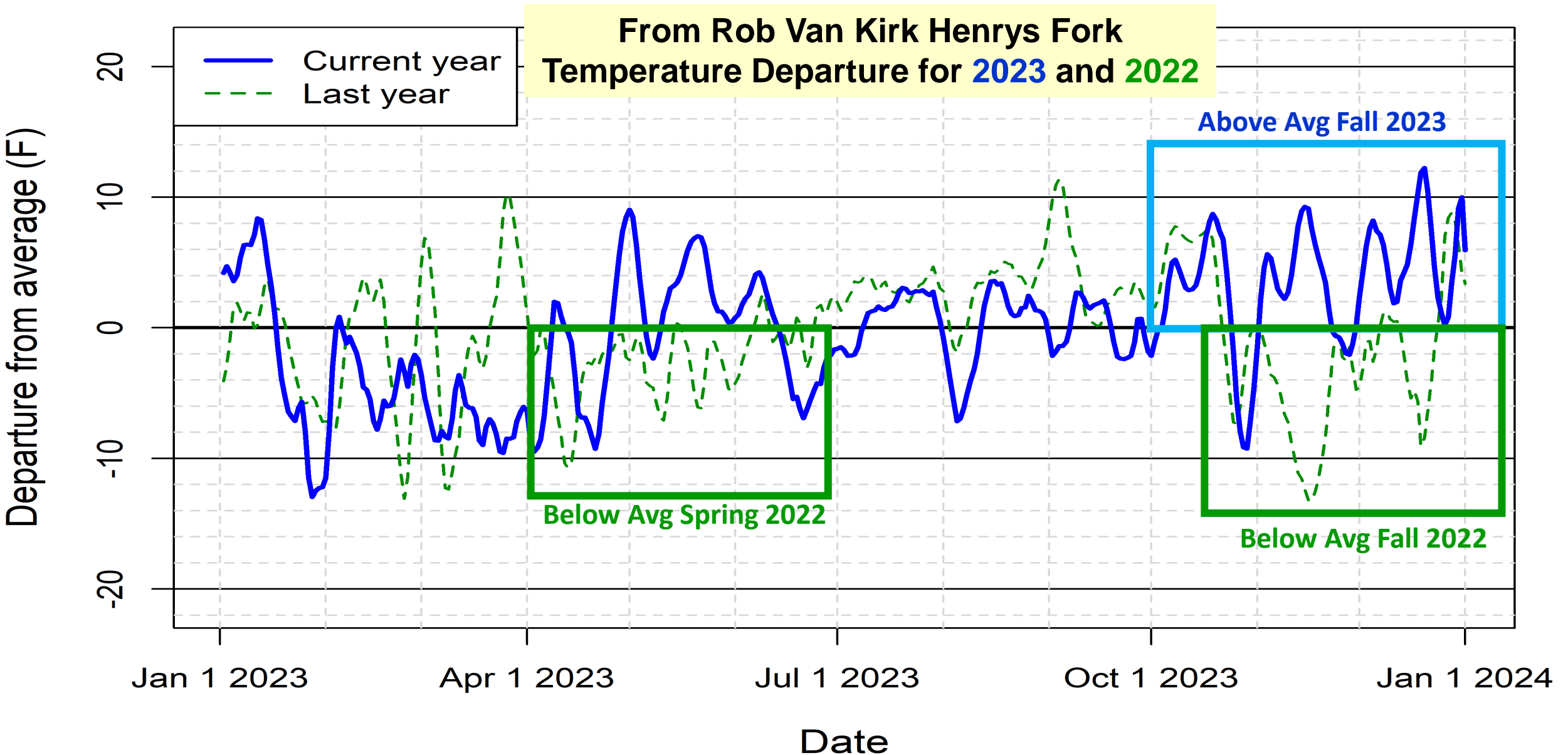
Mean Daily CFS



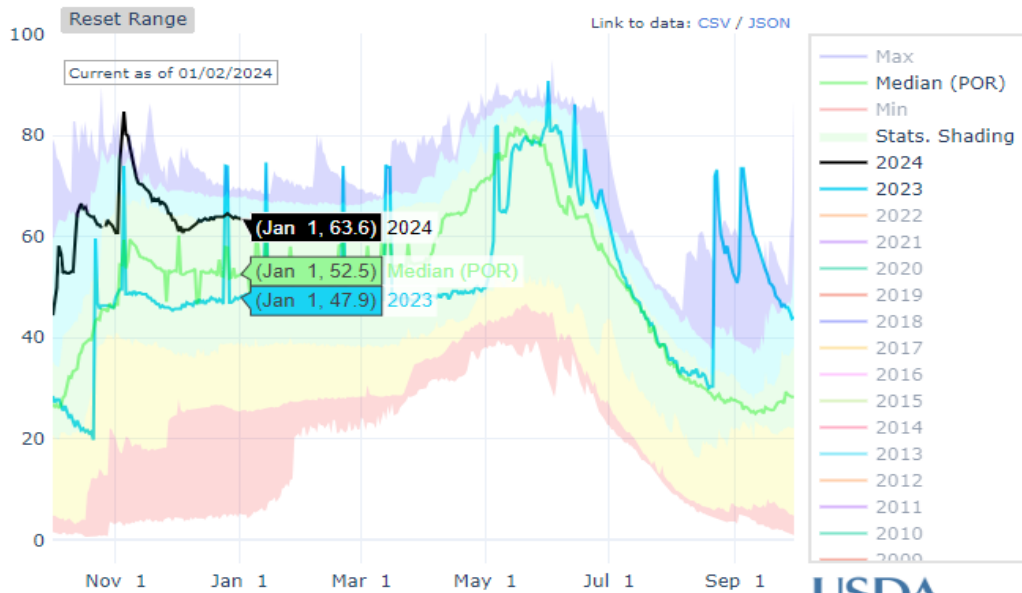
USGS 13181000 OWYHEE RIVER NR ROME OR



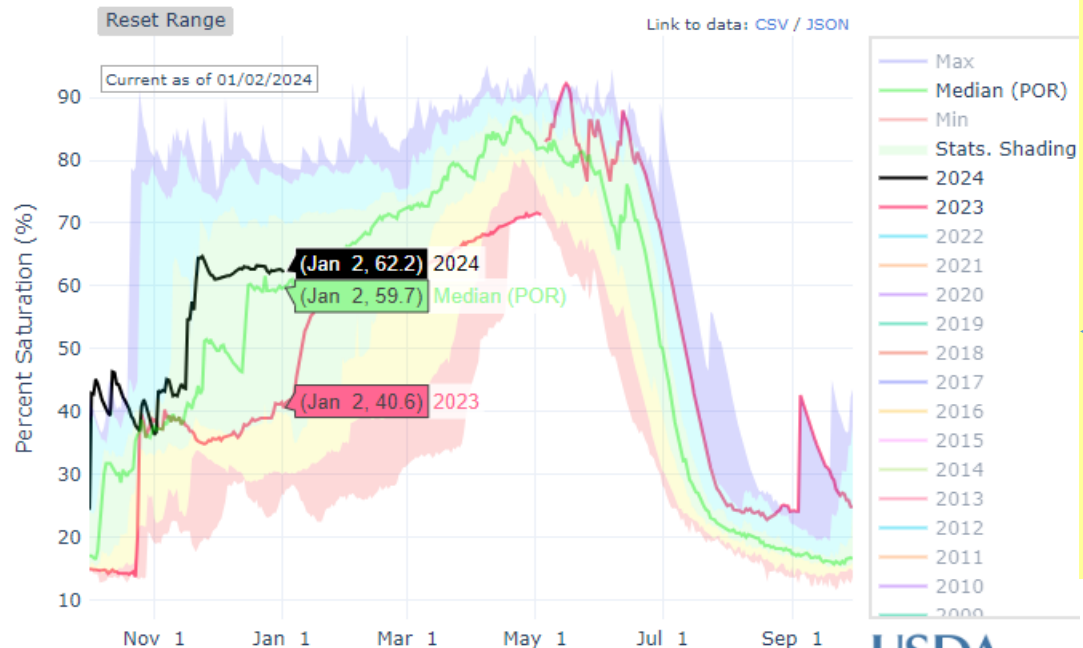
HF Watershed 7-day Temperature, Departure from 1989-2023 Average



DEPTH AVERAGED SOIL SATURATION AT JACKSON PEAK



DEPTH AVERAGED SOIL SATURATION AT SOUTH MTN.



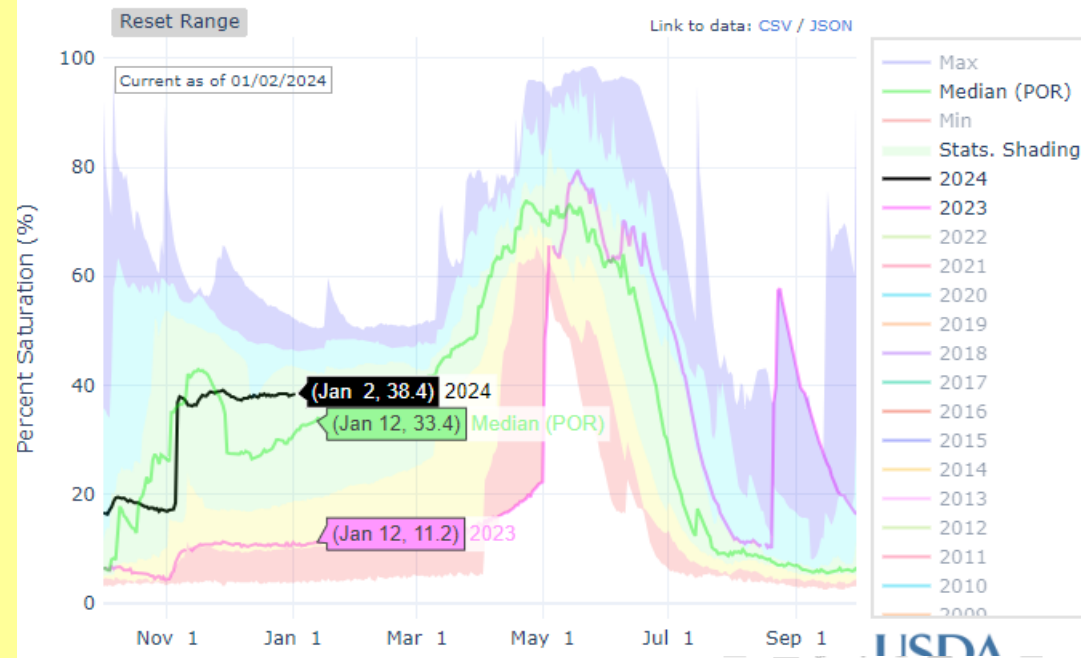
Soil Moisture

Boise
Big Wood

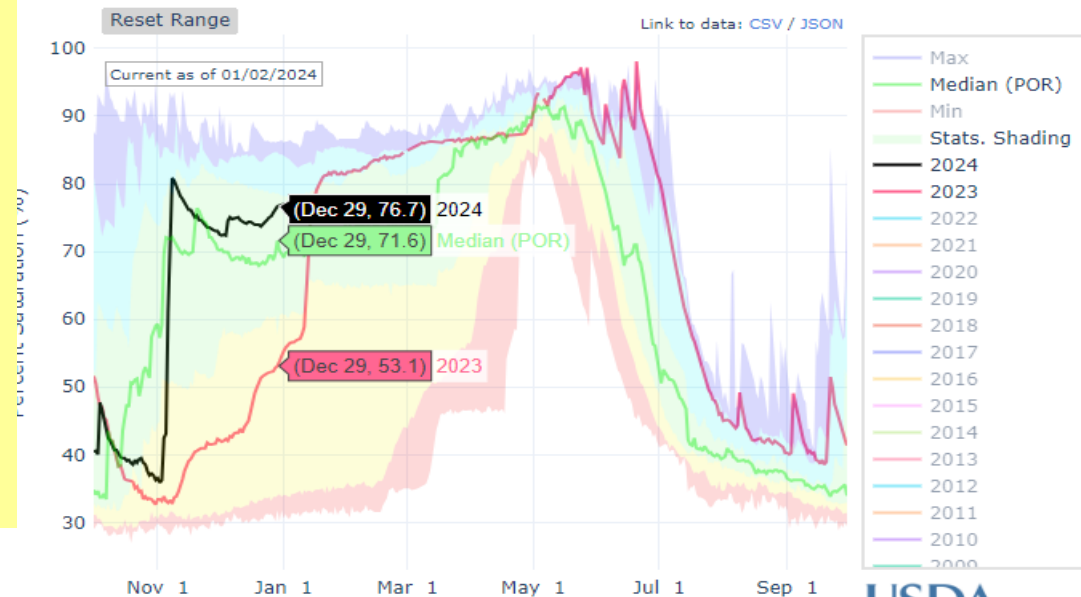
Shows soil moisture is above normal and a little better than Dec 2023

Owyhee
Eastern Idaho

DEPTH AVERAGED SOIL SATURATION AT HYNDMAN



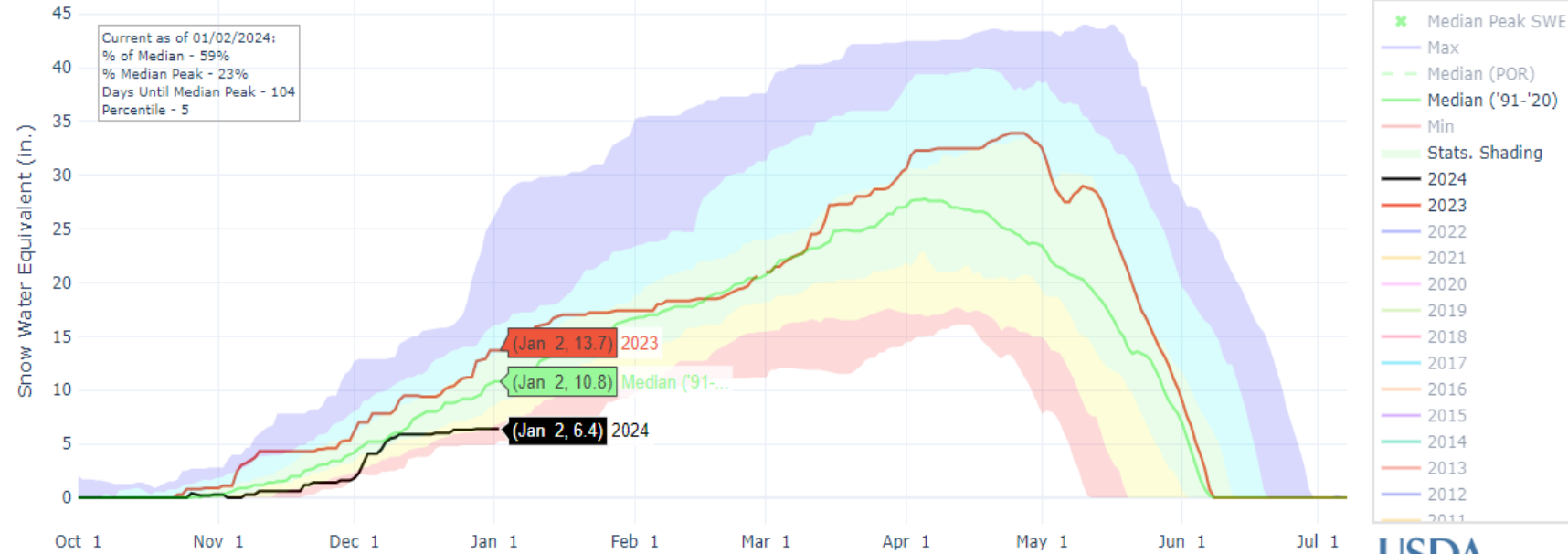
DEPTH AVERAGED SOIL SATURATION AT SHEEP MTN.



SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT AT JACKSON PEAK

Reset Range

Link to data: [CSV](#) / [JSON](#)



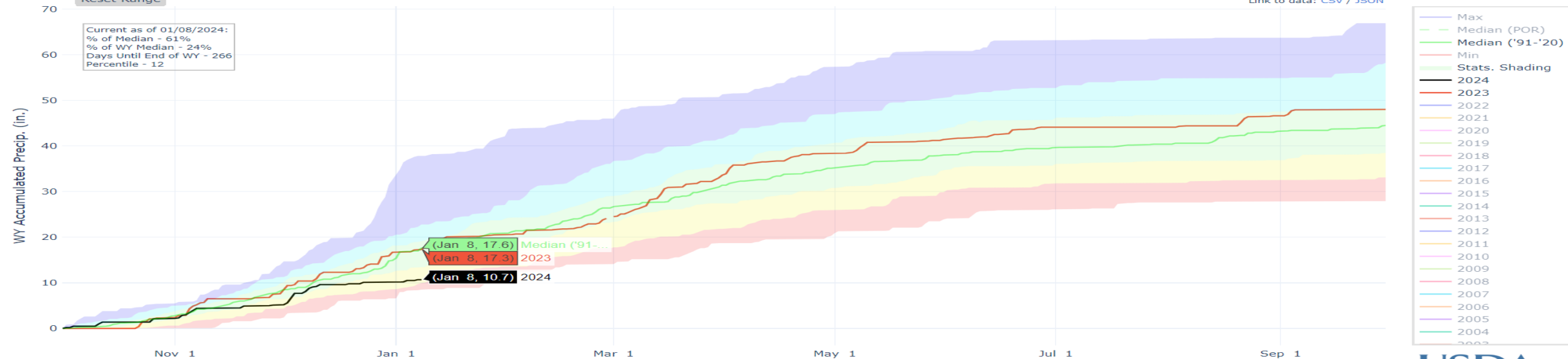
Boise Basin Jackson Peak Snow Water & Precipitation

Both are well below **last year**.
Early Nov rains increased soil
moisture. **Last year** moisture fell
as snow to start accumulation
season.

PRECIPITATION AT JACKSON PEAK

Reset Range

Link to data: [CSV](#) / [JSON](#)



SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT AT JACKSON PEAK

Reset Range

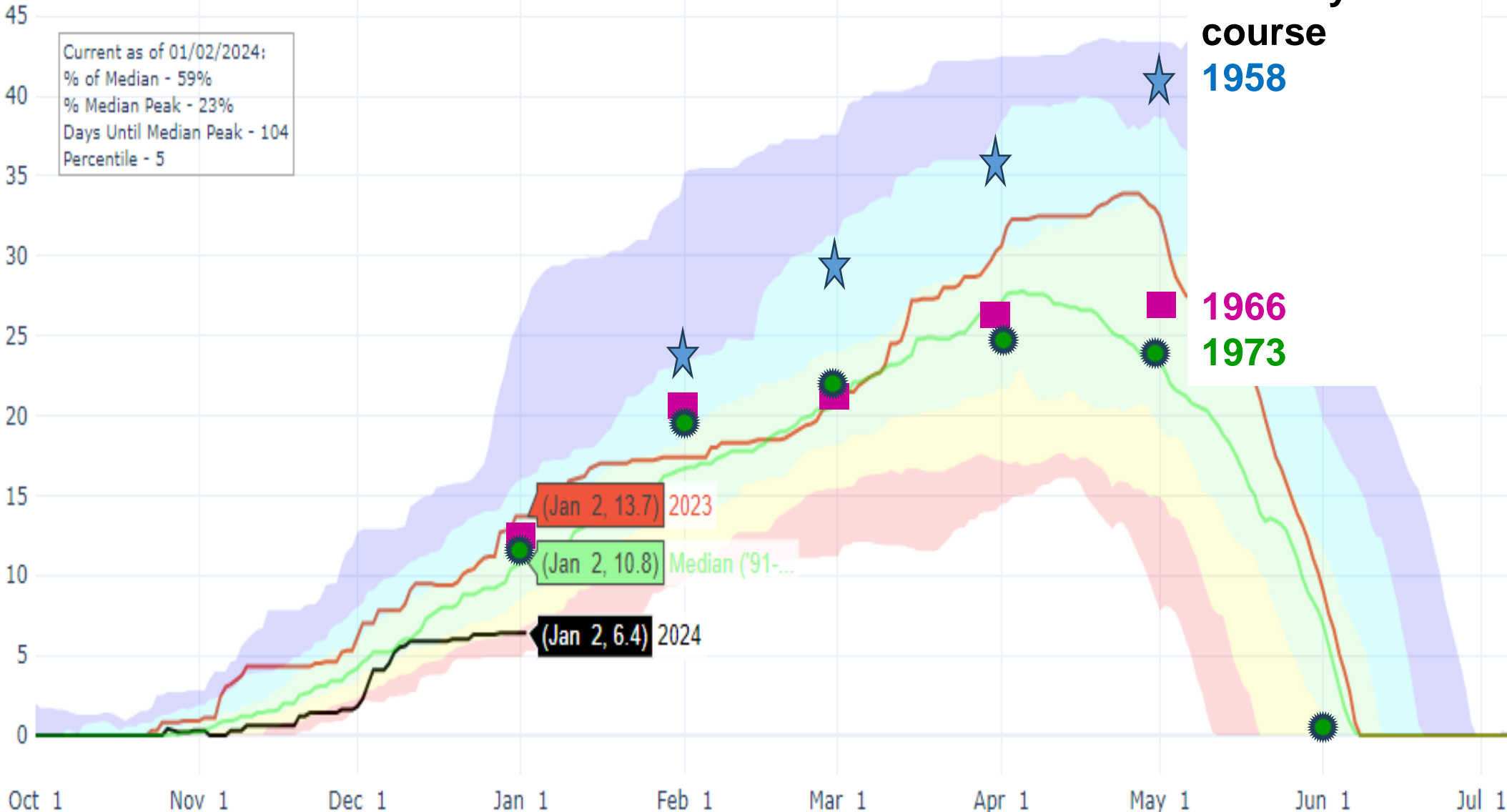
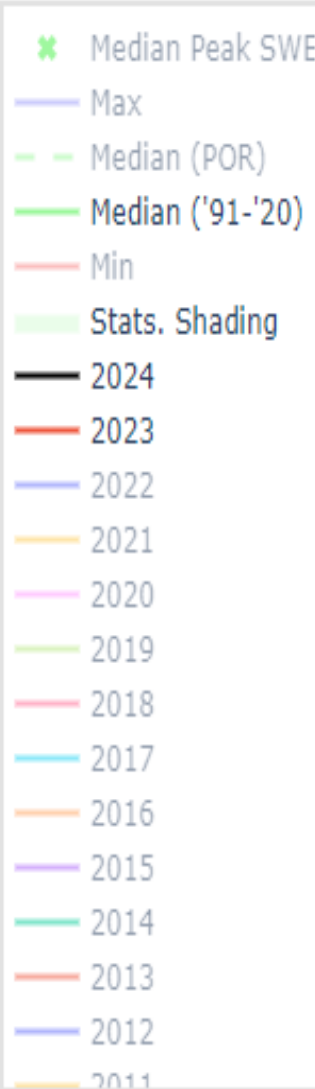
Current as of 01/02/2024:
% of Median - 59%
% Median Peak - 23%
Days Until Median Peak - 104
Percentile - 5

Analog Years
SWE based on
Jackson Peak
monthly snow
course

1958

1966
1973

SON



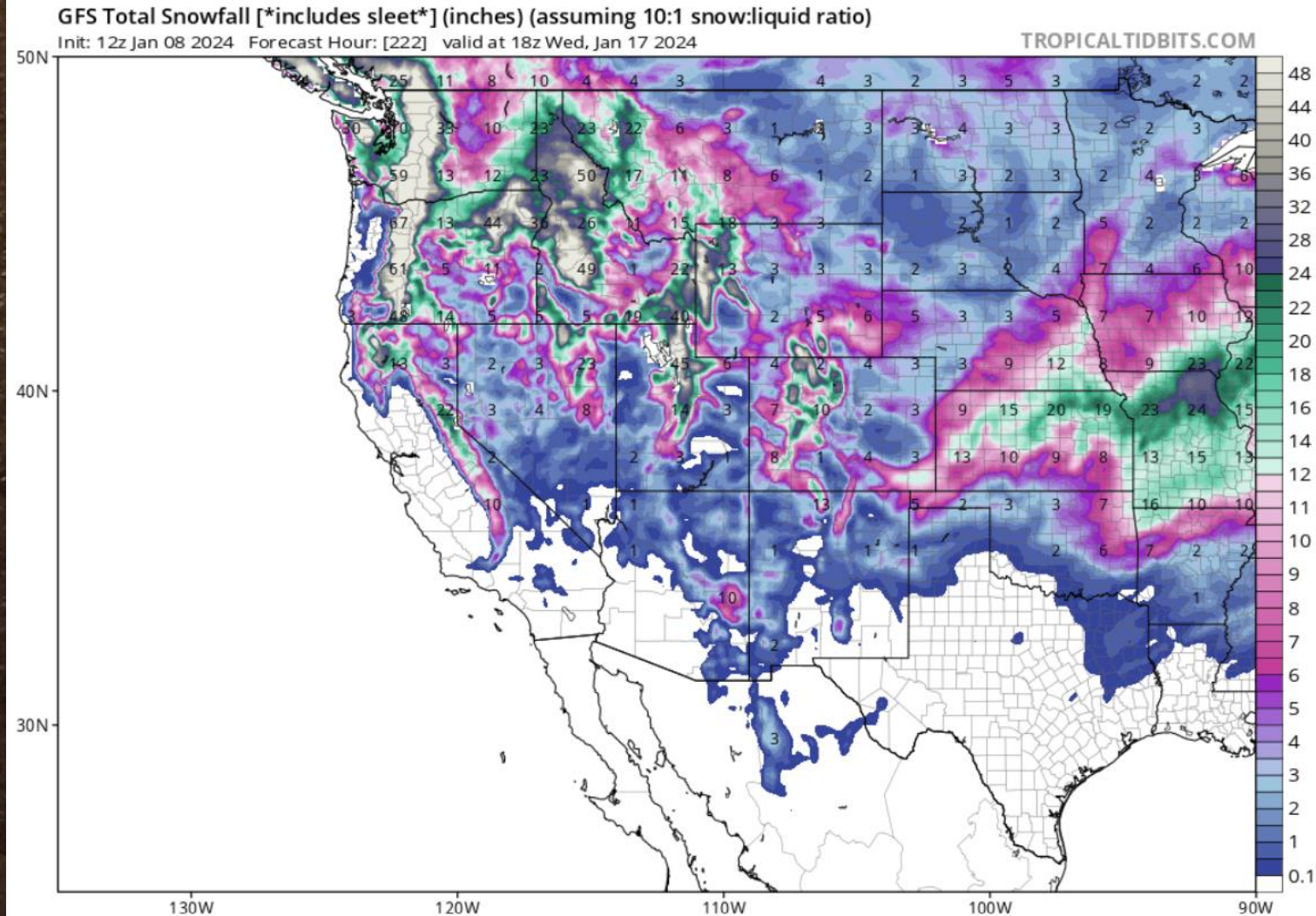
Let's talk about the weather...



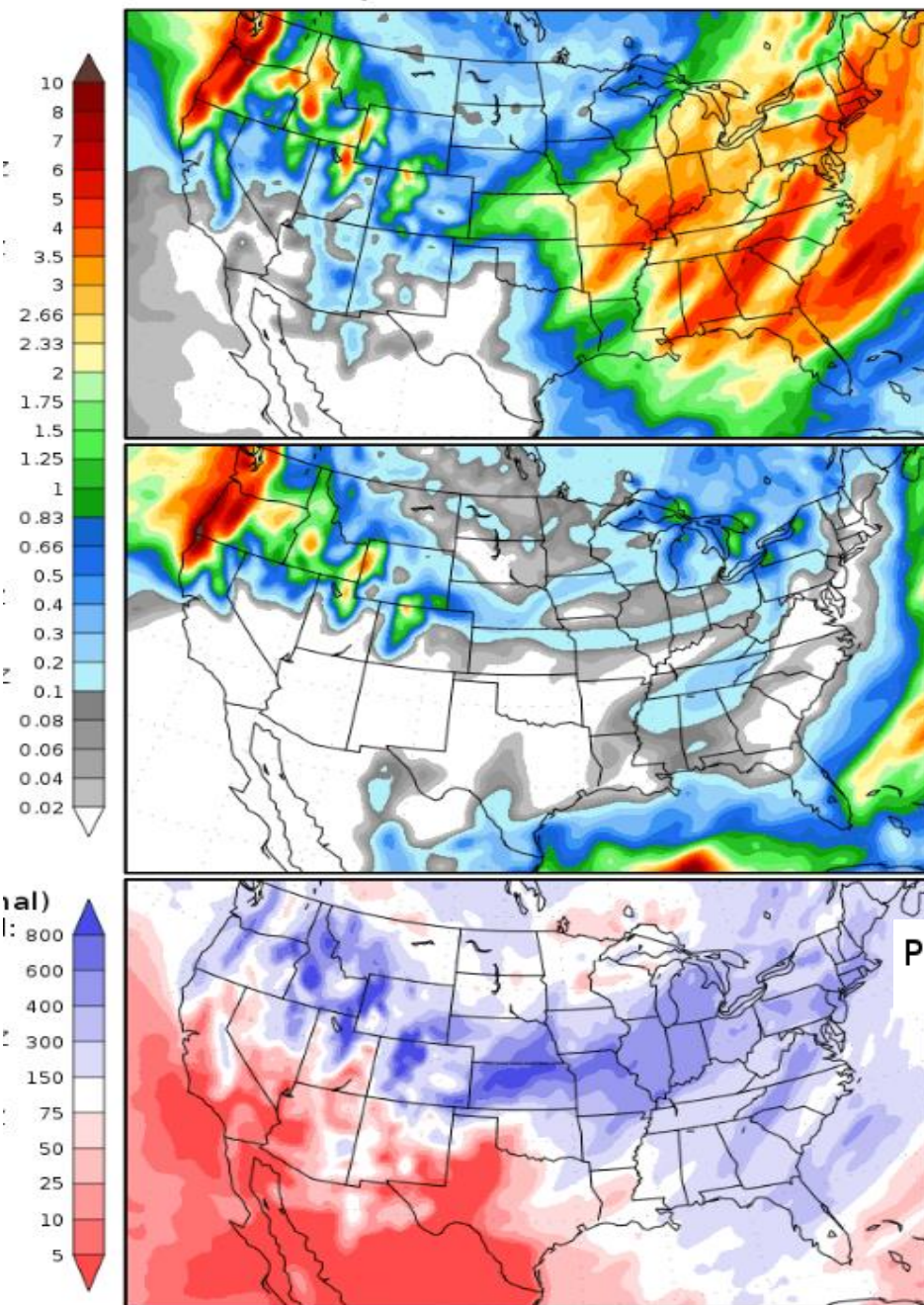
GFS Total Snowfall from Jan 8

For Jan 8 thru 17

All / Many forecasts are showing the cool / wet western weather thru Jan 19, some even into early Feb.



Precipitation Forecasts



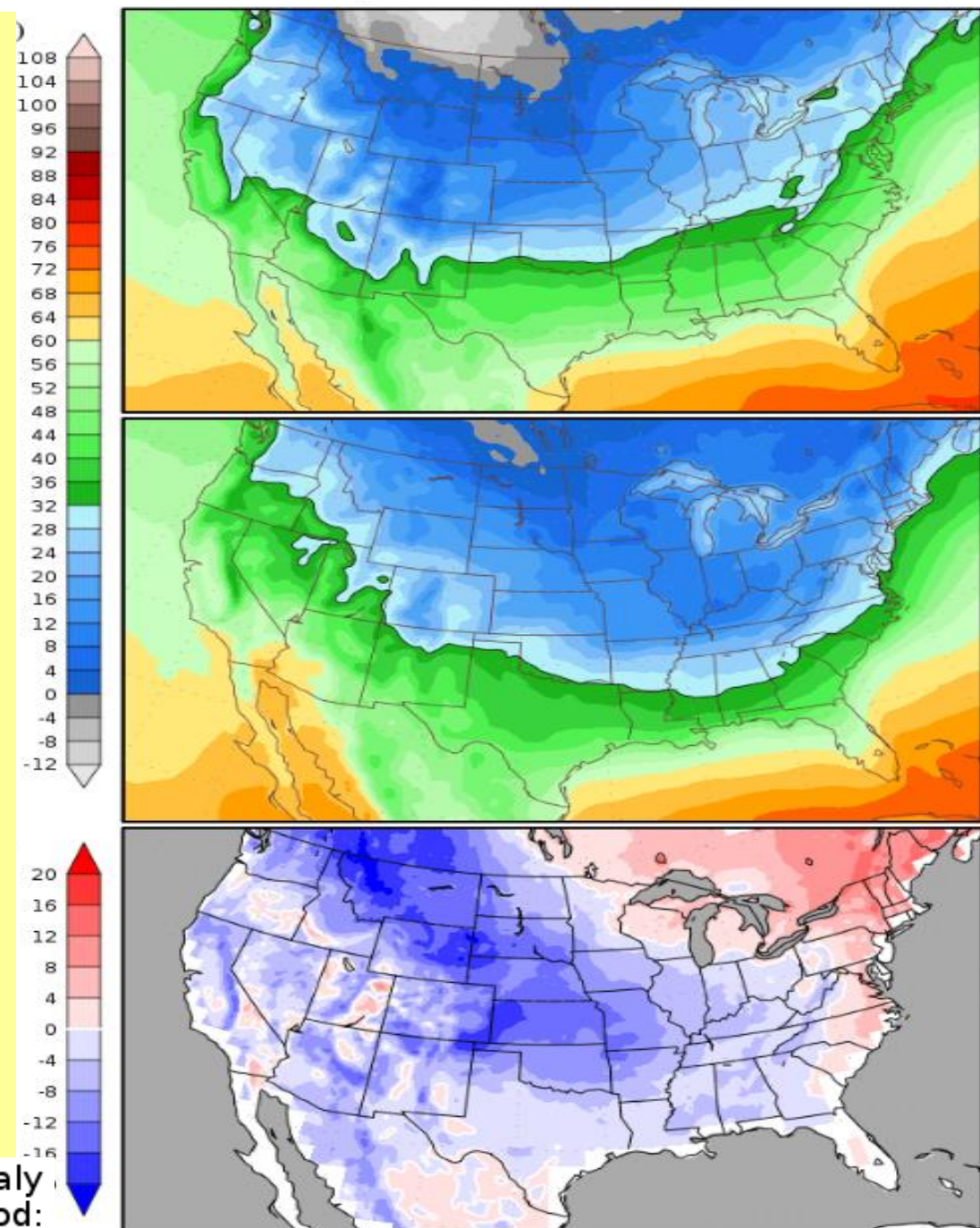
Jan 8-16

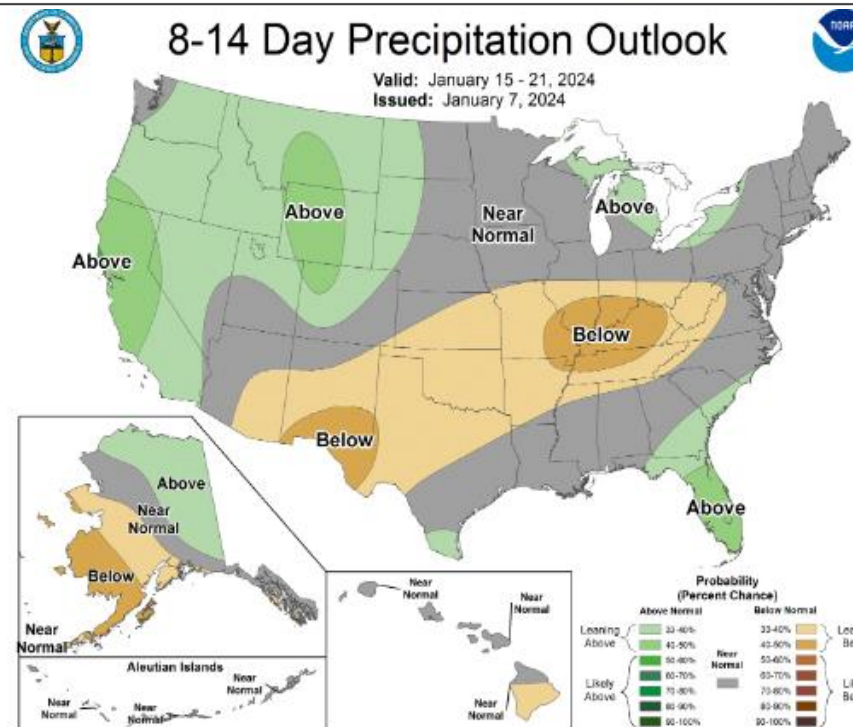
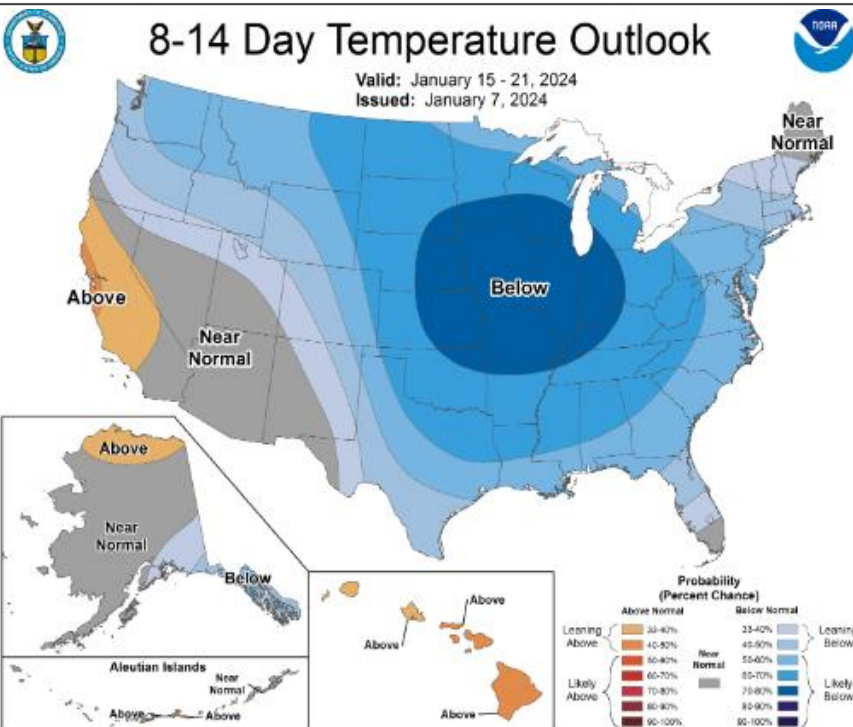
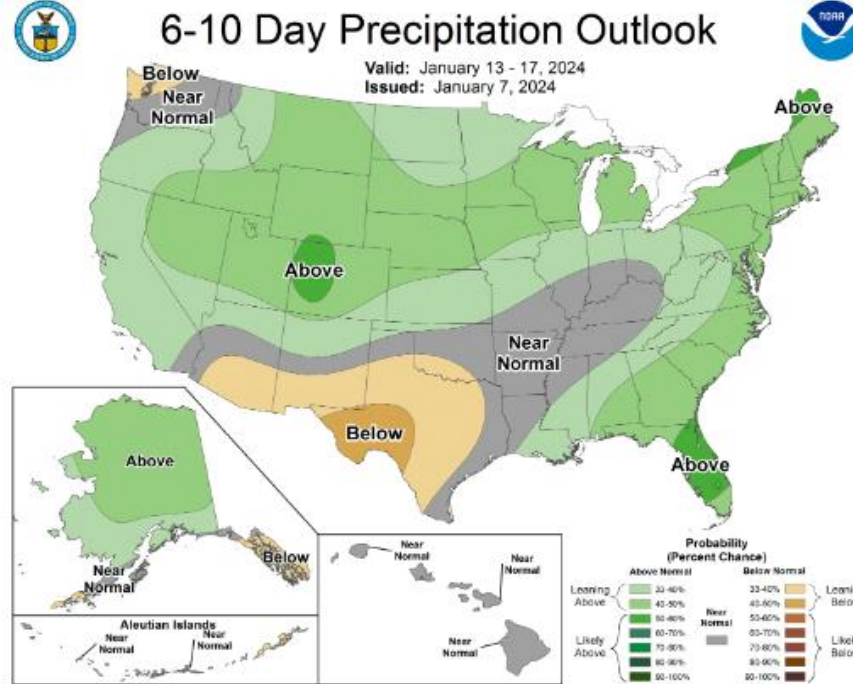
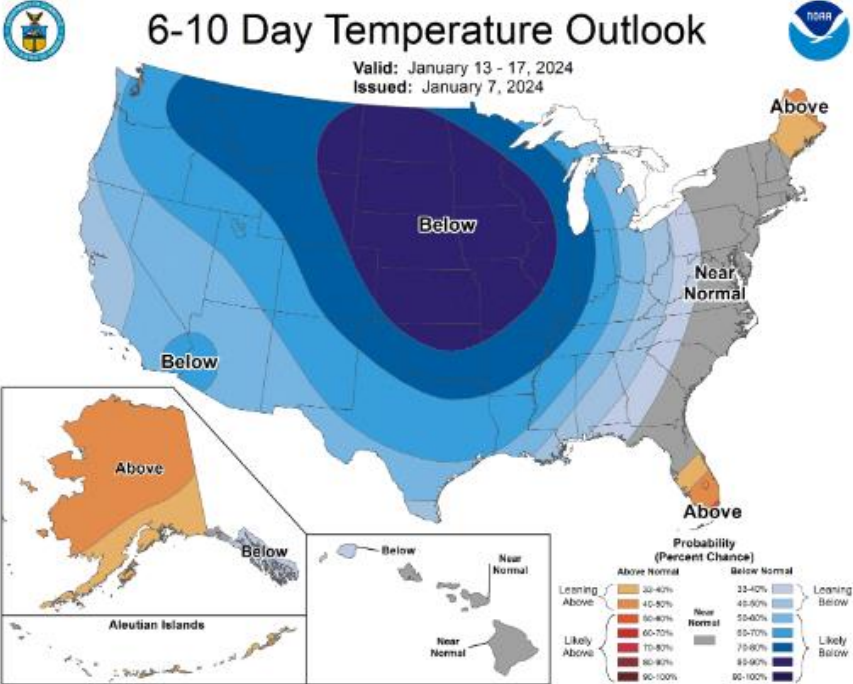
Jan 16-24

Jan 8-16

**Temperature Anomaly
during the first period:**

Temperature Forecasts





Jan 13-17

Temperature & Precipitation Outlook

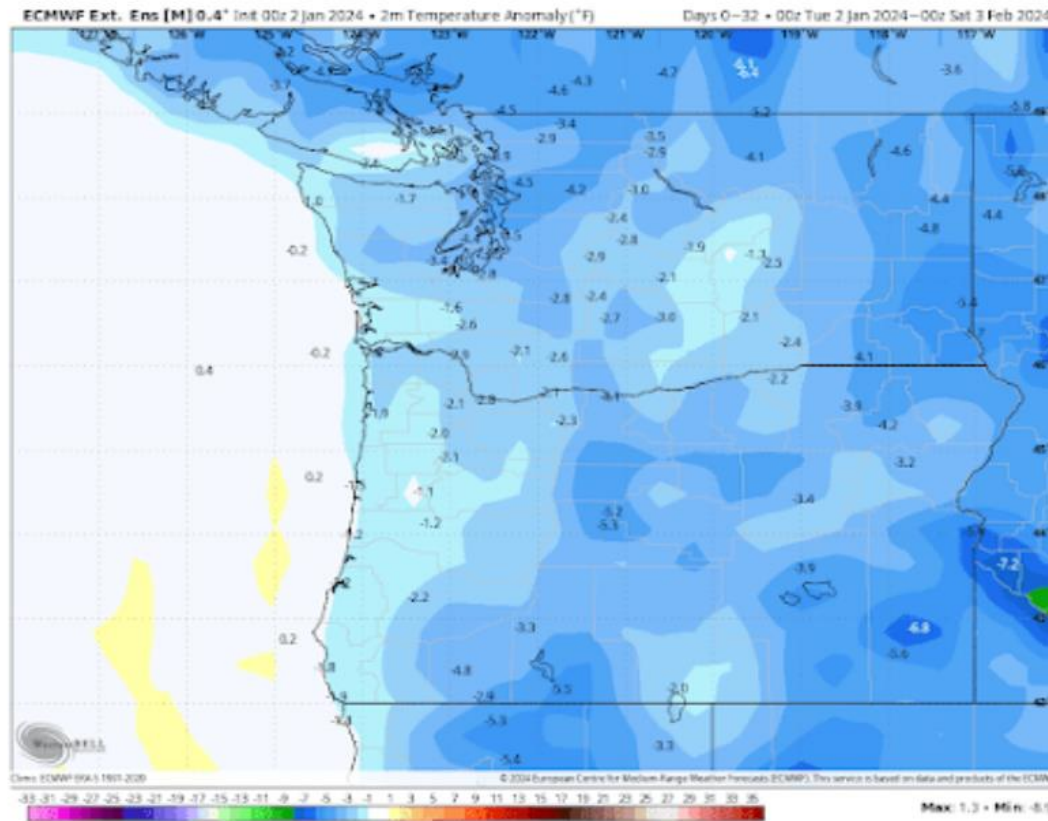
Jan 15-21

And now the real shocker. The latest European Center 30-day forecast is for **much colder than normal conditions** for our region! (see below). We will get a lot of snow and will stick around.

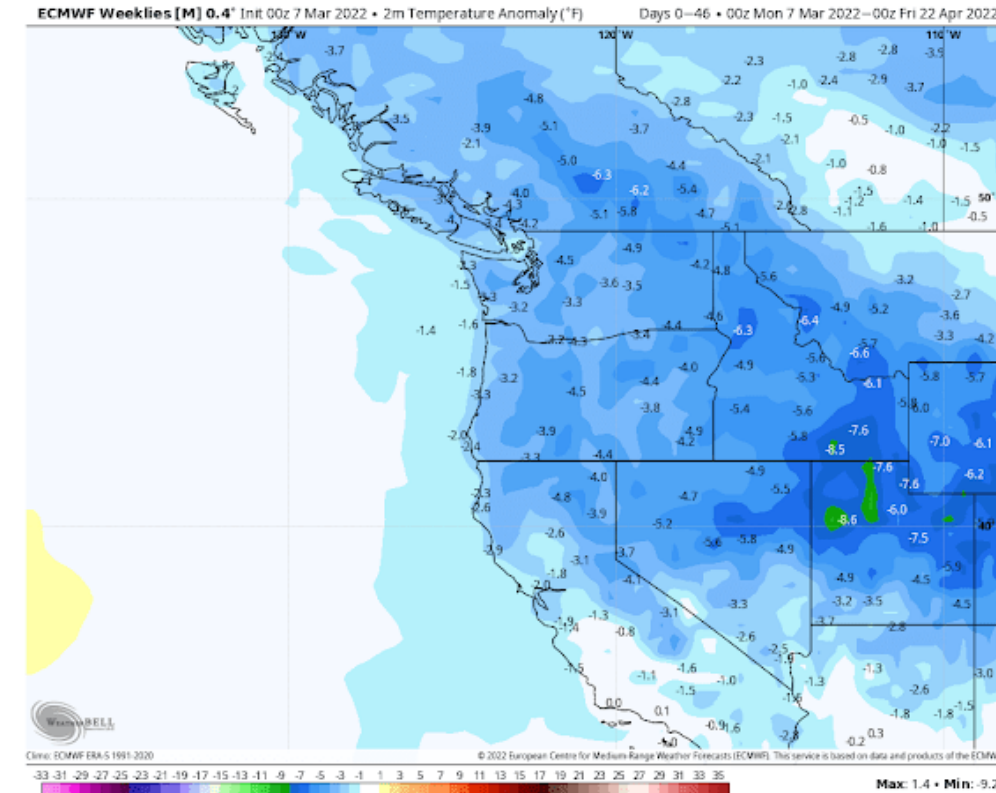
From: [Cliff Mass Weather Blog](#)

Get your skis ready!

Temp Forecast made Jan 2
for Jan 2 – Feb 3, 2024

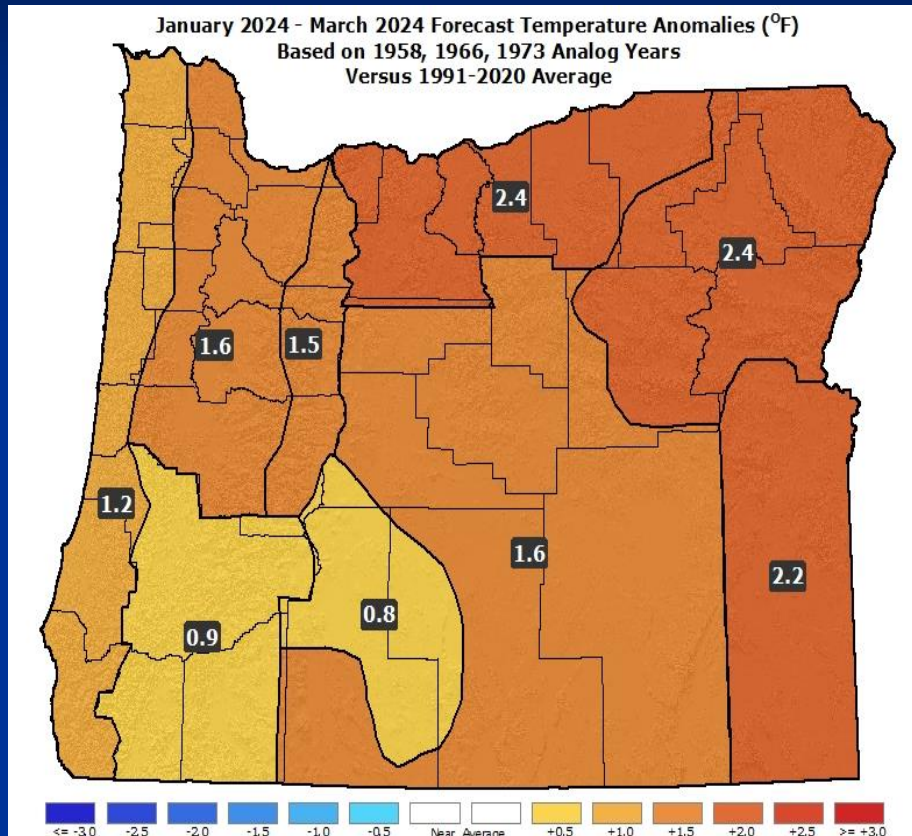


Temp Forecast made Mar 7
for Mar 7 - Apr 22, 2022

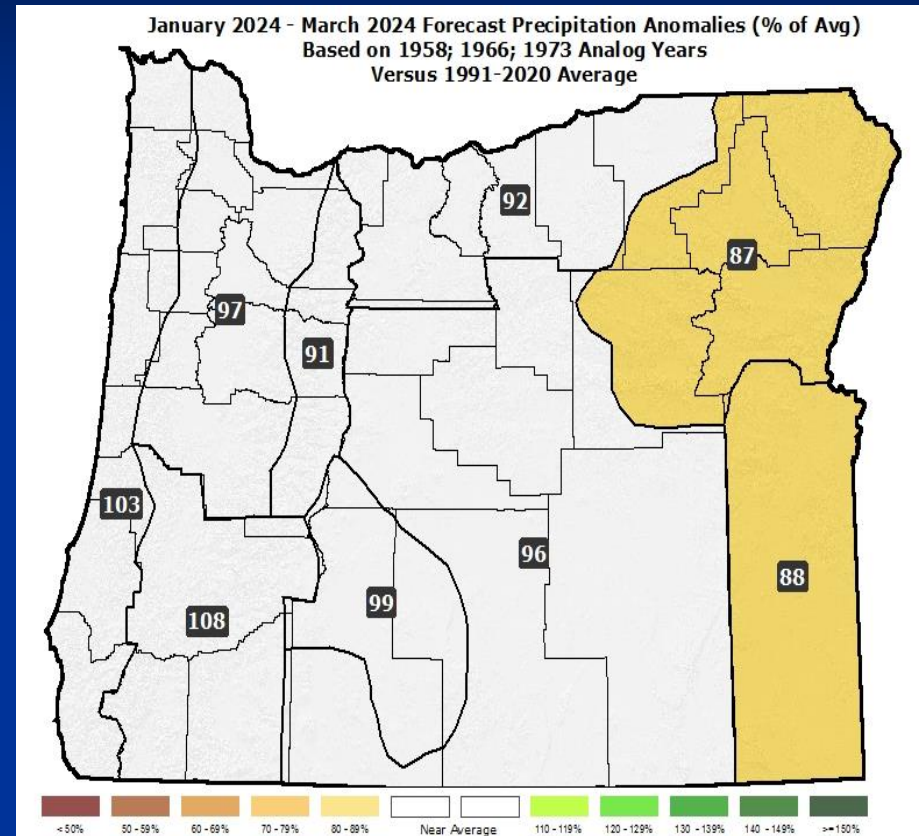


January – March 2024 Forecast

Temperatures



Precipitation



- Above-average temperatures, especially in January and February.
- An abundance of days with precipitation but expect overall rain and mountain snow totals to be near-to-below normal. SW Oregon has the best chances for above normal precipitation.

Seasonal Outlook Feb-Mar-Apr from Dec 21, 2023

Temperature

Precipitation

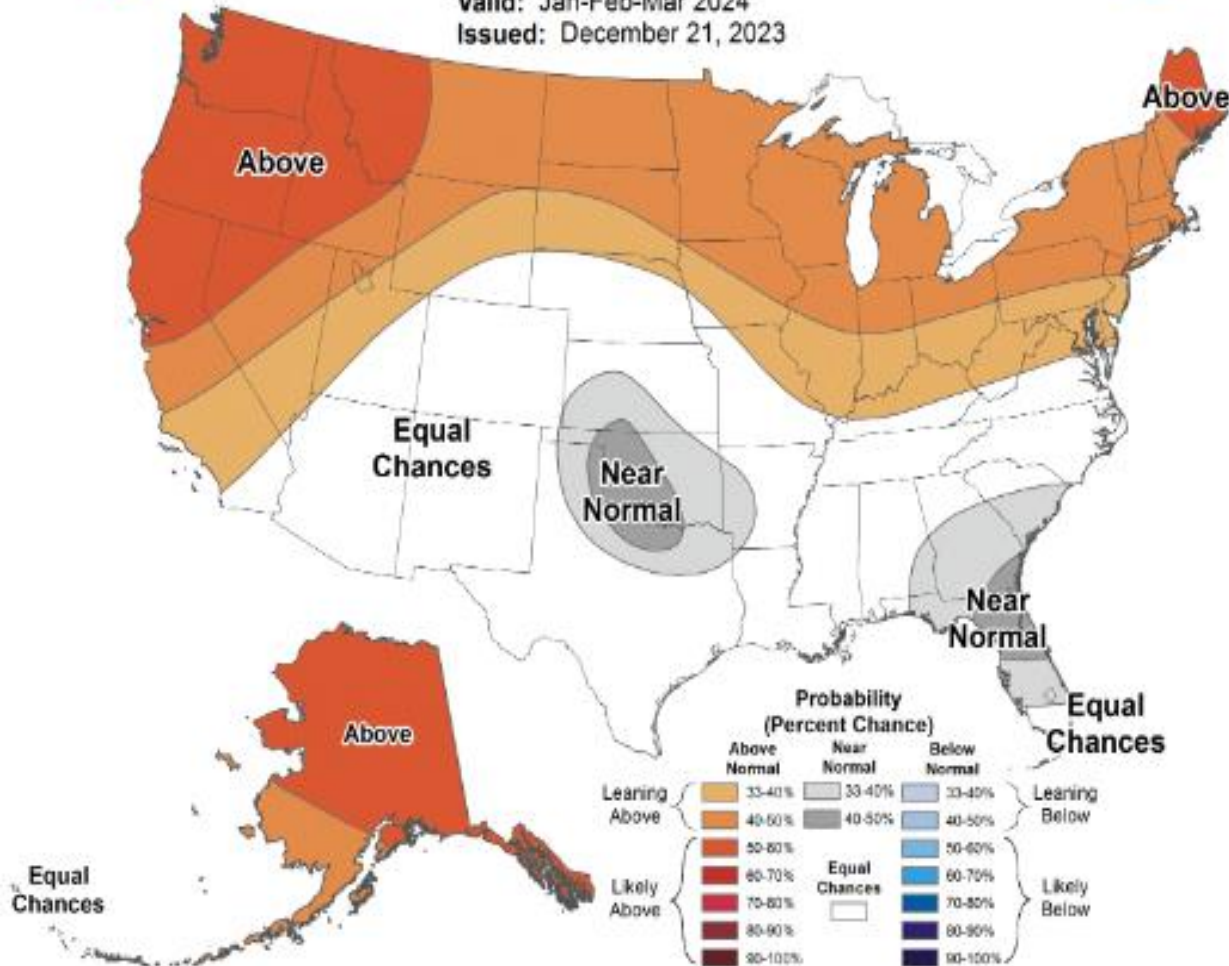
Typical El Nino pattern - let's look at these again after January to see if pattern changed or not.



Seasonal Temperature Outlook



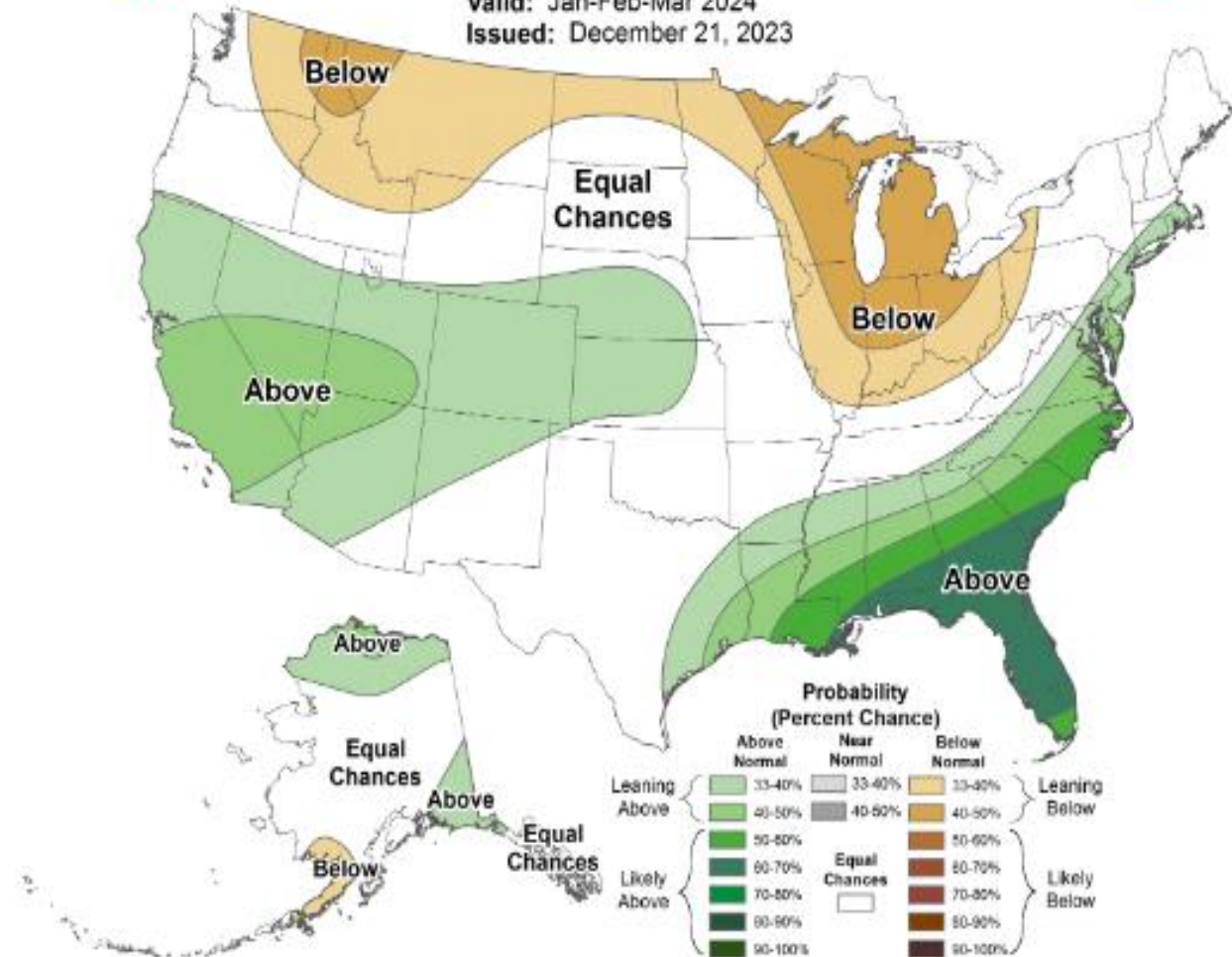
Valid: Jan-Feb-Mar 2024
Issued: December 21, 2023



Seasonal Precipitation Outlook



Valid: Jan-Feb-Mar 2024
Issued: December 21, 2023



Weeks 3 - 4 Outlook for Jan 20 – Feb 2

Temperature

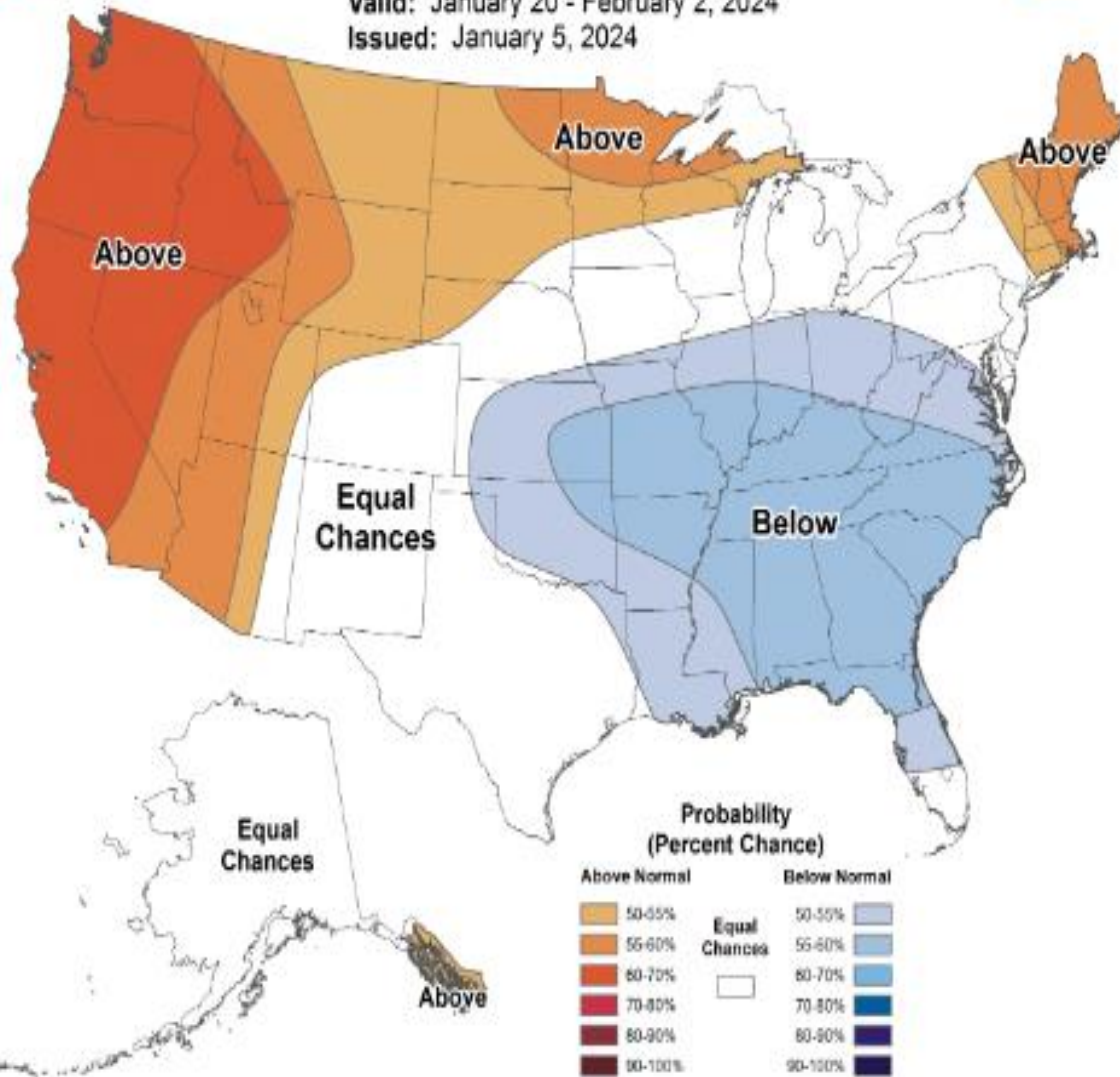
Precipitation



Weeks 3-4 Temperature Outlook



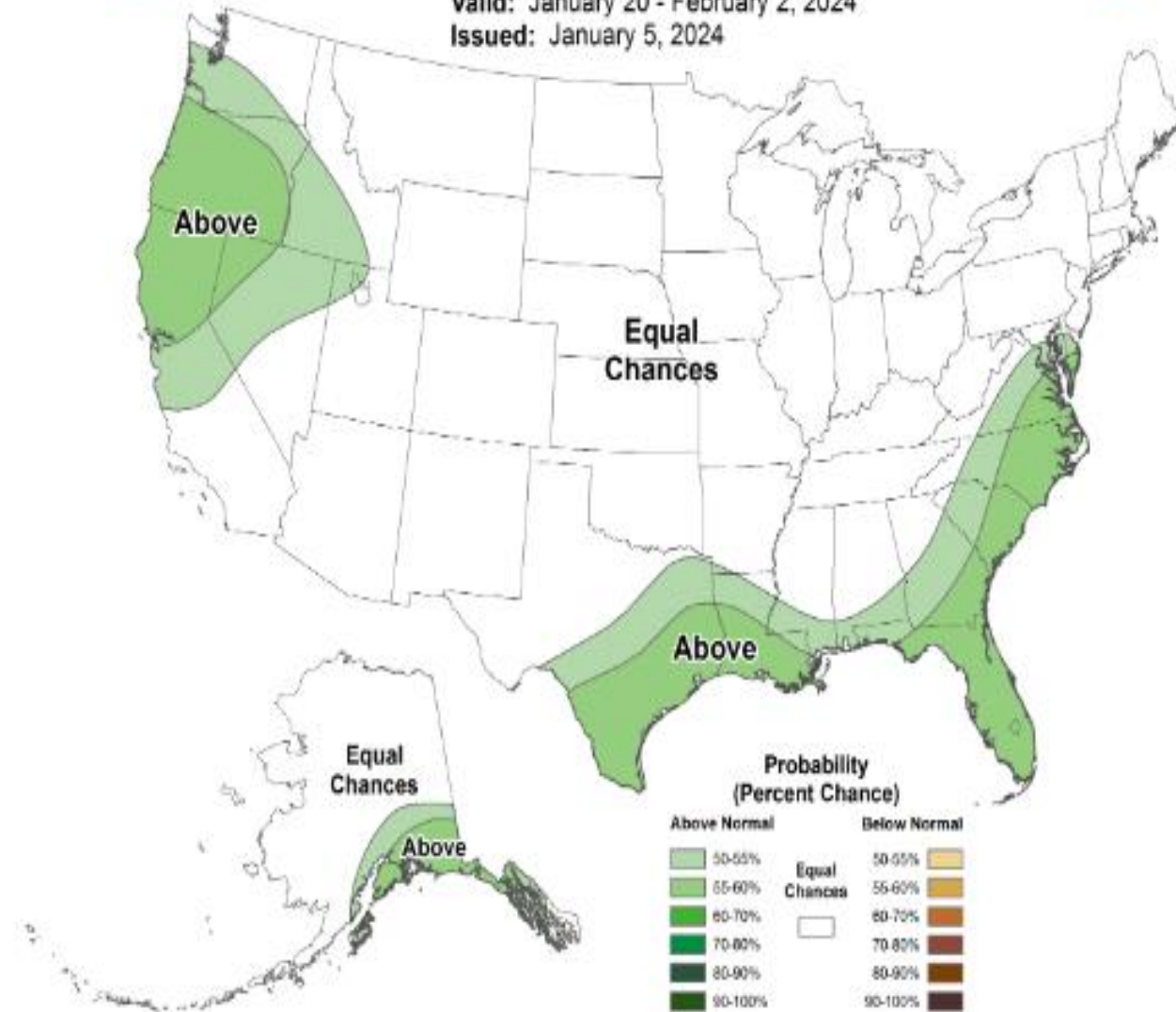
Valid: January 20 - February 2, 2024
Issued: January 5, 2024



Weeks 3-4 Precipitation Outlook



Valid: January 20 - February 2, 2024
Issued: January 5, 2024



Payette Lake

Dec 29, 2023

Not Frozen



Who remembers the Nov 12, 2014 Cold Spell that Suddenly Spilled into Idaho from western Montana ? Went from 50s F to 10s F in a few days.

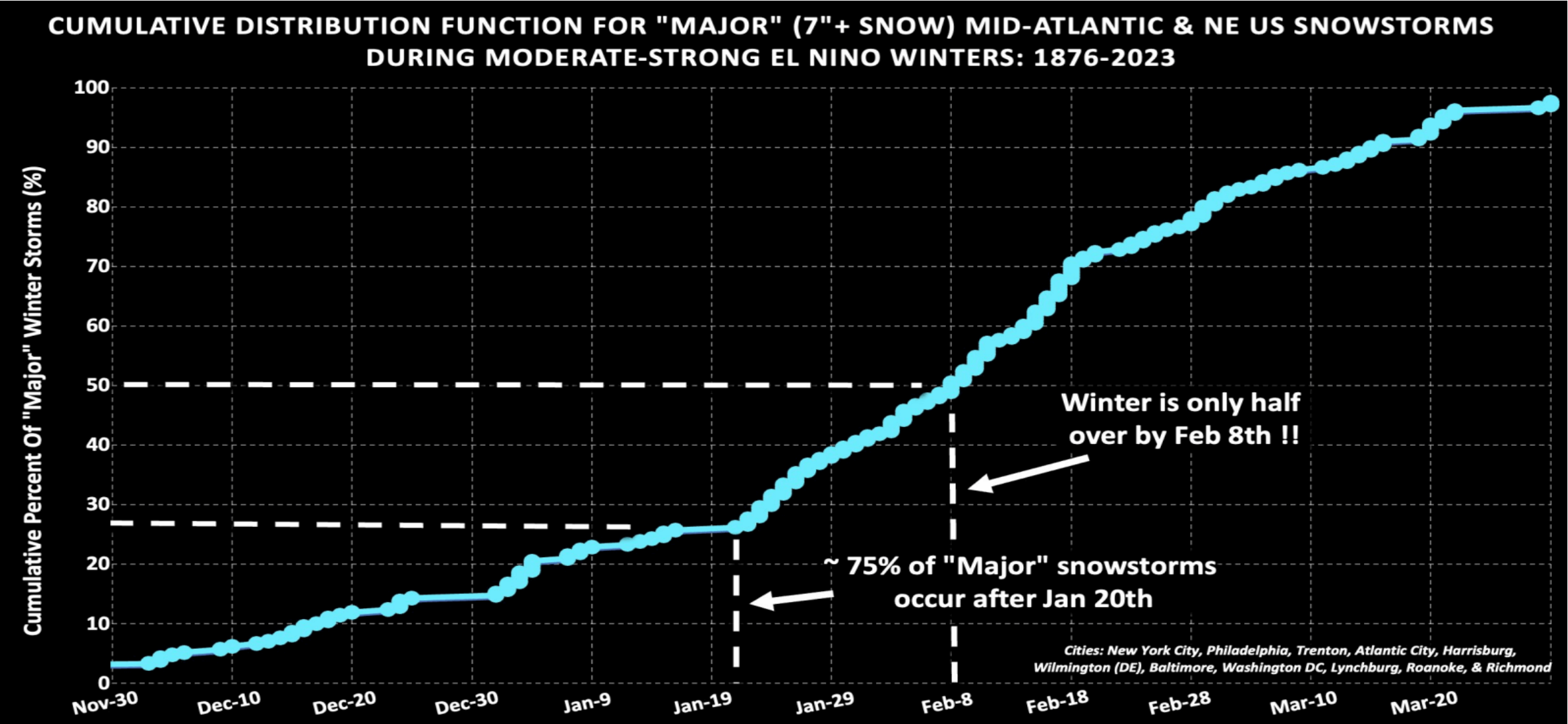
The MF Salmon River froze overnight.

We'll see how fast the rivers & lakes freeze with Artic Cold approaching.

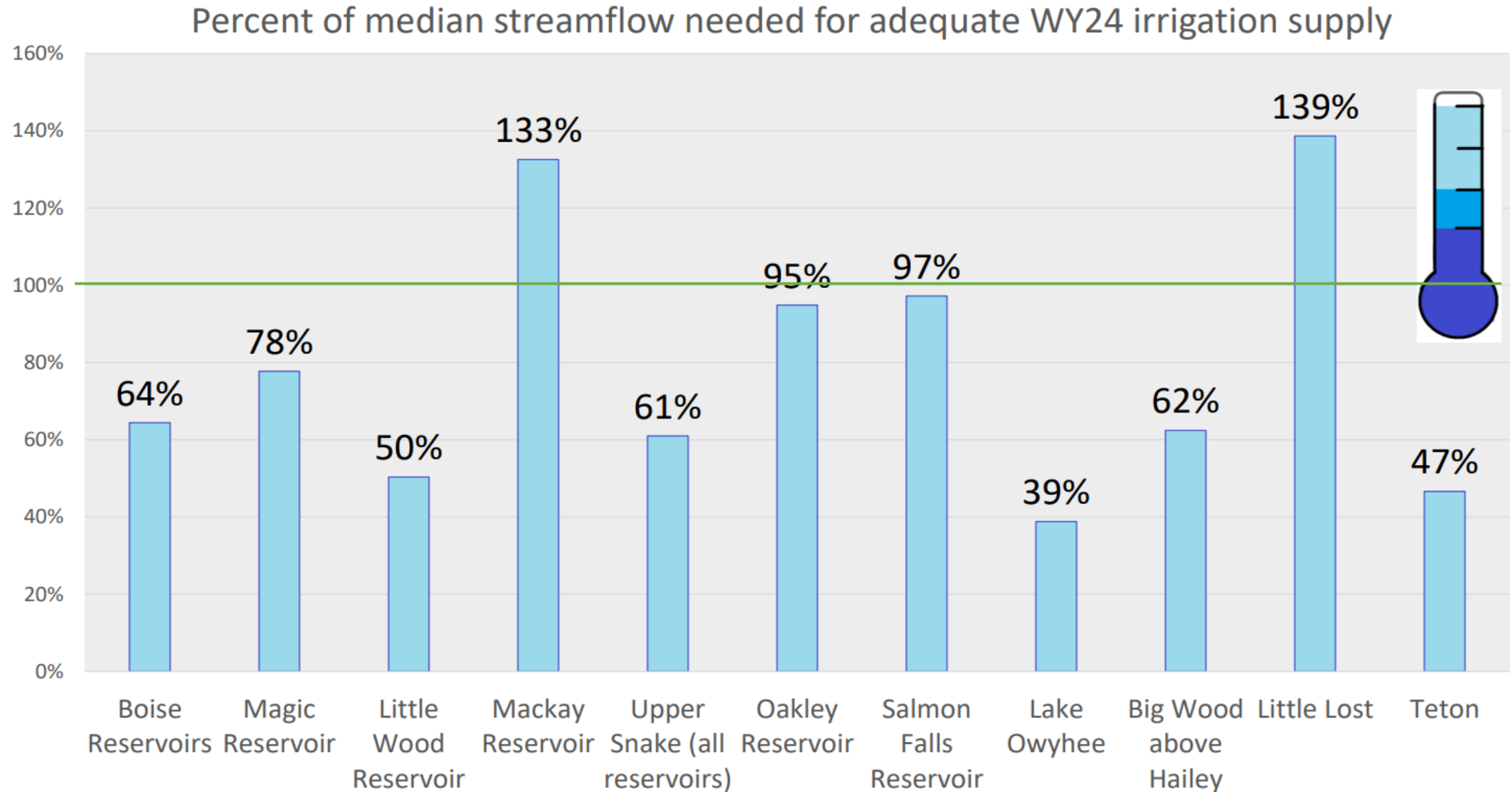
Moisture – Soils, rivers, snow will be help in place.



Graph of Major Storms +7" of Snow for Mid-Atlantic & NE Snowstorms during Moderate-Strong El Nino Winter for past 150 years. Produced by meteorologist [Eric Webb](#). It show 75% Major Storms occur after Jan 19 and Feb 8 – winter is only half over. Need similar distribution for West or number of Atmospheric Rivers hitting West coast each year.



Keep in mind values are in % of MEDIAN and NWS forecasts are in % of AVG



SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT IN OWYHEE

Reset Range

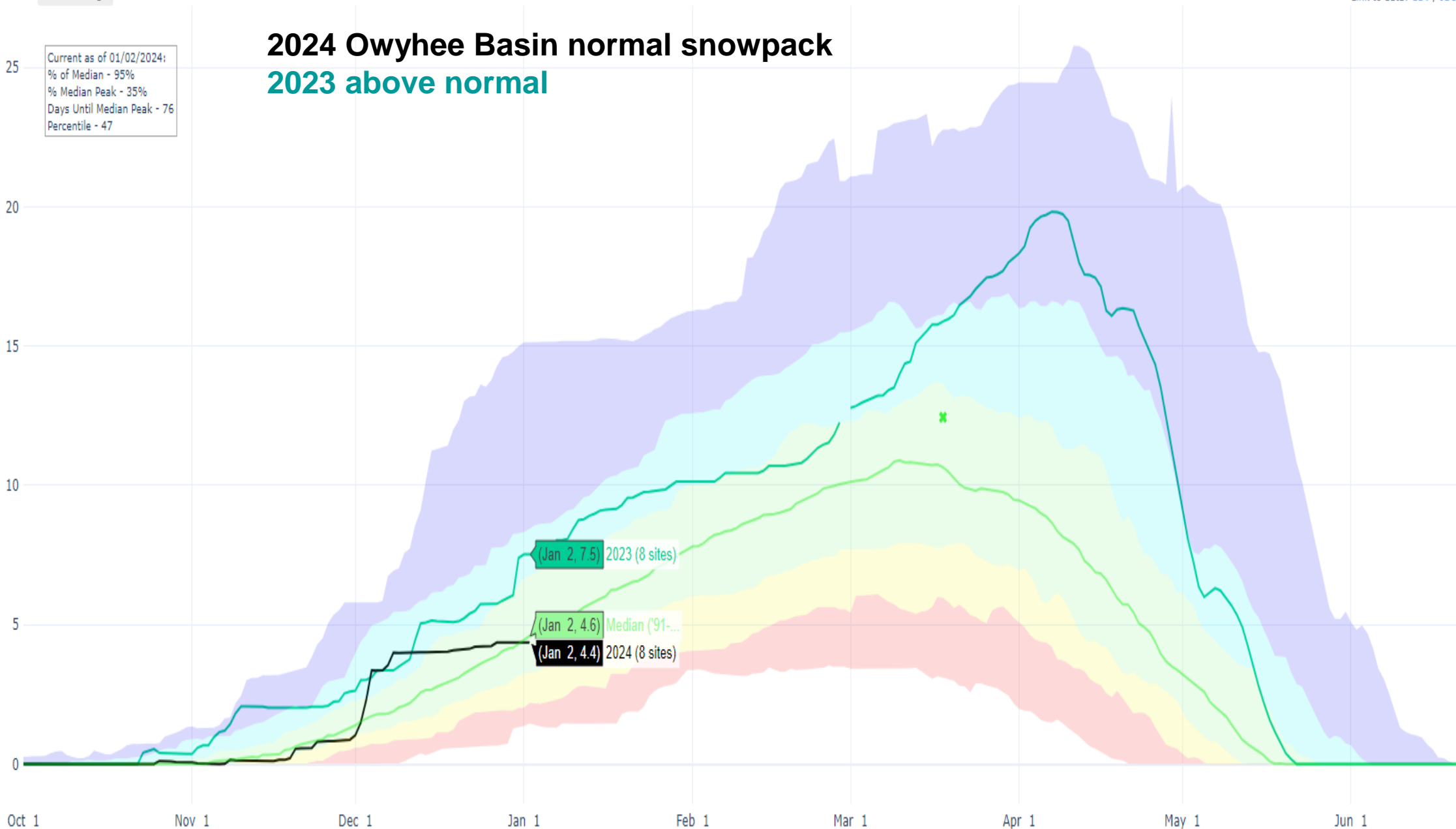
[Link to data: CSV / JSON](#)

[Station List](#)

Current as of 01/02/2024:
% of Median - 95%
% Median Peak - 35%
Days Until Median Peak - 76
Percentile - 47

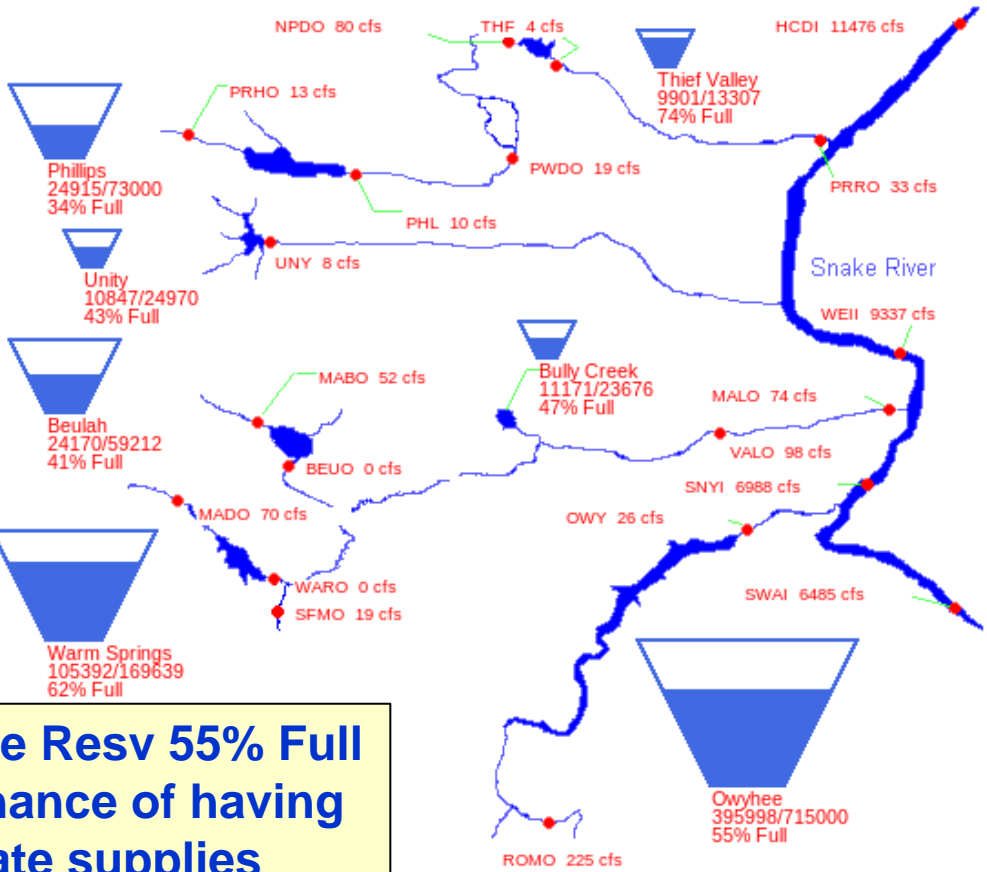
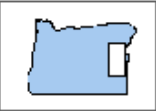
2024 Owyhee Basin normal snowpack 2023 above normal

Snow Water Equivalent (in.)

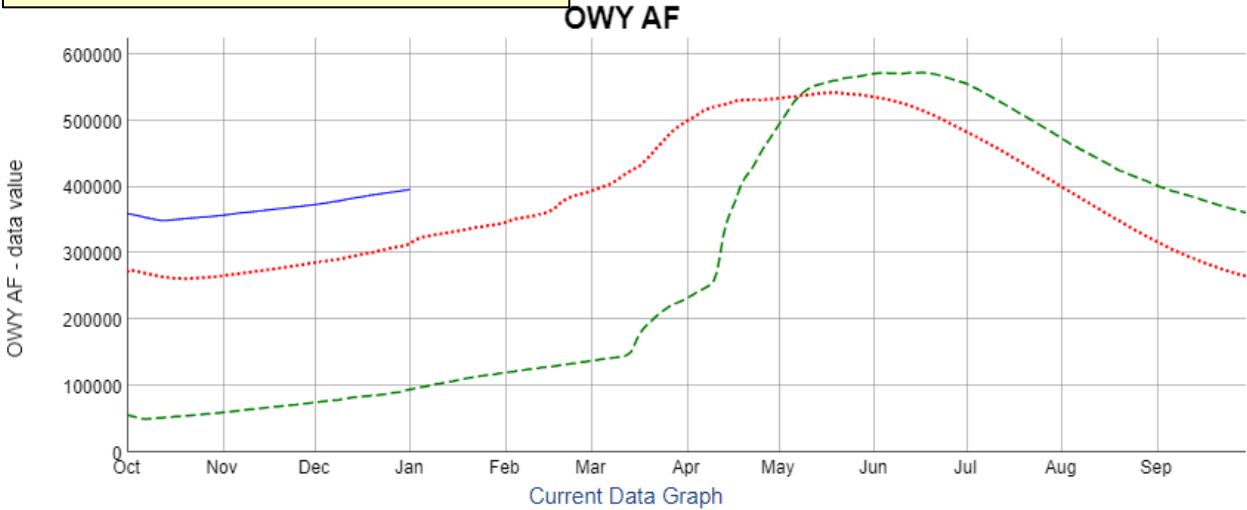


- Max
- Median (POR)
- Median ('91-'20)
- Min
- Stats. Shading
- 2024 (8 sites)
- 2023 (8 sites)
- 2022 (8 sites)
- 2021 (8 sites)
- 2020 (8 sites)
- 2019 (8 sites)
- 2018 (8 sites)
- 2017 (8 sites)
- 2016 (8 sites)
- 2015 (8 sites)
- 2014 (8 sites)
- 2013 (8 sites)
- 2012 (8 sites)
- 2011 (8 sites)
- 2010 (8 sites)
- 2009 (7 sites)
- 2008 (7 sites)
- 2007 (7 sites)
- 2006 (7 sites)
- 2005 (7 sites)
- 2004 (7 sites)
- 2003 (7 sites)
- 2002 (7 sites)
- 2001 (7 sites)
- 2000 (7 sites)
- 1999 (7 sites)
- 1998 (7 sites)

01/01/2024



Owyhee Resv 55% Full
90% chance of having
adequate supplies



OWYO3 OUYHEE - OUYHEE DAM

Based on 75 years of historical record (1949-2023):

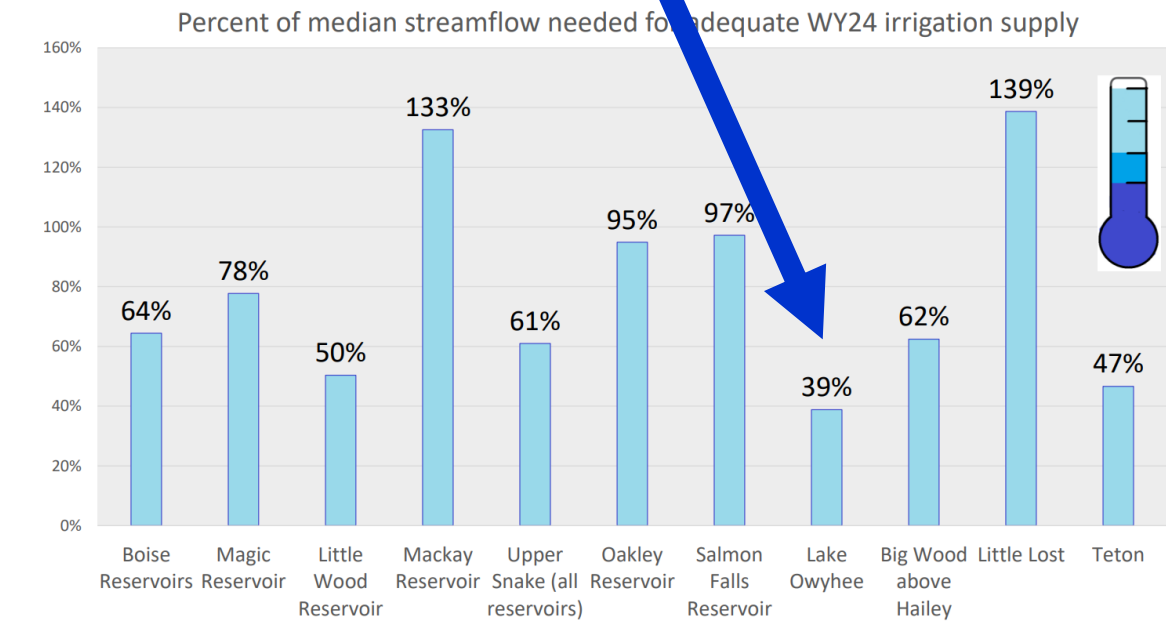
- The median (50%) forecast is ranked 47th wettest and 30th driest
- The forecast is placed in the 39th percentile of the record (exceedance probability is 61%)

APR-SEP WY2024 Ensemble Traces: 2024-01-03 Issued: 2024-01-03 (Volumes in KAF)

Exceedance	Natural Forecast (ESP10)		Experimental (HEFS)		Reference (ESP0)	
50%	268 KAF	79% AVG	274	81%	239	71%
90%	139 KAF	41% AVG	147	44%	123	36%
10%	570 KAF	169% AVG	618	183%	528	156%

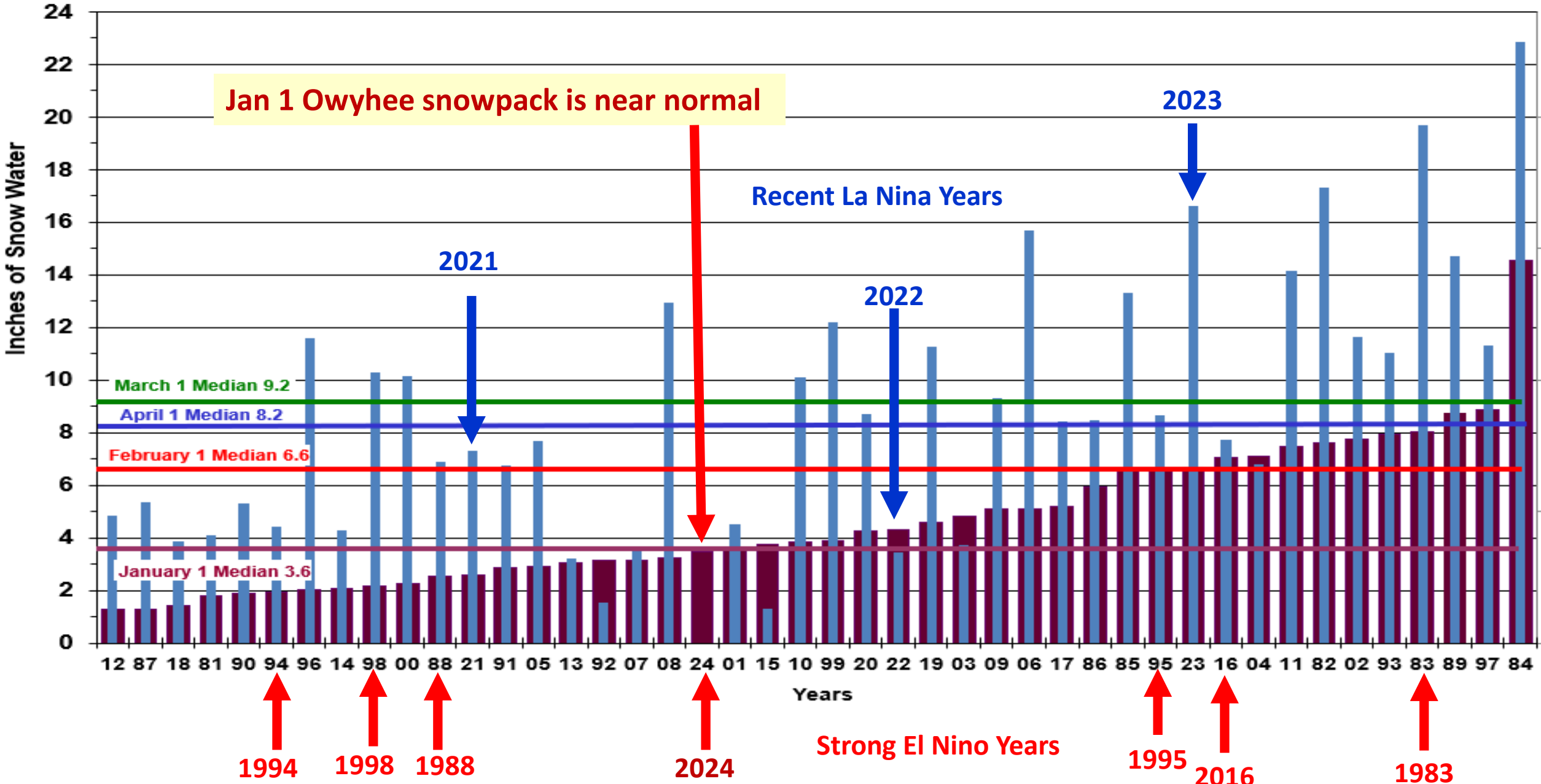
Observed Natural Runoff

Period	Observed Natural Runoff	Reference (ESP0)
October thru 2024-01-03	55.01 KAF	81% AVG



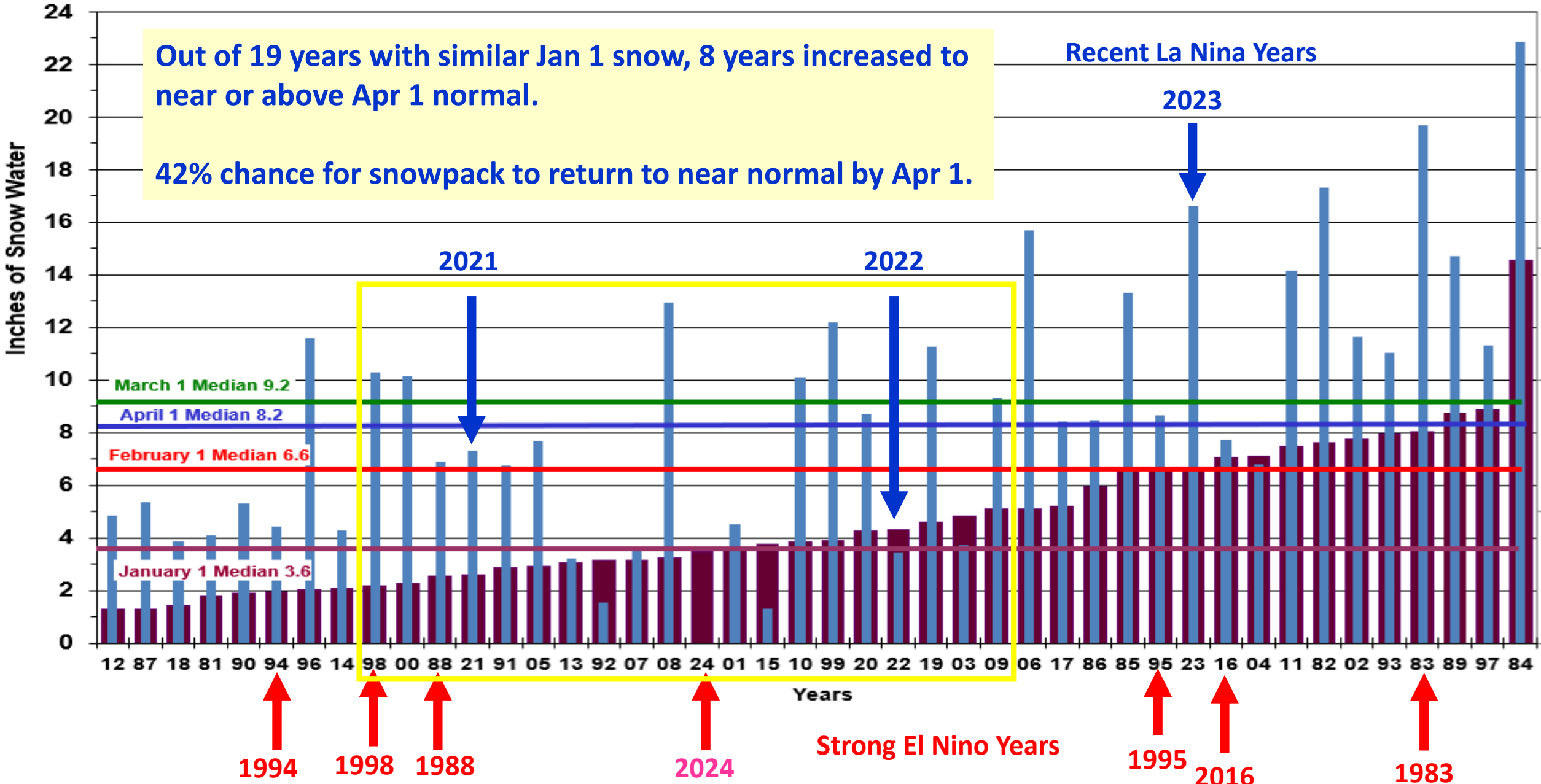
January Owyhee Basin 6 Station Snow Index for Years 1981 - 2024
Big Bend, Jack Creek Upper, Laurel Draw, Mud Flat, South Mtn., Taylor Canyon

January 1 Snow Water
April 1 Snow Water



January Owyhee Basin 6 Station Snow Index for Years 1981 - 2024
Big Bend, Jack Creek Upper, Laurel Draw, Mud Flat, South Mtn., Taylor Canyon

January 1 Snow Water
April 1 Snow Water



SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT IN BOISE

Reset Range

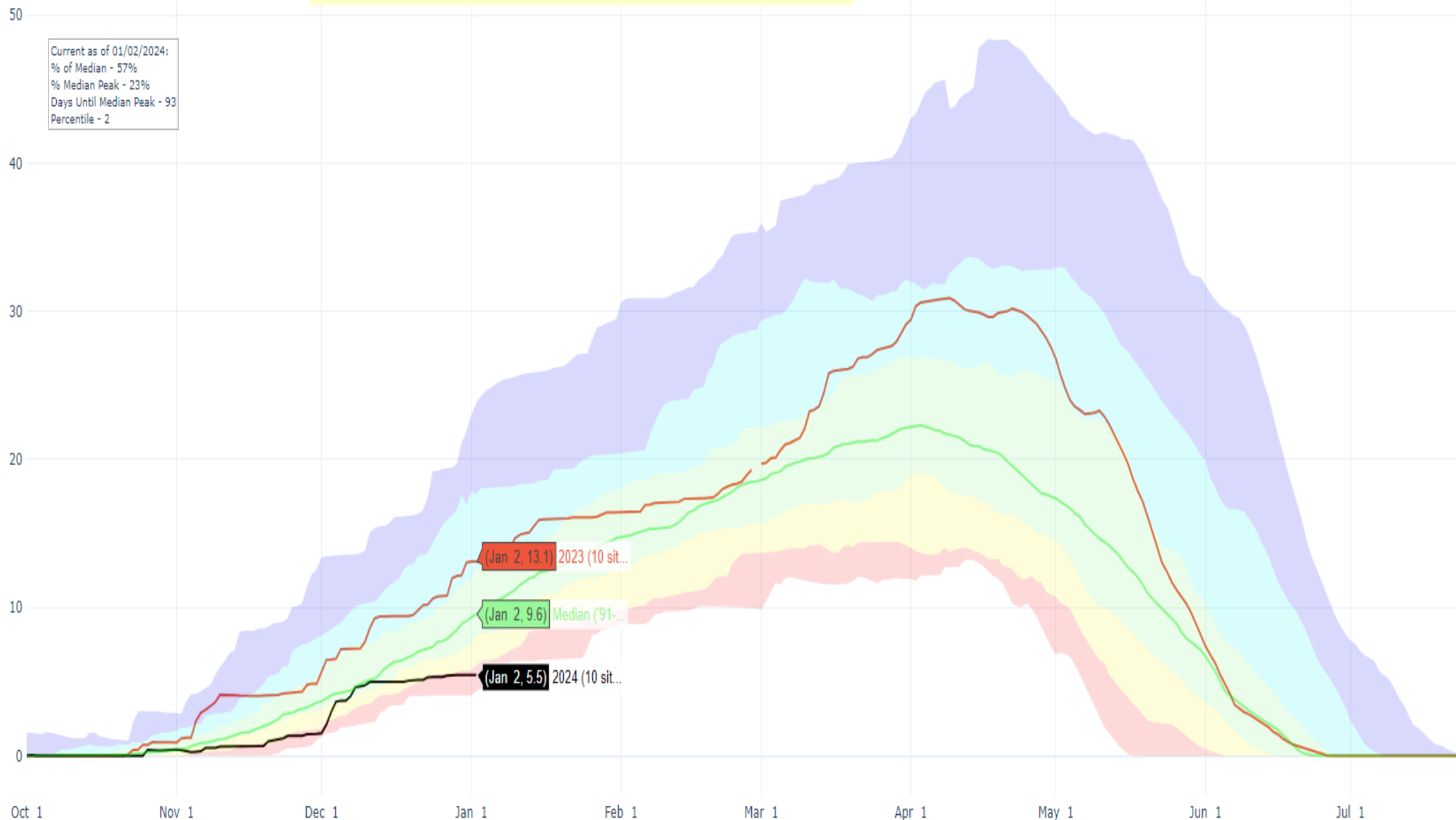
Boise Basins snow 57% of Median

[Link to data: CSV / JSON](#)

[Station List](#)

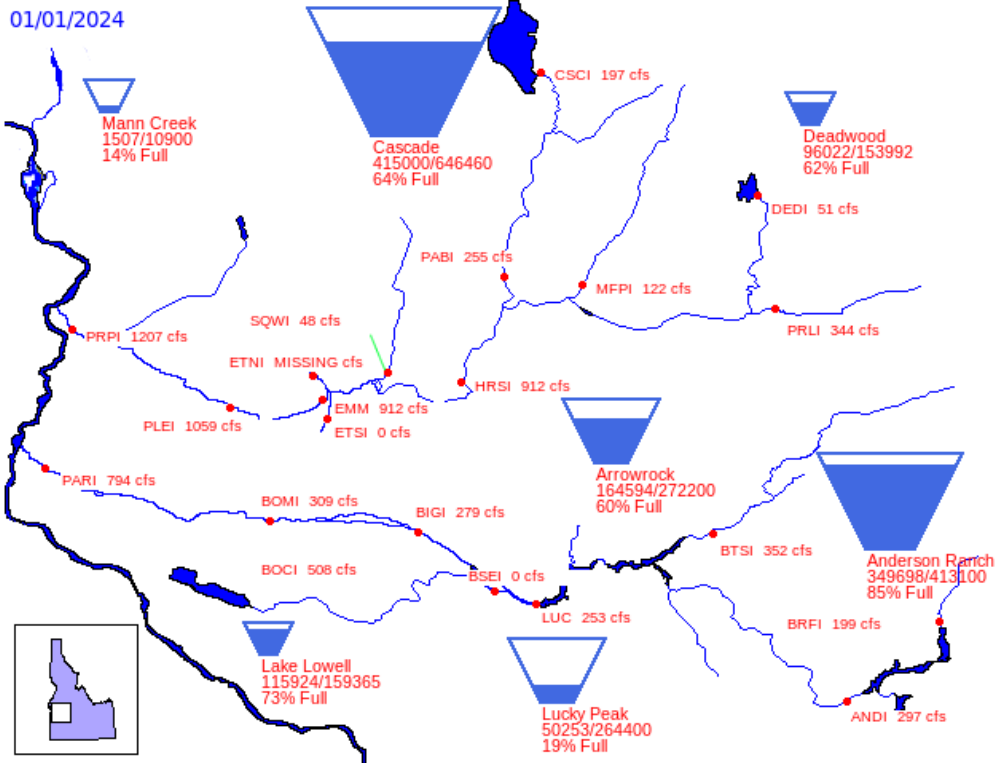
Current as of 01/02/2024:
% of Median - 57%
% Median Peak - 23%
Days Until Median Peak - 93
Percentile - 2

Snow Water Equivalent (in.)

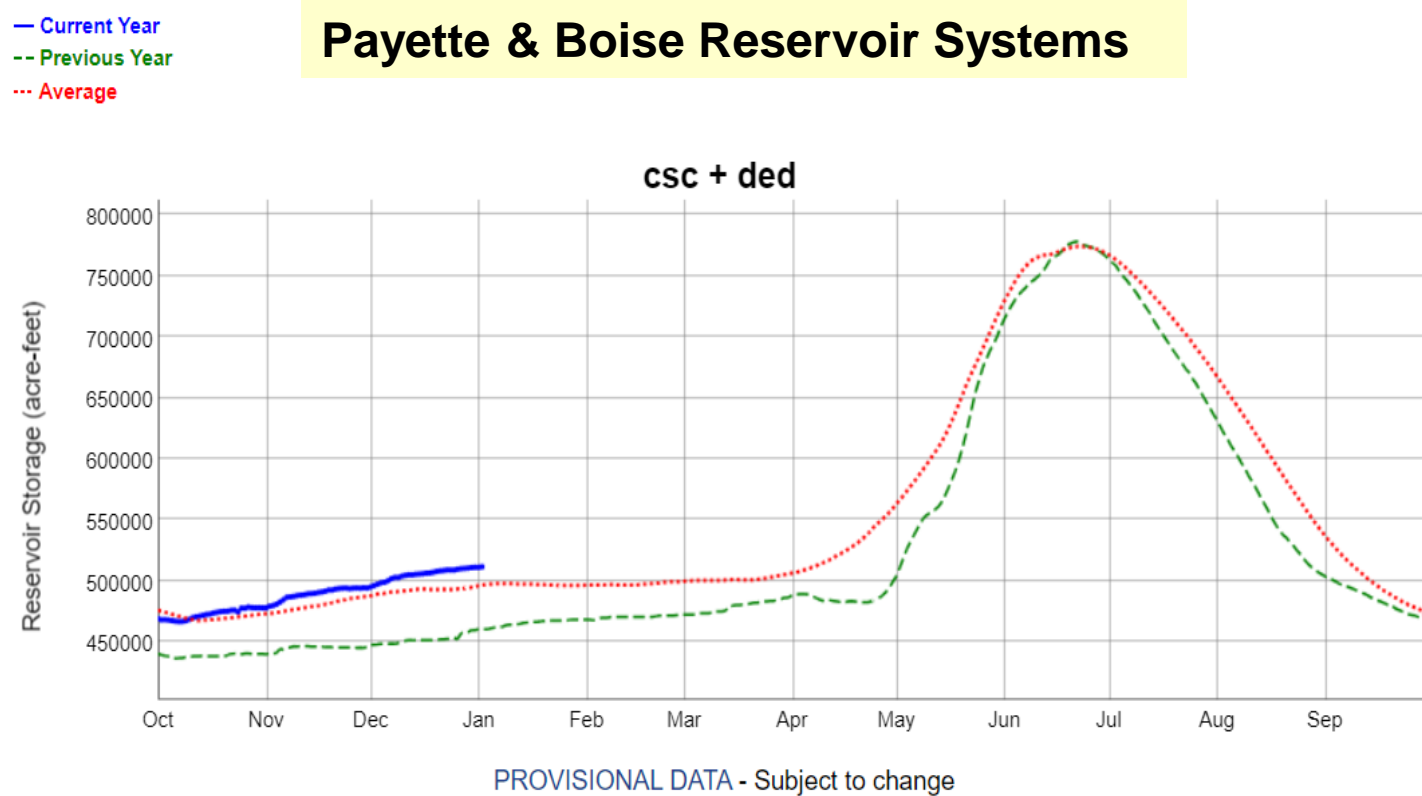


- * Median Peak SWE
- Max
- Median (POR)
- Median ('91-'20)
- Min
- Stats. Shading
- 2024 (10 sites)
- 2023 (10 sites)
- 2022 (10 sites)
- 2021 (10 sites)
- 2020 (10 sites)
- 2019 (10 sites)
- 2018 (10 sites)
- 2017 (10 sites)
- 2016 (10 sites)
- 2015 (10 sites)
- 2014 (10 sites)
- 2013 (10 sites)
- 2012 (10 sites)
- 2011 (10 sites)
- 2010 (10 sites)
- 2009 (10 sites)
- 2008 (10 sites)
- 2007 (10 sites)
- 2006 (10 sites)
- 2005 (10 sites)
- 2004 (10 sites)
- 2003 (10 sites)
- 2002 (10 sites)
- 2001 (10 sites)
- 2000 (10 sites)
- 1000 (0 sites)

01/01/2024



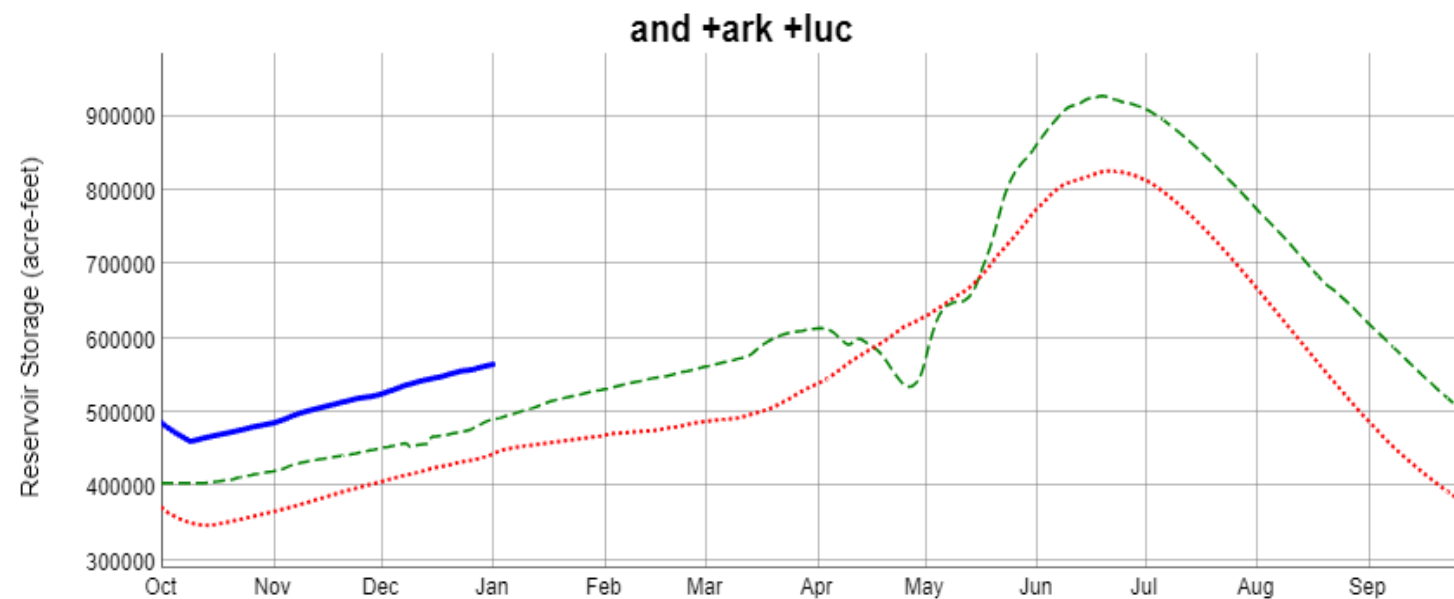
Payette & Boise Reservoir Systems



Jan 1, 2024

Payette System 64% Capacity

Boise System 59% Capacity



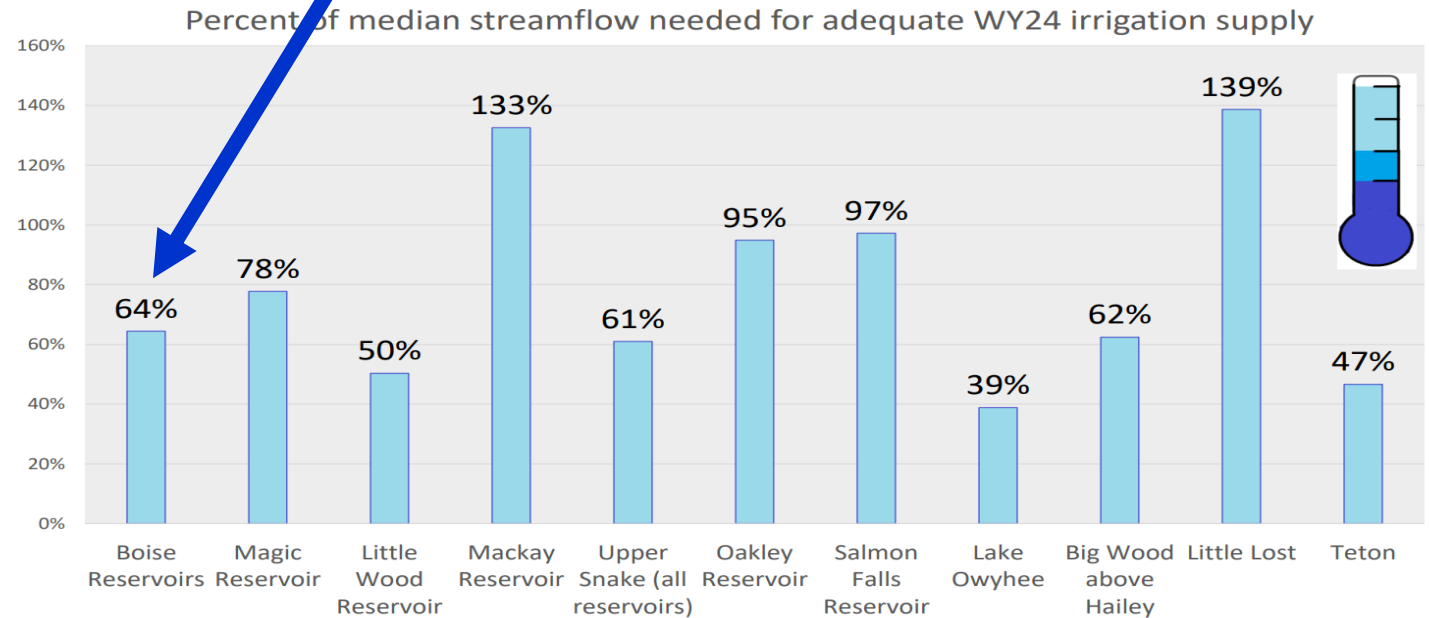
LUC1 ◆ BOISE - LUCKY PEAK DAM

Based on 75 years of historical record (1949-2023):

- The median (50%) forecast is ranked 54th wettest and 23rd driest
- The forecast is placed in the 30th percentile of the record (exceedance probability is 70%)

APR-SEP WY2024 Ensemble Traces: **2024-01-03** Issued: **2024-01-03** (Volumes in KAF)

Exceedance	<i>Natural Forecast (ESP10)</i>		<i>Experimental (HEFS)</i>		<i>Reference (ESP0)</i>	
50%	1049 KAF	79% AVG	1112	84%	1044	79%
90%	563 KAF	42% AVG	579	44%	518	39%
10%	1553 KAF	117% AVG	1734	131%	1649	124%
Observed Natural Runoff						
October thru 2024-01-03			164.97 KAF		92% AVG	



From Mike Meyers Jan 5
Avg Boise R runoff is 1566 KAF
Forecast is around 1150 KAF 73% of Avg

Jan 1 NWS forecast is 79% of AVG
Exceedance Range of 42 - 117% of AVG.

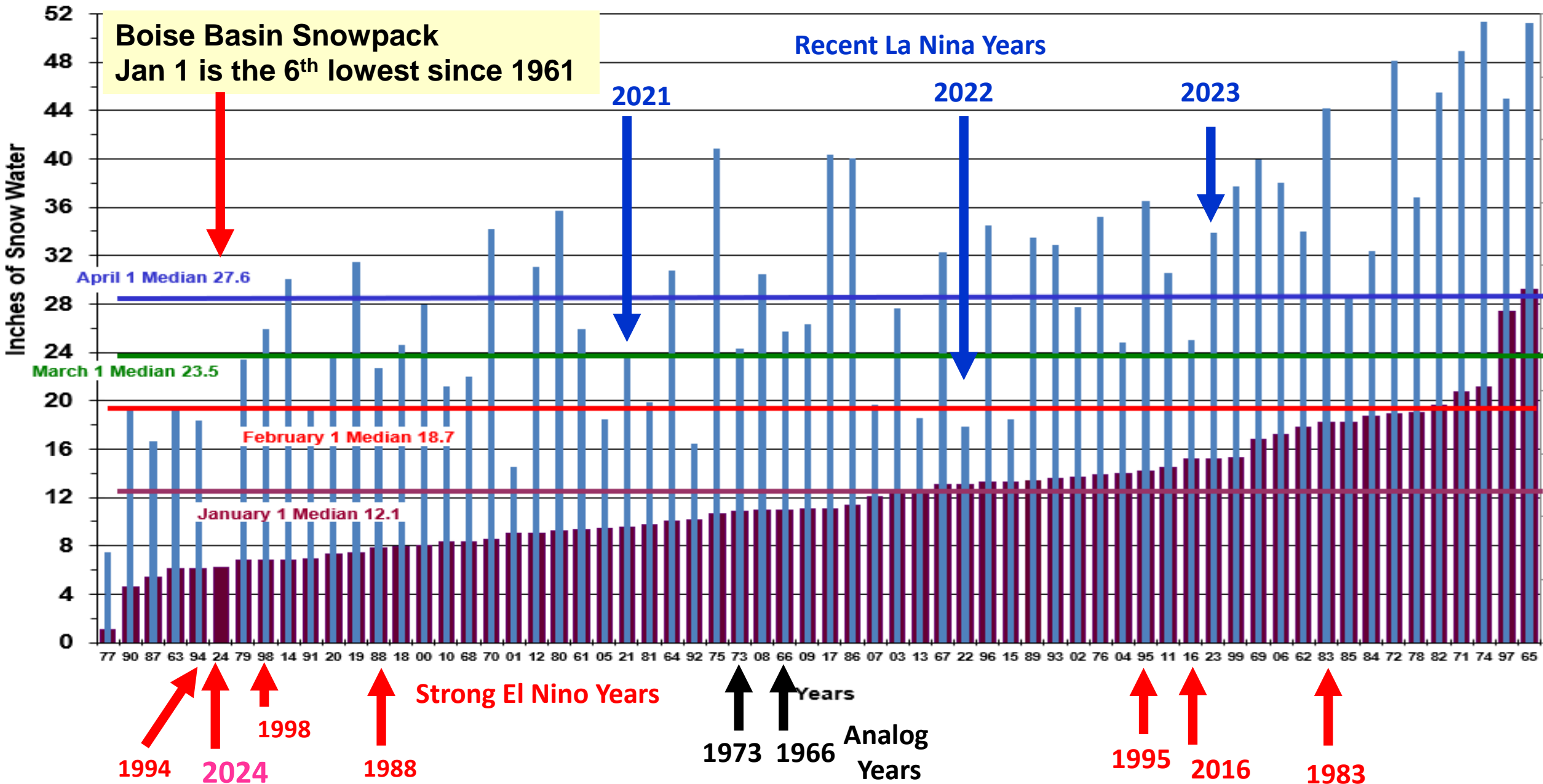
From NRCS:
Amount needed for adequate irrigation
supply is 64% of MEDIAN.

Current forecasts are around 75% and going
to increase with current weather...

Can the snowpack recover ??

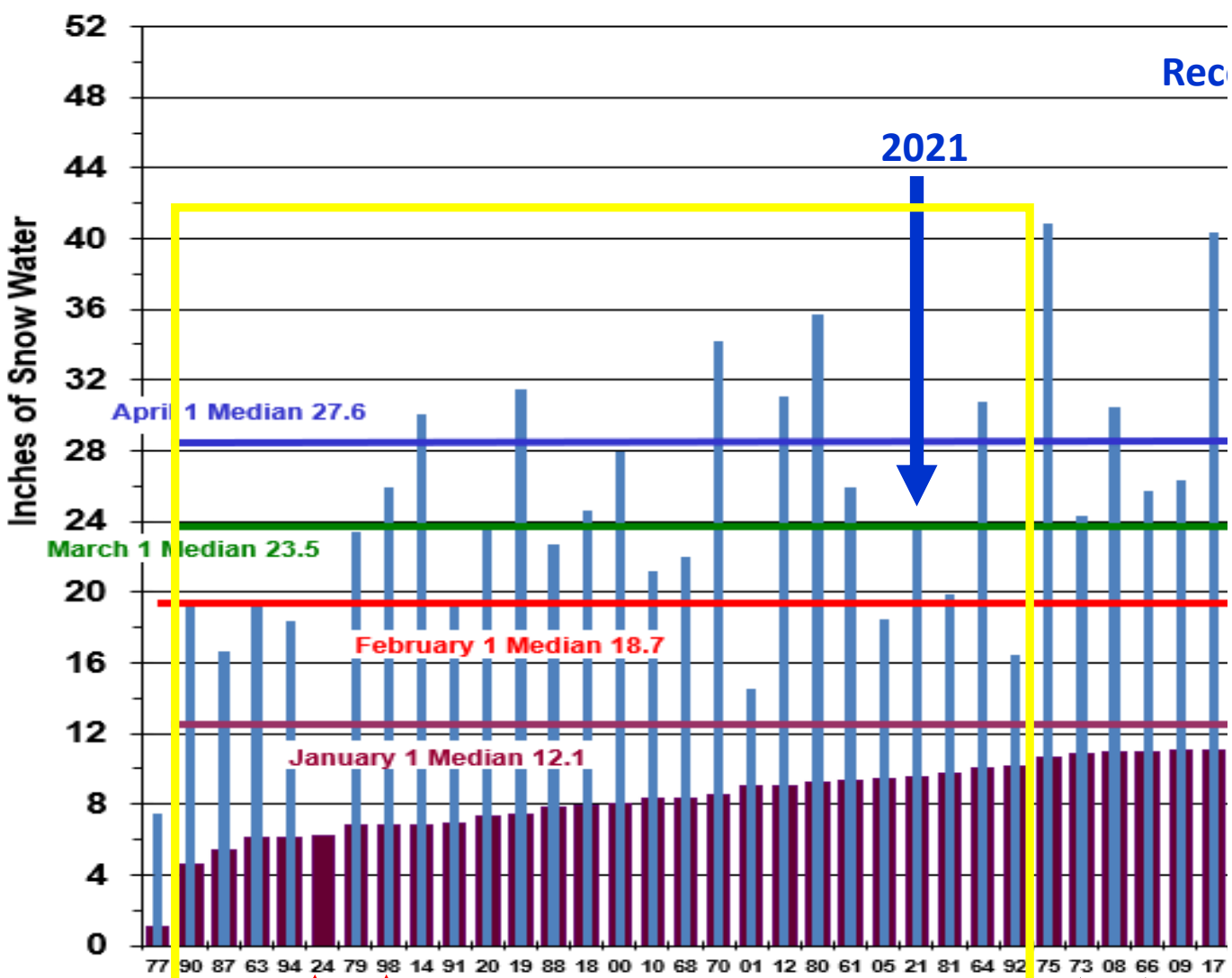
January Boise Basin 7 Station Snow Index for Years 1961 - 2024
Atlanta, Dollarhide, Graham, Jackson, Mores Creek, Trinity Mountain, Vienna Mine

■ January 1 Snow Water
■ April 1 Snow Water



January Boise Basin 7 Station Snow Index for Years 1961 - 2024
Atlanta, Dollarhide, Graham, Jackson, Mores Creek, Trinity Mountain, Vienna Mine

January 1 Snow Water
April 1 Snow Water



Out of 25 years that had a similar Jan 1 snowpack:

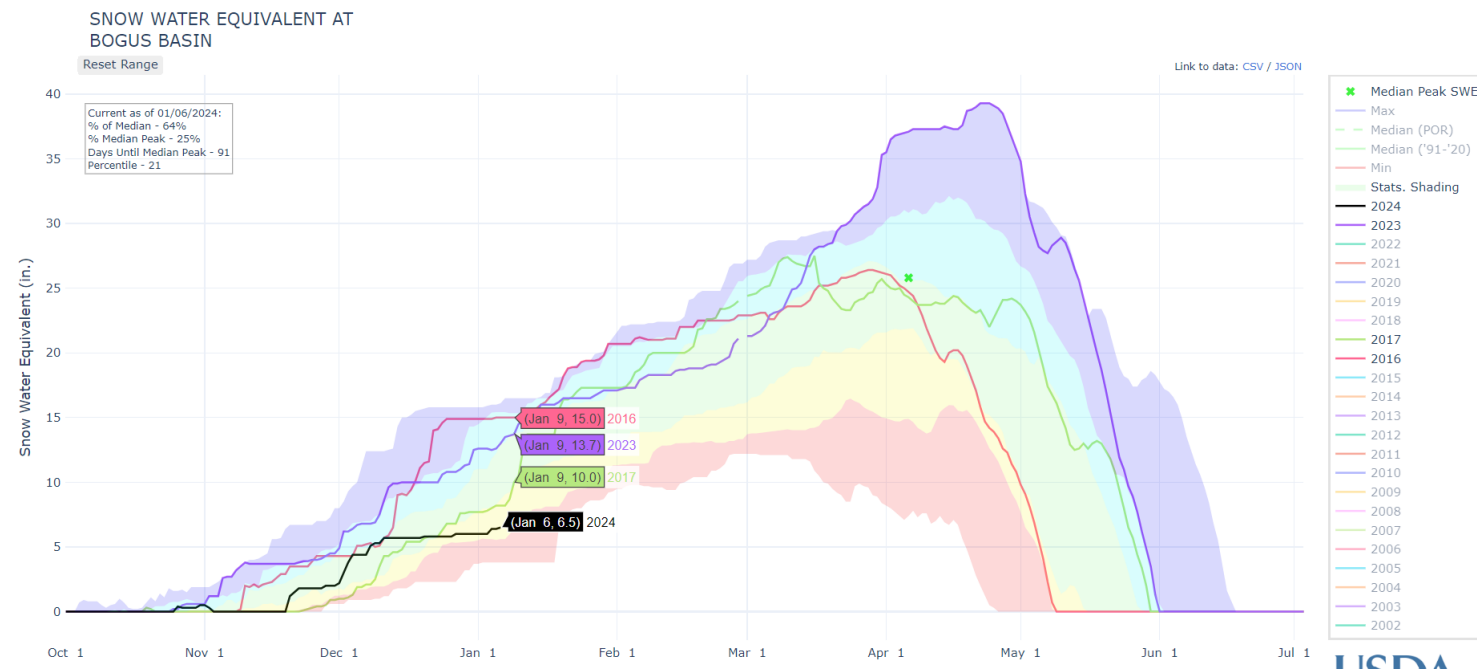
7 years increased to near or above APR 1 normal levels from Jan 1 to Apr 1 → 28% chance

14 years increased to near or above MAR 1 normal levels from Jan 1 to Mar 1 → 56% chance

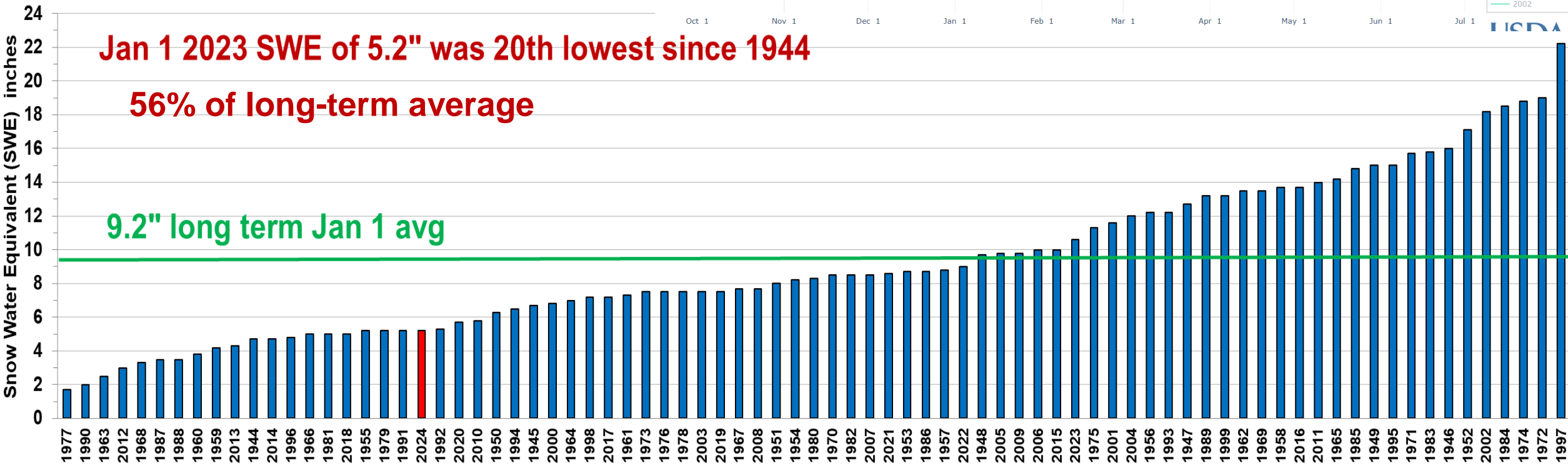
1994 2024 1998 1988 Strong El Nino Years

1973 1966 Analog Years

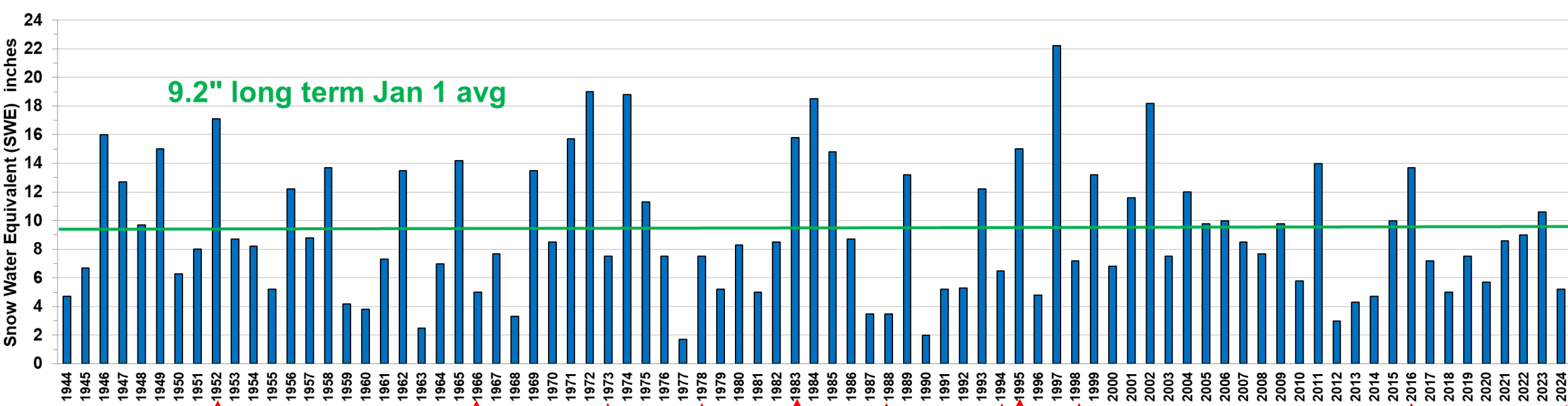
1995 2016 1983



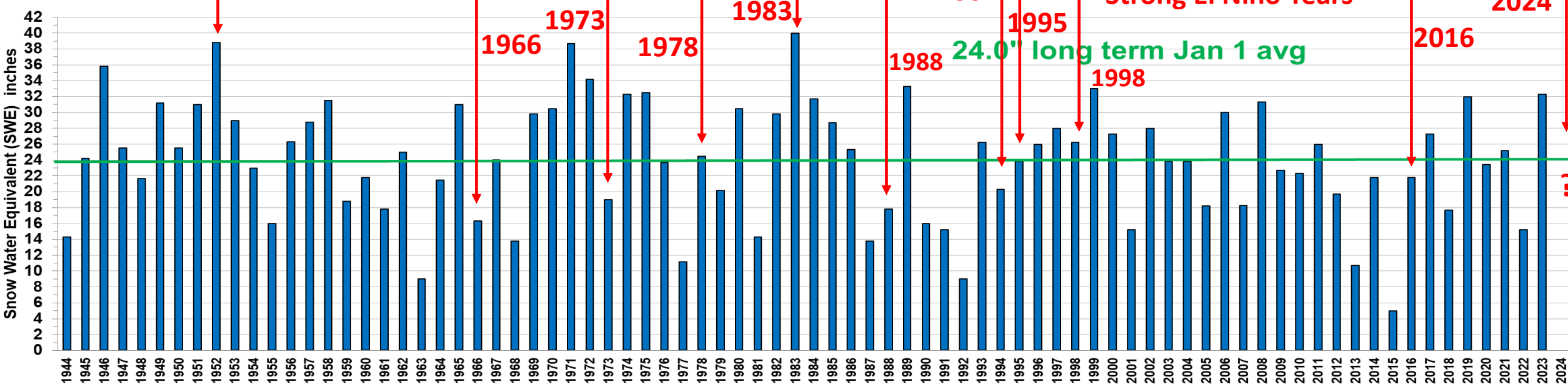
Bogus Basin January 1 Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) 1944 to 2024



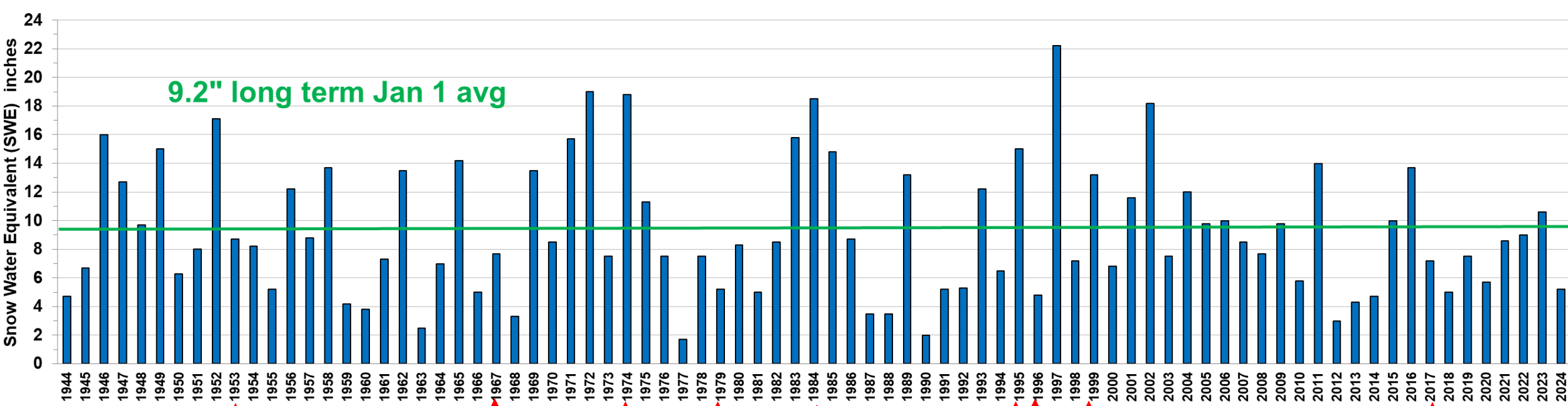
Bogus Basin January 1 Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) 1944 to 2024



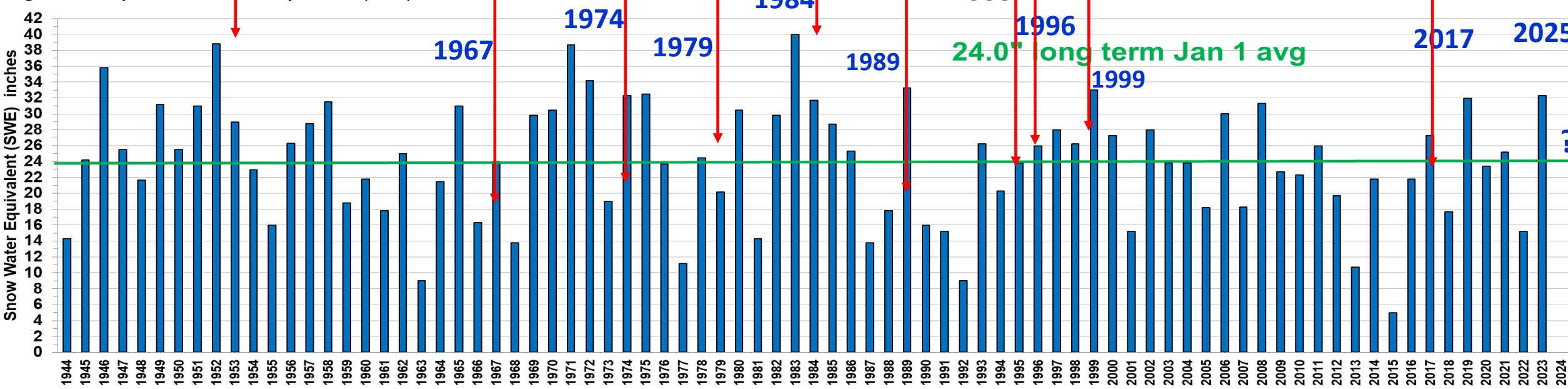
Bogus Basin April 1 Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) 1944 to 2024



Bogus Basin January 1 Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) 1944 to 2024



Bogus Basin April 1 Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) 1944 to 2024



Magic Reservoir
Jan 1 NWS forecast is 77% of AVG
Exceedance Range of 40 - 123% of AVG

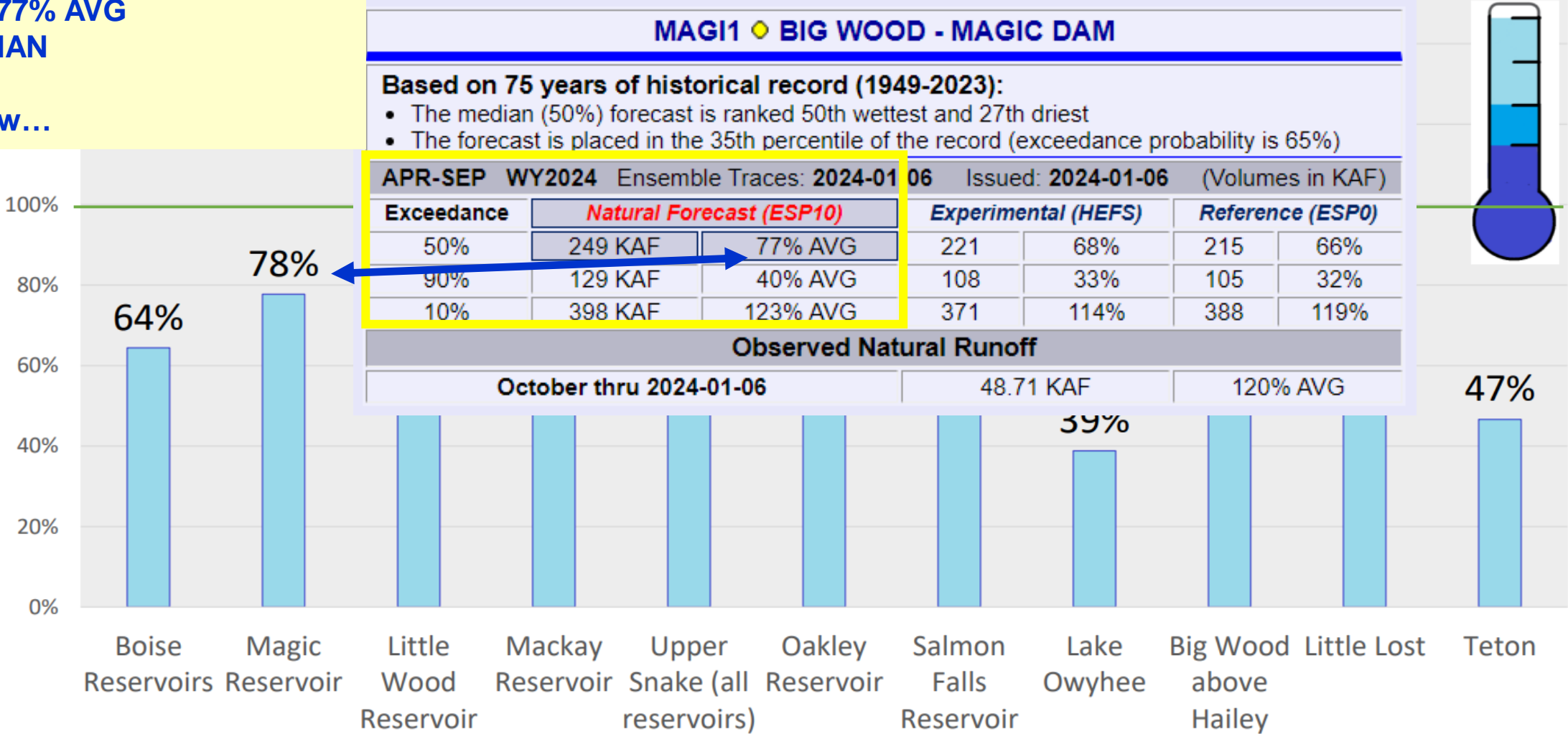
NRCS amount needed for adequate
irrigation supply is 78% of MEDIAN.

Forecast is for 77% AVG
Need 78% MEDIAN

Need more snow...

Presented by NRCS at the IDWR Fall Water
Supply Outlook Meeting Nov 2023
Keep in mind values are in % of MEDIAN

median streamflow needed for adequate WY24 irrigation supply



SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT IN SNAKE RIVER ABOVE HEISE

Snake River Above Heise Snowpack
61% of Median Based on 22 to 13 sites

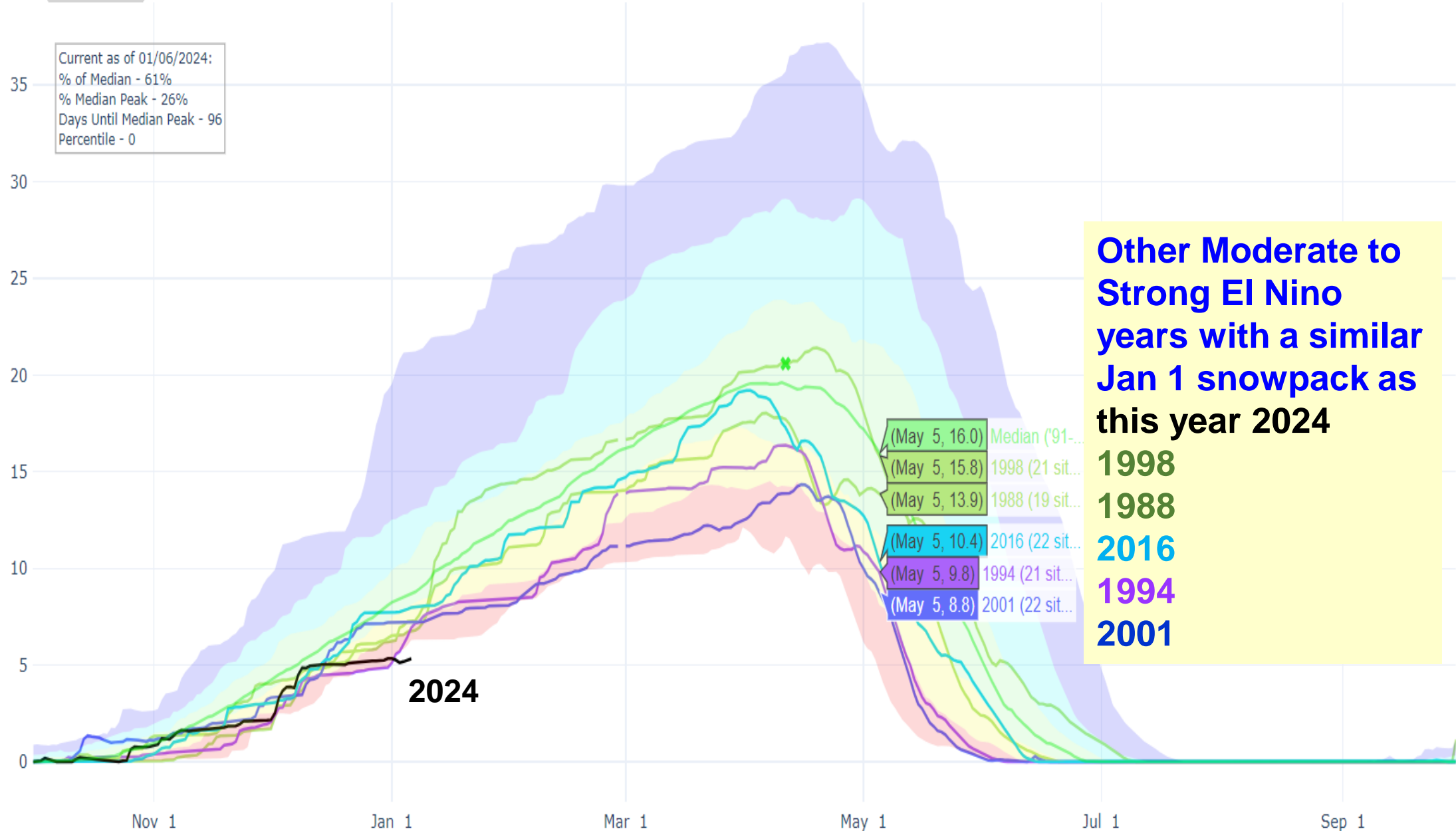
Reset Range

[Link to data: CSV / JSON](#)

[Station List](#)

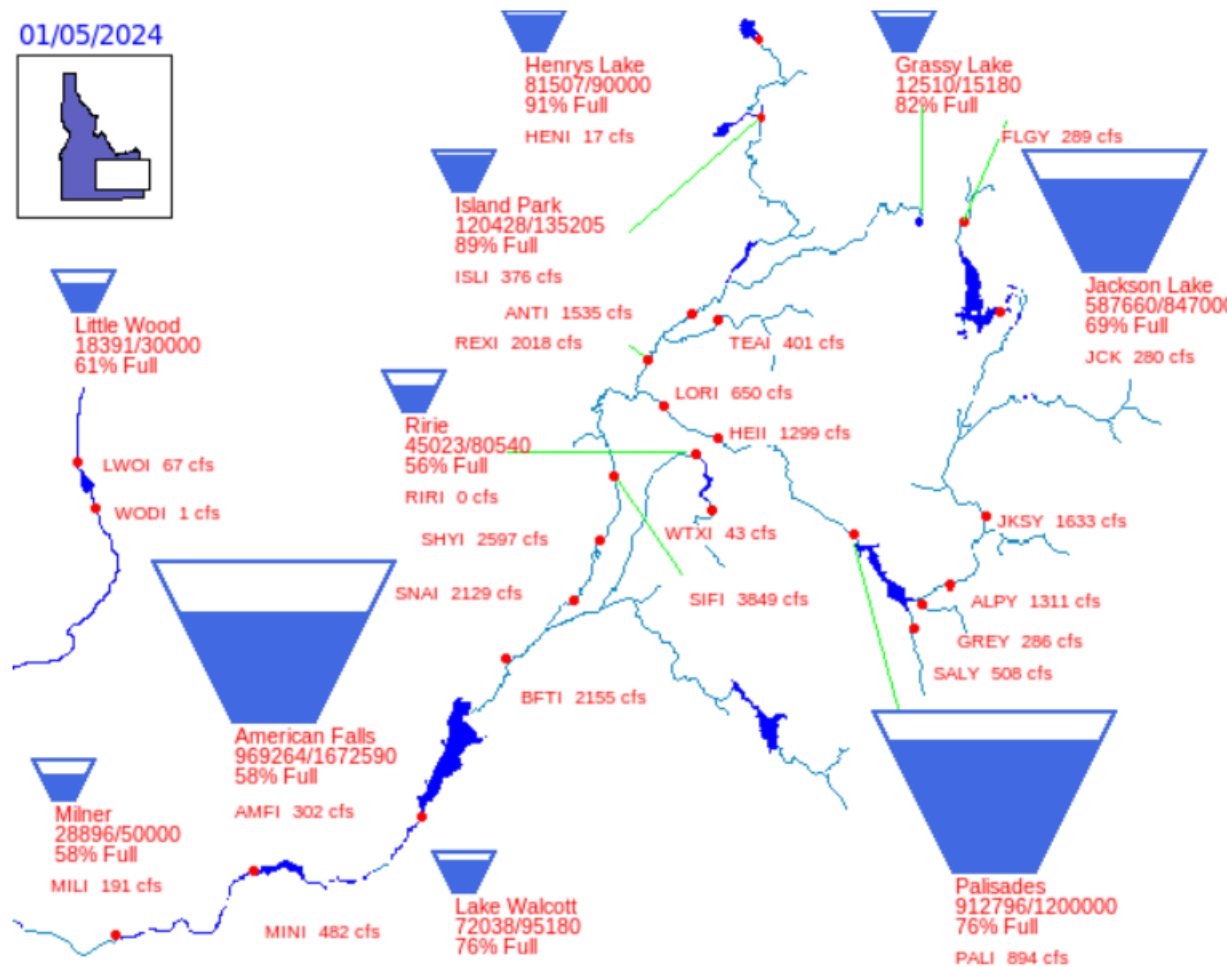
Current as of 01/06/2024:
% of Median - 61%
% Median Peak - 26%
Days Until Median Peak - 96
Percentile - 0

Snow Water Equivalent (in.)



- 2024 (22 sites)
- 2023 (22 sites)
- 2022 (22 sites)
- 2021 (22 sites)
- 2020 (22 sites)
- 2019 (22 sites)
- 2018 (22 sites)
- 2017 (22 sites)
- 2016 (22 sites)
- 2015 (21 sites)
- 2014 (21 sites)
- 2013 (22 sites)
- 2012 (22 sites)
- 2011 (22 sites)
- 2010 (22 sites)
- 2009 (22 sites)
- 2008 (22 sites)
- 2007 (22 sites)
- 2006 (22 sites)
- 2005 (22 sites)
- 2004 (22 sites)
- 2003 (22 sites)
- 2002 (22 sites)
- 2001 (22 sites)
- 2000 (22 sites)
- 1999 (22 sites)
- 1998 (21 sites)

01/05/2024



PROVISIONAL DATA - Subject to change

Jan 5, 2024
Upper Snake River Reservoir
System is at 67% Capacity

HEI1 SNAKE - NEAR HEISE

Based on 75 years of historical record (1949-2023):

- The median (50%) forecast is ranked 52nd wettest and 25th driest
- The forecast is placed in the 32nd percentile of the record (exceedance probability is 68%)

APR-SEP WY2024 Ensemble Traces: 2024-01-06 Issued: 2024-01-06 (Volumes in KAF)

Exceedance	Natural Forecast (ESP10)	Experimental (HEFS)	Reference (ESP0)
50%	3237 KAF	84% AVG	3112
90%	2379 KAF	62% AVG	2133
10%	4356 KAF	113% AVG	4370

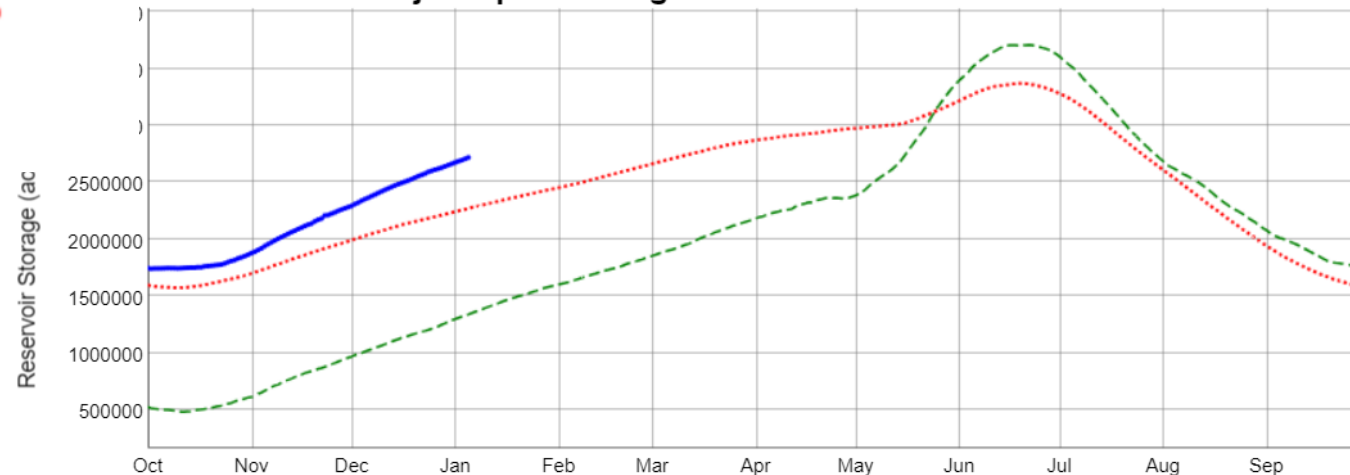
Observed Natural Runoff

October thru 2024-01-06	618.68 KAF	100% AVG
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Jan 6 NWS forecast is 84% of AVG with
 Exceedance Range of 62 - 123%

ir
ear

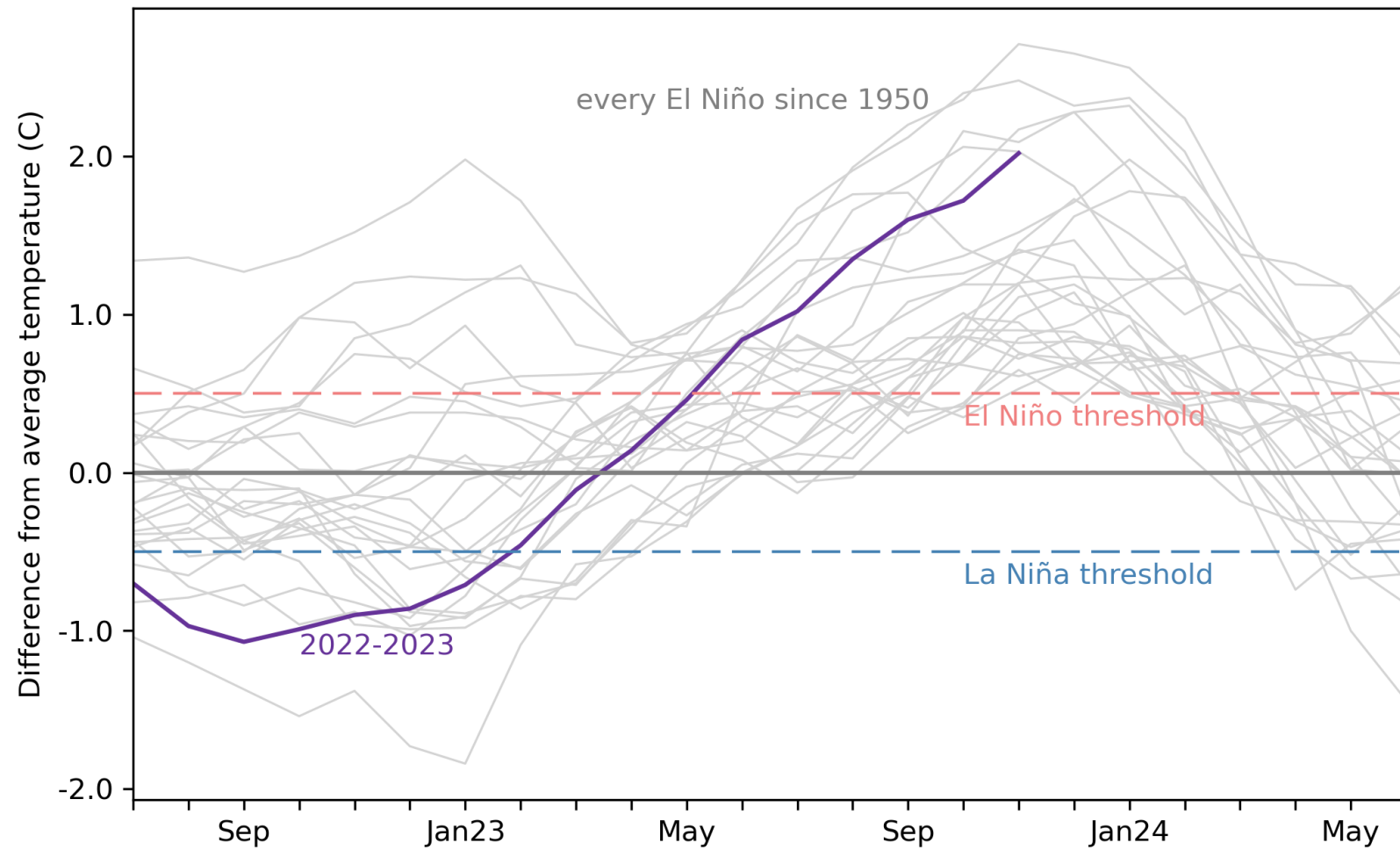
jck + pal + rir + grs + isl + amf + min



Looking for that Strong El Nino...



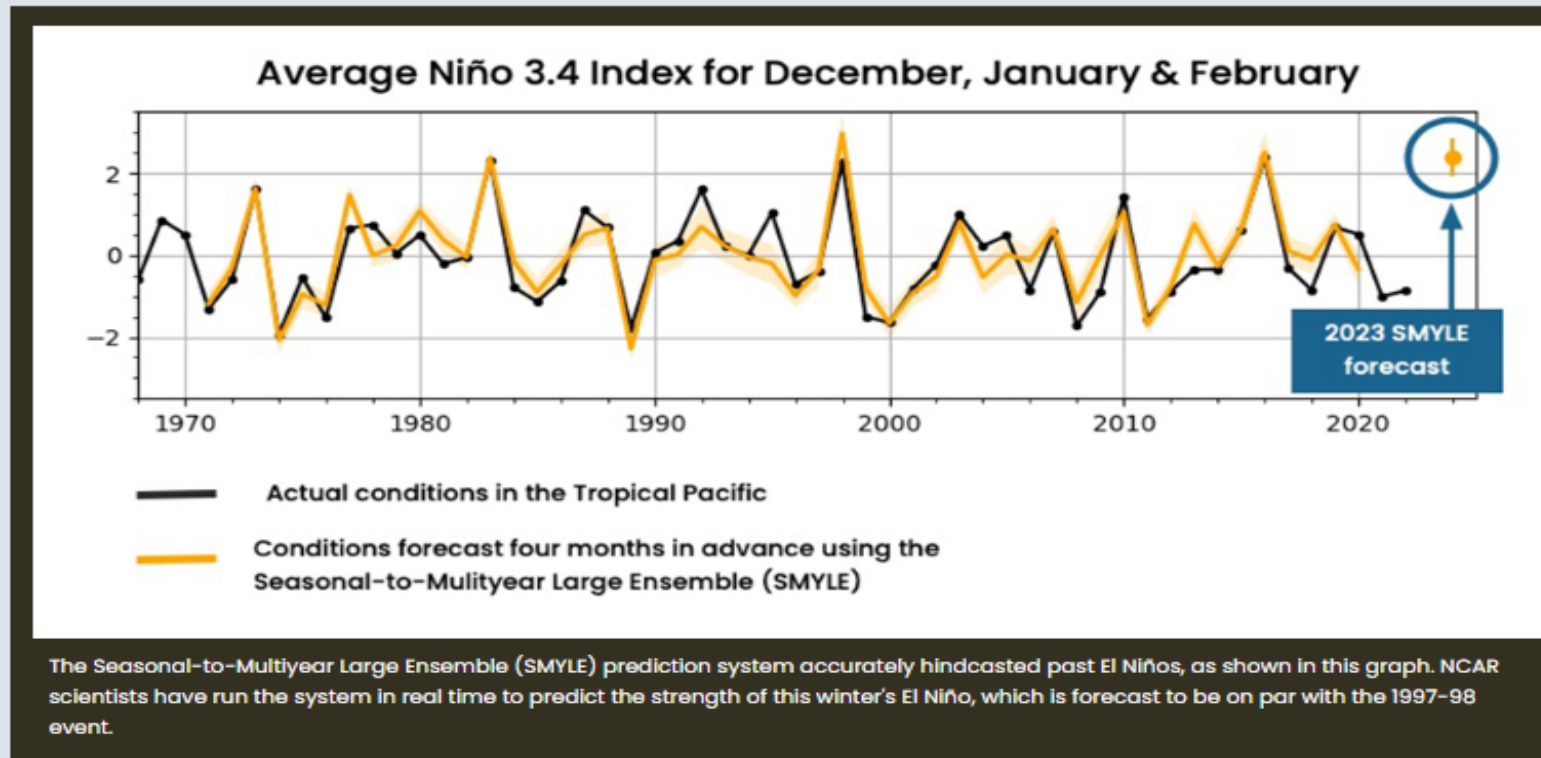
Monthly sea surface temperature Niño3.4 Index values



NCAR EXPERIMENTAL PREDICTION SYSTEM CALLS FOR A SUPER EL NIÑO THIS WINTER

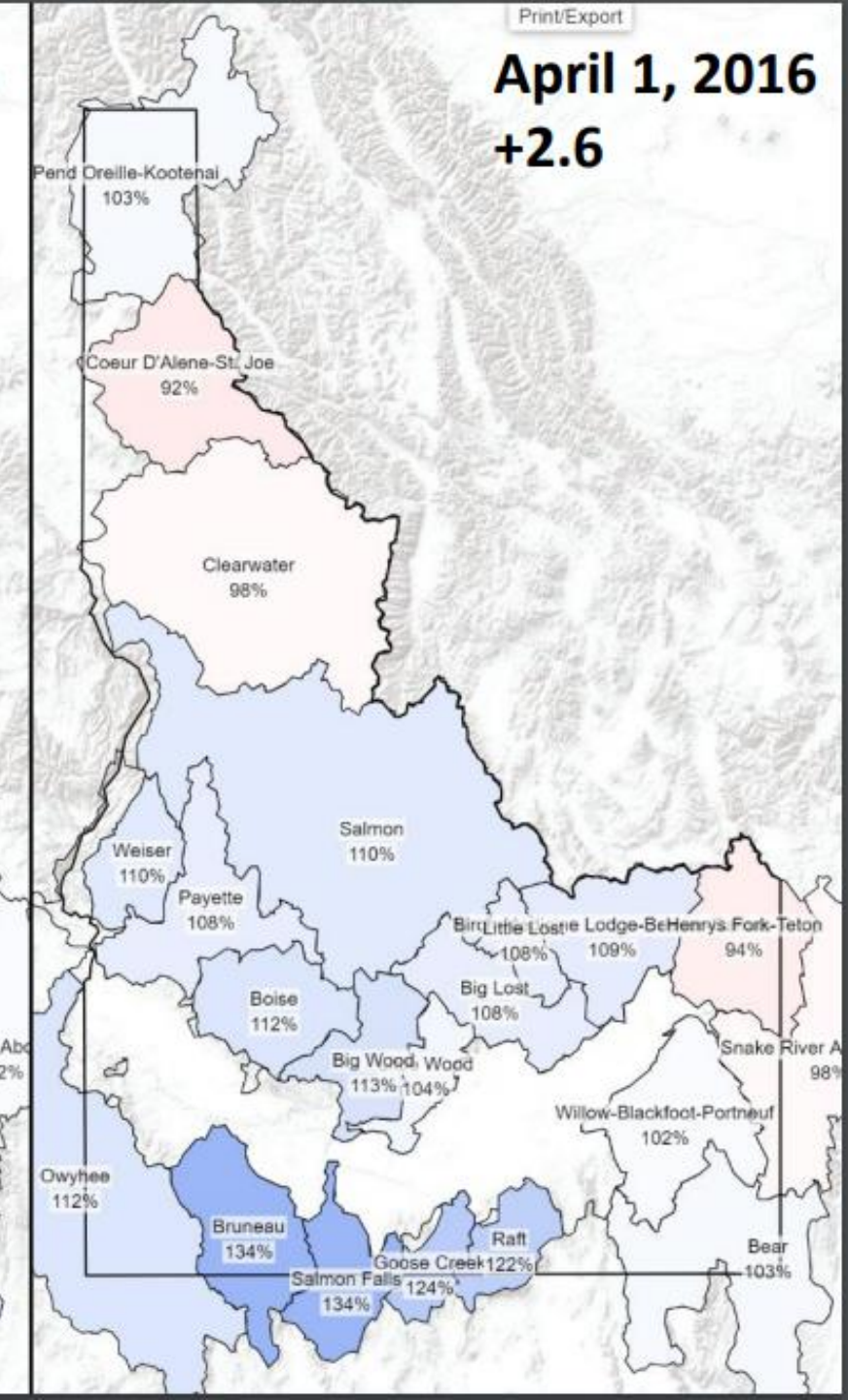
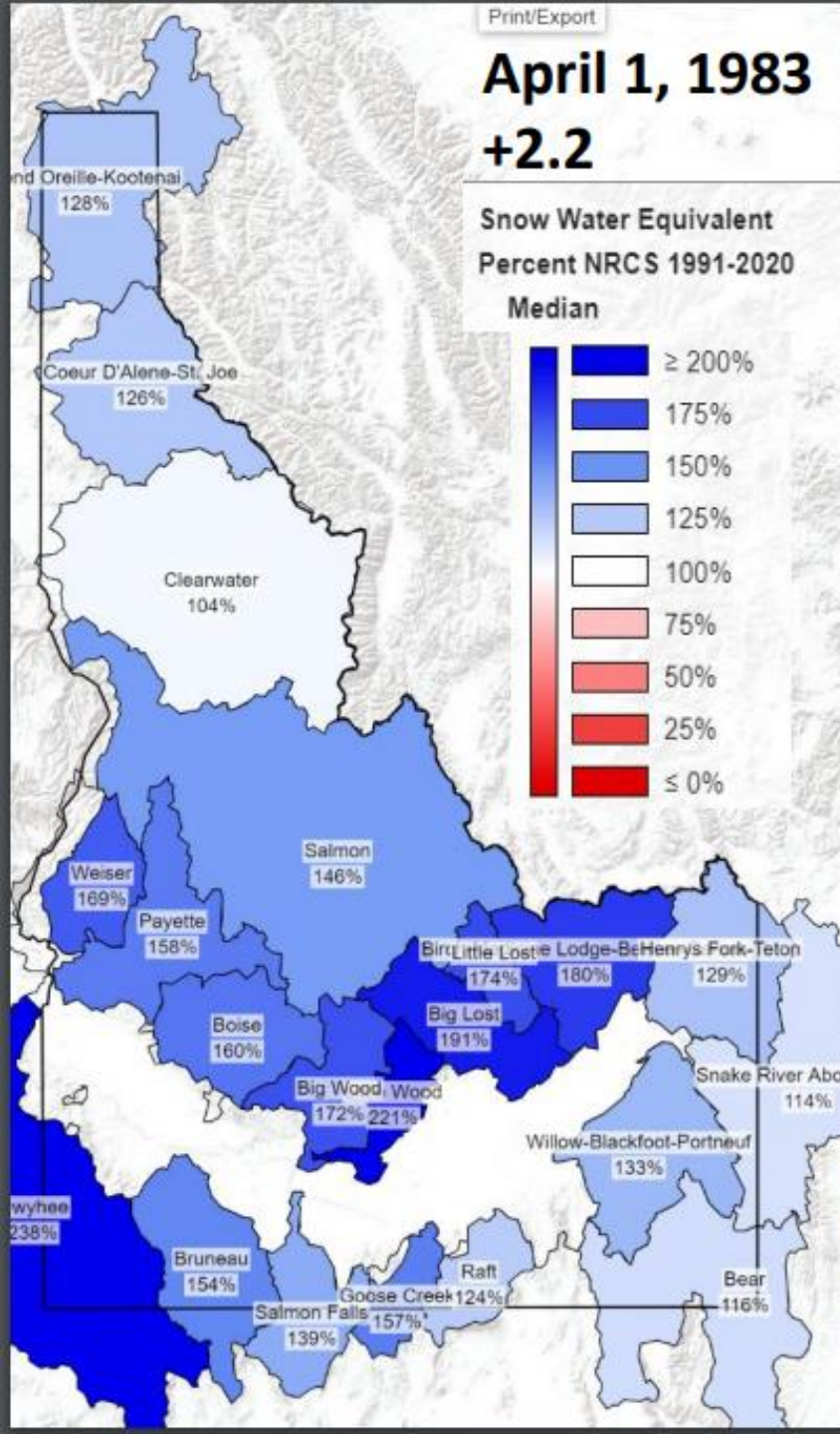
New system forecasts an event similar to the 1997-98 El Niño

SEP 26, 2023 – BY LAURA SNIDER



Current El Niño conditions are likely to develop into one of the strongest events on record — comparable to the major El Niño of 1997-98 — according to an experimental prediction system developed for research purposes by the National Science Foundation's National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR).

"Our forecast system has shown that it can do a remarkably good job of accurately hindcasting past El Niño events when we've tested it using historical data, which gives us high confidence in this forecast," said NCAR scientist Stephen Yeager, who helped lead the modeling effort.



**Analysis of
Streamflow
in Strong
El Nino
Years (SE)
like 2016**

Year	ENSO	PDO	Streamflow as % of 1981-2010 Average				
			Feb-Sep	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep
			Owyhee River blw Dam	Salmon Falls Creek	Big Wood River blw Magic Dam	SNAKE River nr Heise	Spokane River nr Post Falls
1994	SE	pos	23	36	12	61	51
1988	SE	pos	30	65	24	70	71
1941	SE	pos	83	53	69	73	45
1966	SE	neg	28	39	51	78	90
1973	SE	pos / neg	61	114	51	79	45
1942	SE	pos	122	173	117	86	77
1947	SE	pos / neg	44	50	59	108	90
1952	SE	neg	246	178	263	116	123
1995	SE	pos	124	135	195	118	70
1998	SE	pos	135	138	161	119	82
1983	SE	pos	221	157	282	132	91
1978	SE	pos	110	112	140	133	99
2016	SE	pos	82	122	70	80	66
sorted							
				<60			
				60-90			
				90-110			
				~111-130			
				>130			

Analysis of Streamflow for a year like 2017 that follows a Strong El Nino Year like 2016

					sorted				
					Streamflow as % of 1981-2010 Average				
	ENSO		ENSO	Feb-Sep	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep
Year	SE Strong El Nino	Year Following a Strong El Nino		Owyhee River blw Dam	Salmon Falls Creek	Boise River nr Boise	Big Wood River blw Magic Dam	Ssnake River nr Heise	Spokane River nr Post Falls
1978	SE	1979	N	97	116	63	34	90	105
1941	SE	1942	SE	122	173	91	117	86	77
1988	SE	1989	SL	145	100	97	75	102	116
1966	SE	1967	N	69	88	105	151	109	113
1947	SE	1948	LN	58	86	105	66	97	176
1952	SE	1953	N	56	76	124	92	92	108
1998	SE	1999	SL	100	108	135	158	131	129
1994	SE	1995	SE	124	135	138	195	118	70
1995	SE	1996	N	124	115	152	132	148	116
1983	SE	1984	N	363	369	158	206	133	112
1973	SE	1974	SL	120	111	181	184	147	193
1942	SE	1943	N	137	150	209	259	144	150
2016	SE	2017	LN	155	161	180	266	163	112
12 years									
					Color coded streamflow as % of average				
						<60			
						60-90			
						90-110			
						~111-130			
						>130			

1998/1999 Mt Baker set word snowfall with 95 feet of snowfall

Remember winter of 2016 / 2017

45 Atmospheric Rivers made landfall on West Coast

The atmospheric river activity was unprecedented in the 70-year record



Take Home Point – Oceans & Atmosphere are very active following Strong El Nino Years and have a lot of energy to get rid of... and that's what happened

Distribution of Landfalling Atmospheric Rivers on the U.S. West Coast (From 1 Oct 2016 to 31 March 2017)

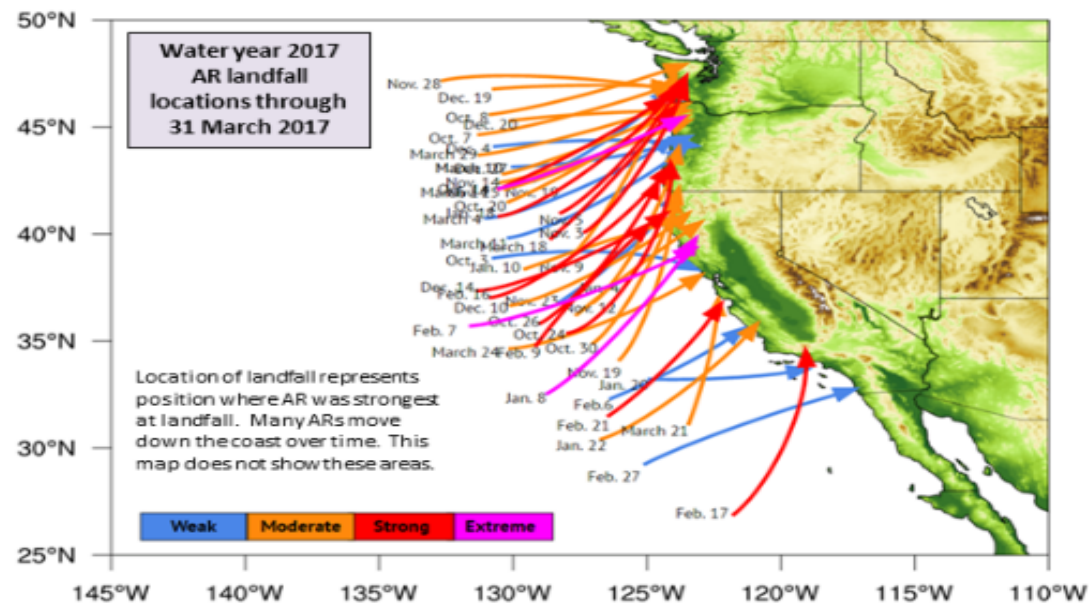
AR Strength	AR Count*
Weak	11
Moderate	20
Strong	12
Extreme	3

Ralph/CW3E AR Strength Scale

Weak	IVT=250–500 $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
Moderate	IVT=500–750 $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
Strong	IVT=750–1000 $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
Extreme	IVT>1000 $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$

*Radiosondes at Bodega Bay, CA indicated the 10–11 Jan AR was strong (noted as moderate based on GFS analysis data) and 7–8 Feb AR was extreme (noted as strong)

- 45 Atmospheric Rivers have made landfall on the West Coast thus far during the 2017 water year (1 Oct. – 31 March 2017)
- This is much greater than normal
- 1/3 of the landfalling ARs have been “strong” or “extreme”



Center for Western Weather
and Water Extremes

SCRIPPS INSTITUTION OF OCEANOGRAPHY
AT UC SAN DIEGO

By F.M. Ralph, B. Kawzenuk, C. Hecht, J. Kalansky

Experimental



**Keep your eye on the sky & watching those forecasts!
Let's hope the 2nd half of Winter starts today!**



The Powder Buoy

9m · 🌐



The last buoypop for the 17th was a few days long, hopefully that parlays into a multi-day storm, there's another pop forming right now and it looks like there's potential for pops for the next week, on the experimental buoypop predicting crystal ball which would keep snow rolling on and off from the 17th to the 25/26 or so. We'll see, either way, better than high pressure!

<https://airflare.com/>

